PUBLISHED FRIDAY MORNING BY BUEHLER & CO., Baltimore st. between Court-house and Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Friday morning, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal reduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year.—Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

The circulation of the STAR AND SENTINEL is one half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style, will be printed at short notice. TERMS CASH.

The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXXI. NO. 11. GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1871. WHOLE NO. 3651.

Professional Cards, &c.

WM. M'CLEAN. H. B. WOODS.

McCLEAN & WOODS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA. Office—On Baltimore Street, same heretofore occupied by the late firm of M. & W. McClean. Nov. 18, 1870.—tf

J. M. KRAUTH, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-house. June 18, 1869—tf

D. McCONAUGHY, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug Store, Chambersburg street. Special attention given to Suits, Collections and Settlement of Estates. All legal business, and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages against U. States, at all times promptly and efficiently attended to. Land warrants located, and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other western States. June 18, 1869—tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Will promptly attend to collections and all other Business trusted to his care. Office between Fahnestocks' and Danner & Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. May 29, 1867—tf

JOHN C ZOUCK, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, Collector of Book Accounts, Promissory Notes, Judgment Notes, Mortgages, &c., and prompt returns made. Also attends to writing Deeds, Mortgages, Judgments, Notes, Agreements, &c. New Oxford, Adams county, Pa. Dec. 9, 1870.—3m*

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care. Office at his residence in the three-story building opposite the Court-house. May 29, 1867—tf

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square. May 29, 1867—tf

DR. H. S. HUBER. South-east corner of Chambersburg and Washington streets, opposite COL. TATE'S EAGLE HOTEL. June 11, 1869—tf

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL Has his office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office. May 29, 1867—tf

JOHN L. HILL, M. D., DENTIST. Office on Chambersburg street, nearly opposite the EAGLE HOTEL, Gettysburg, Pa. Having been in constant practice over 20 years patients can be assured of good work. July 9, 1867—tf

DR. J. E. BERKSTRESSER, DENTIST. Having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. Office in the old "*Sentinel*" office, S. E. corner, Centre Square, where he will be prepared to attend to any case within the province of the Dentist. Persons in want of full or partial sets of teeth are invited to call. Terms reasonable. July 30, 1869—tf

Hotels and Restaurants.

EAGLE HOTEL.

The largest and most commodious in GETTYSBURG, PA., Corner of Chambersburg and Washington Sts. JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.

An Omnibus for Passengers and Baggage run to the Depot, on arrival and departure of Railroad Trains. Careful servants, and reasonable charges. [May 29, 1867.—tf

KEYSTONE HOTEL,

GETTYSBURG, PA. WM. E. MYERS, Proprietor. NOW OPEN.

THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerks, we shall use every endeavor to please.—This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and we kindly solicit a share of public patronage. [May 23, 1867—tf

UNION HOTEL,

[FORMERLY THE WHITE HALL,] YORK SPRINGS, PENN'A.

THE undersigned has leased this long established and popular Hotel, in Petersburg, (York Springs Borough.) The Hotel is pleasantly located in the most business part of the town. His table will be supplied with the best that the market can afford and the Bar with the choicest Liquors. There is also excellent Stabling, with attentive hostlers. This Hotel is the office of the Gettysburg and Mechanicsburg Stage Line, also the York Springs and New Oxford line. The former arrives here at 1 P. M. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, from Mechanicsburg for Gettysburg; returning at 10 A. M., on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. The York Springs line leaves the Hotel daily at 6 A. M., for New Oxford, returning at 4 P. M. He feels satisfied that his long experience in business will enable him to let none go away dissatisfied, who may patronize him. Charges moderate. Boarders taken by the week on reasonable terms.

E. P. KITTINGER, *Proprietor.* York Springs, Nov. 4, 1870.—tf

Carpenters and Contractors.

Wm. C. Stallsmith & Son,

GETTYSBURG, PA., Carpenters and Contractors.

DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, CORNICE, DOOR AND WINDOW BRACKETS, &C., Constantly on hand, and manufactured to order out of the BEST MATERIALS, by experienced workmen, and at REASONABLE PRICES. Orders promptly attended to. January 15, 1869—tf

GEO. C. CASHMAN,

GETTYSBURG, PA., Carpenter and Contractor,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has removed to his New Shop, on Stratton street between York and Railroad streets, and is prepared to take contracts for putting up and repairing buildings, at as reasonable rates as any builder in Gettysburg—all work guaranteed to be of best quality. He hopes by strict attention to business to merit public patronage. Give him a call. April 9, 1869—tf

Business Cards.

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!

ROBERT D. ARMOR, Gas Fitter, Plumber and Bell Hanger,

Can be found at his residence on corner of East Middle and Stratton streets, GETTYSBURG, PA., Will promptly attend to all orders in his line.—Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights, &c.; also, WATER PIPE, Stops, Top and Frost Spigots, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures. Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of all kinds repaired. [April 29, 1870—tf

GETTYSBURG BAKERY.

THE firm of Newport & Ziegler having been dissolved, the undersigned will continue the Baking business, in all its branches, at the old stand, Corner of South Washington and West Middle streets, Gettysburg, Pa. All kinds of CRACKERS, CAKES, BREAD, ROLLS, PRETZELS, &c., constantly baked and always to be had fresh. With many years experience and every disposition to please, he feels that he can promise satisfaction in all cases. Orders solicited, and promptly attended to. With many thanks for the patronage bestowed on the old firm, its continuance is asked. April 9, 1869—tf BALTZER NEWPORT.

PRIME OYSTERS

JOHN GRUEL, Chambersburg st., Gettysburg, Pa., next door to Eagle Hotel, Has always on hand the very BEST OYSTERS, which can be commanded in the market, which will be served up in any style desired. He has special accommodations for LADIES AND GENTLEMEN. Give him a call. Also, always on hand a large assortment of Confections, Cakes, Fruits, Almonds, Raisins, Figs, Toys, &c. Nov. 4, 1870.—tf

NEW BUSINESS.

Upholstering & Trimming. WILLIAM E. CULP

HAS opened an establishment opposite Weaver's Livery Stables, on Washington street, for covering SOFAS, CHAIRS, MATTRESSES, AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES. He also continues his old business of Trimming Buggies, Carriages, &c., and solicits from the public their patronage. Charges moderate. Dec. 11—tf

BLACKSMITHING.

B. G. HOLLEBAUGH

HAS opened a Blacksmith Shop on Washington street, next door to Chritzman's Carpenter Shop, and is prepared to do all kinds of BLACKSMITHING, at reasonable rates, and invites a share of public patronage. *REPAIRING of all kinds. Give us a Call.* April 30, 1869—tf

COOPERING.

PETER CULP Has commenced the COOPERING BUSINESS in all its branches at his residence on the Mummasburg road, at the end of Carlisle street, Gettysburg, Pa. The public can always have made to order all kinds and styles of MEAT VESSELS, CROUT STANDS, PICKEL STANDS, TUBS, FLOUR BARRELS. I also manufacture 5 and 10 gal. Kegs, Cider Barrels. And all other kinds of Coopering. Repairing done cheaply and with despatch. Give us a call. [Aug. 13, 1869—tf

STEAM SAW MILL.

THE undersigned has in operation a STEAM SAW MILL, at the South Mountain, near Graeffenburg Springs, and is prepared to saw to order bills of White Oak, Pine, Hemlock, or any kind of Timber desired, at the shortest notice and at low rates. He also manufactures Shingles, Pailings, &c. LUMBER delivered at any point at the LOWEST RATES.—8 per cent. will be deducted for the cash payments, or interest will be charged from the time of delivery of Lumber. Thankful for past favors, he would desire a continuance for the future. All letters should be addressed to him at Graeffenburg P. O. Adams county, Pa. HENRY MILTENBERGER. Oct. 29, 1869—tf

GUNSMITHING!

BATTLE-FIELD RELICS! Canes, Shells, Bullets! E. WOODWARD

Would respectfully call the attention of the public to his large assortment of Relics gathered on the Gettysburg Battle-field. Gunsmithing attended to with promptness and all work warranted. Give us a call at our place of business on Carlisle street, (McConaughy's Hall,) near the Depot, Gettysburg, Pa. [July 29, 1870.—tf

GRANITE YARD,

GETTYSBURG, PA., ON RAILROAD, NEAR FREIGHT DEPOT. PETER BEITLER

Is prepared to furnish GRANITE, for all kinds of BUILDING AND MONUMENTAL PURPOSES, at reasonable rates—Curbing, Sills, Steps, ASHLERS, POSTS, MONUMENTS, CEMETERY BLOCKS, &C., &C., cut and finished in every style desired, by best workmen. Orders from a distance promptly attended to. June 3—tf

JEREMIAH CULP,

GETTYSBURG, PA., UNDERTAKER AND PAPER-HANGER, is prepared to furnish on short notice and reasonable terms, COFFINS of all Styles. He also keeps on hand a large assortment of WALL PAPER, which he sells at lowest cash rates, and if desired will furnish hands to put it on the wall. Plain and Fancy Sign Painting executed to order. York street, a few doors east of Lutheran Church. May 27, 1869—tf

Medical.

Baltimore Lock Hospital.

DR. JOHNSTON, Physician of this celebrated Institution, has discovered the most Certain, Speedy, Pleasant and Effectual Remedy in the World for all DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE.

Weakness of the Back, or Limbs, Strictures, Affections of the Kidneys, or Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the heart, Timidity, Trembling, Dimness of Sight, or Giddiness, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels—those terrible disorders arising from Solitary Habits of Youth—SECRET and solitary practices, more fatal to their victims, than the songs of the Syrens to the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes, or anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN especially, who have become the Victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE. Married persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, aware of Physical Weakness (Loss of Procreative Power—Impotency,) Nervous Excitability, Palpitation, Organic Weakness, Nervous Debility, or any other disqualification, speedily relieved. He who places himself under the care of Dr. J. may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidentially rely upon his skill as a physician.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS, *IMPOTENCY, LOSS OF POWER.* Immediately Cured, and Full Vigor Restored. This distressing affection—which renders life miserable and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victims of improper indulgences.—Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny, that the power of procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits, than by the prudent? Beside being deprived of the pleasures of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms of both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged, the Physical and Mental Functions Weakened, Loss of Procreative Power, Nervous Irritability, Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Constitutional Debility, and Wasting of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and Death.

A CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS. Relief in Six Hours! No Mercury! Persons Ruined by Ignorant, Trifling Pretenders, and their Deadly Poisons, should apply immediately.

DR. JOHNSTON. Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London. Graduate of one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE. Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgences and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business, study, society or marriage.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by the early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c. MENTALLY.—The fearful effects of the mind are much to be dreaded. Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emiciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of Consumption.

YOUNG MEN who have injured themselves by a certain practice, indulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companions or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, the pride of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequence of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons must, before contemplating

MARRIAGE, reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, the prospect hourly darkens to the view, the mind becomes shadowed to despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another is blighted with our own.

DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE. When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds that he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame or dread of discovery deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending him to that undiscovered country, "from whence no traveler returns."

It is a melancholy fact, that thousands DIE victims to this terrible disease, through falling into the hands of Ignorant or Unskillful PRETENDERS, who by the use of that deadly Poison, Mercury, &c., destroy the constitution, and incapable of curing, keep the unhappy sufferer month after month taking their noxious or injurious compounds, and instead of being restored to a renewal of Life, Vigor and happiness, in despair leave him with ruined Health, to sign over his galling disappointment.

To such, therefore, Dr JOHNSTON pledges himself to preserve the most Inviolable Secrecy, and from his extensive practice and observations in the great Hospitals of Europe, and the first in this country, viz: England, France, Philadelphia and elsewhere, is enabled to offer the most Speedy, Certain and Effectual Remedy in the World for all diseases of Imprudence.

DR. JOHNSTON, OFFICE, 7 SOUTH FREDERICK STREET. BALTIMORE, MD., left hand side going from Baltimore street, a few doors from the corner. Fail not to observe the name and number.

No letters received unless postpaid and containing a stamp to be used on the reply. Persons writing should state age, and send a portion of advertisement describing symptoms.

There are so many Paltry, Designing and Worthless Imposters advertising themselves as Physicians, trifling with and ruining the health of all who unfortunately fall into their power, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say especially to those unacquainted with his reputation, that his Credentials or Diplomas always hang in his office.

ENDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS. The many thousands cured at this establishment, year after year, and the numerous Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnston witnessed by the representatives of the press and many other persons, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentleman of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

SKIN DISEASES SPEEDILY CURED. March 11, 1870—1y1pr

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

THE reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it.—Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, which excites a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on a favorable occasion, rapidly develops into one or the other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of Sarsaparilla is advisable, even when no active symptoms of the disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also, in more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhoea* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., *Practical and Analytical Chemists.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

For sale in Gettysburg, Pa., by A. D. BUEHLER, Agent. [Jan. 21, 1870.—1yeol

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

President Judge—Robert J. Fisher.
Associate Judges—Joseph J. Kuhn, Robert McCurdy.
Prothonotary—Jacob Melhorn.
Register and Recorder—Samuel Swope.
Clerk of the Courts—H. G. Wolf.
District Attorney—Wm. A. Duncan.
Treasurer—Wm. J. Martin.
Sheriff—Jacob Klunk.
Coroner—Dr. M. L. Gates.
Surveyor—Jesse D. Keller.
Commissioners—Moses Hartman, Emanuel Neldich, Francis Will. *Clerk*—J. Jefferson Myers. *Counsel*—Wm. McClean. *Physician to Jail*—Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal.
Directors of the Poor—Martin Getz, Benjamin Deardorff, L. Swartz. *Steward*—Jonas Johns. *Clerk*—H. A. Picking. *Treasurer*—Jacob Benner. *Counsel*—J. C. Neely. *Physician*—Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal.
Auditors—Martin E. Bollinger, Eli G. Heagy, David Rhodes.

BOROUGH OF GETTYSBURG.

Burgess—Dr. J. L. Hill.
Council—Theo. C. Norris, C. A. Boyer, Jacob W. Cress, Robert Tate, A. M. Hunter, S. B. Row. *Clerk*—J. Aughinbaugh. *Treasurer*—S. R. Russel.
Constables—Wm. J. Tate, George W. Weikert.
School Directors—Wm. Guinn, W. T. King, Hiram Warren, J. M. Krauth, Jacob Aughinbaugh, A. M. Hunter. *Secretary*—J. M. Krauth. *Treasurer*—E. G. Fahnestock.

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.

President—George Swope.
Cashier—J. Emory Bair.
Teller—Henry S. Benner.
Directors—George Swope, William Young, Henry Wirt, David Wills, David Kendlehart, Wm. McSherry, William D. Himes, Joshua Motter, John Waugh.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG.

President—George Throne.
Cashier—George Arnold.
Teller—Samuel Bushman.
Directors—George Throne, Robt. Bell, John Brough, John Horner, George Arnold, John Musselman John Wolford.

EVERGREEN CEMETERY.

President—J. L. Schick.
Secretary—William B. Meals.
Treasurer—Alexander Cobean.
Managers—John Rupp, J. L. Hill, Josiah Benner, George Spangler, George Little, William B. Meals, Alexander Cobean.

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—David A. Buehler.
Treasurer—Edward G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Henry A. Picking, Jacob King.

ADAMS COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

President—William Wible.
Vice Presidents—Ephraim Myers, J. S. Witherow.
Corresponding Secretary—H. J. Stahle.
Recording Secretary—Edward Fahnestock.
Treasurer—David Wills.
Managers—William B. Wilson, Elisha Penrose, Jonas Routzahn, Frederick Diehl, W. Ross White.

BUILDING ASSOCIATION.

President—Edward G. Fahnestock.
Vice President—William A. Duncan.
Secretary—John F. McCreary.
Treasurer—John Culp.
Managers—J. W. C. O'Neal, John Rupp, A. J. Cover, D. Kendlehart, W. F. Atkinson.

GAS COMPANY.

President—E. G. Fahnestock.
Secretary—Wm. A. Duncan.
Treasurer—Joel B. Danner.
Managers—A. D. Buehler, M. Eichelberger, H. D. Wattles, S. R. Russell, W. A. Duncan, J. B. Danner.

WATER COMPANY.

President—George W. McClellan.
Secretary and Treasurer—S. R. Russell.
Managers—G. W. McClellan, E. B. Buehler, S. R. Russell, H. J. Stahle, M. Eichelberger.

GETTYSBURG RAILROAD.

	First.	Second.
Trains depart	8.10 A. M.	1.00 P. M.
arrive	12.10 P. M.	5.10 P. M.

Both trains make close connection North and South.

ASSOCIATIONS.

Gettys Lodge, No. 124, I. O. O. F.—Meets corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, every Tuesday evening.
Union Encampment, No. 126, I. O. O. F.—In Odd Fellows' Hall, 1st and 3d Monday in each month.
Good Samaritan Lodge, No. 336, A. Y. M.—Corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, 2d and 4th Thursday in each month.
Gen. Reynolds Lodge No. 180, I. O. G. T.—On Baltimore street, near the Postoffice, every Monday evening.
Gettysburg Lodge, No. 324, I. O. G. T.—Meets every Friday evening, in the Hall, N. E. Corner Center Square.
Adams Division, No. 124, S. of T.—Meets every Thursday evening, in the Hall, N. E. Corner Center Square.
Cayugas Tribe, No. 31, I. O. R. M.—In McConaughy's Hall, every Friday evening.
Hope Council, No. 213, O. U. A. M.—In McConaughy's Hall, every Wednesday evening.
Warren Council, No. 101, Jr. O. U. A. M.—Meets every Tuesday evening, N. E. Corner of Centre Square.

CHURCHES.

Lutheran, (Christ's)—Pastor, Rev. C. A. Hay, D. D. Services by Professors of College and Seminary, alternately, Sabbath morning and evening and Wednesday evening. During vacations, Sunday evening service omitted.
Lutheran, (St. James')—Rev. E. Breidenbaugh. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
Methodist Episcopal—Revs. H. C. Cheston, J. C. Clarke. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Thursday evening.
Presbyterian—Rev. Wm. H. Hillis. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
German Reformed—Rev. W. R. H. Deatrich. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
Catholic—Rev. Joseph Boll. Services 1st, 3d and 5th Sabbaths, morning and afternoon.
United Presbyterian—Rev. J. Jamieson. Services by special appointments.

HAPPY NANCY'S SECRET.—There once lived in an old brown cottage a solitary woman. She was known everywhere from village to village as "Happy Nancy." She had no money, no family, no relatives, and was half blind, quite lame and very crooked. There was no comeliness in her and yet there, in the homely, deformed body, the great God, who loves to bring strength out of weakness, had set his royal seal.

"Well, Nancy, singing again?" would the chance visitor say, as he stopped at her door.

"O yes I am forever at it."

"I wish you would tell me your secret Nancy. You are alone, you work hard, you have nothing very pleasant surrounding you; what is the reason you're so happy?"

"Perhaps it's because I havn't anybody but God," replied the old creature looking upward. "You see, rich folks like you depend upon their families and their houses, they've got to be thinking about their business, of their wives and children; and then they're always mighty afraid of troubles a head. I ain't got anything to trouble myself about, you see 'cause I leave all to the Lord. I think, well, if he can keep this great world in such good order, the sun rolling day after day, and the stars shining night after night, and make my garden things come up season after season, He can take care of such a poor thing as I am, and so you see I leave it all to the Lord, and the Lord takes care of me."

"Well, but Nancy suppose a frost comes after your fruit trees are all in blossom, and your plants out; suppose"—

"But I don't suppose. I never can suppose. I don't want to suppose, except that the Lord will do every thing right.—That's what makes you people unhappy; you're all the time supposing. Now, why can't you wait till the suppose comes and then make the best of it?"

"Ah, Nancy, it is pretty certain you'll get to Heaven, while a great many of us, with all our worldly wisdom, will have to stay out."

"There you are at it again," said Nancy, shaking her head, "always looking out for some black cloud. Why, if I were you, I'd keep the devil at arms length, instead of taking him into my heart. He'll do you a desperate sight of mischief."

She was right. We do take the demon of care, of distrust, of melancholy forbodings, of ingratitude, right into our heart. We canker every pleasure with gloomy fear of coming ill. We seldom trust that blessings will enter, or hail them when they come. We should be more child-like to our Heavenly Father; believe in His love, confide in His wisdom, and not in our own; and above all wait till the "suppose" comes and make the best of it. Depend upon it, earth would seem an Eden, if you would follow "Happy Nancy's" rule and never give place in your bosom to imaginary evils.

A LEADING lecturer classifies his audience as follows: The "still-attentives," the "quick-responsives," the "hard-to-lifts," the "won't-applauds," and the "get-up-and-go-outs."

The Star and Sentinel.

TEACHING PUBLIC SCHOOL.

Forty little urchins
Coming through the door,
Pushing, crowding, making
A tremendous roar.
Why don't you keep quiet?
Can't you mind the rule?
Bless me this is pleasant,
Teaching Public School.

Forty little pilgrims,
On the road to fame!
If they fail to reach it,
Who will be to blame?
High and lowly stations—
Birds of every feather—
On a common level,
Here are brought together.

Dirty little faces,
Loving little hearts,
Eyes brim-full of mischief,
Skilled in all its arts,
That's a precious darling!
What are you about?
"May I pass the water?"
"Please may I go out?"

Boots and shoes are scuffling,
Slates and books are rattling,
And in the corner yonder,
Two pugilists are battling:
Others cutting didoes—
What a botheration!
No wonder we grow crusty,
From such association!

Anxious parent drops in,
Merely to enquire
Why *his* olive branches
Do not shout up higher:
Says he wants *his* children
To mind the r p's and q's,
And hopes their brilliant talents
Will not be abused.

Spelling, reading, writing,
Putting up the young ones,
Fuming, scolding, fighting,
Spurring on the dumb ones,
Gymnastics, vocal music!
How the heart rejoices,
When the *singer* comes to
Cultivate the voices!

Institutes attending,
Making out reports,
Giving object lessons,
Class drills of all sorts,
Reading dissertations,
Feeling like a fool—
Oh, the untold blessings
Of the Public School.

Corpulent Director,
Looking in the door,
Says it's *his* opinion
Children are a "bore."
Remarks about the weather—
Thinks it's rather cool,
And hopes you find it *pleasant*
Teaching Public School.

Superintendent's visage
Very rarely seen—
His are *angel's* visits,
Few and *far* between.
But, mid all vexations,
If you'll just keep cool,
Then you'll find it pleasant
Teaching Public School.

A NIGHT ON A BURNING PRAIRIE.

BY M'GREGOR STEELE.

There were ten of us, and a jolly company we were. We all passed the greater part of the Summer hunting buffalo and elk on the Plains west of Fort Laramie, and had just returned to Nebraska City to dispose of our skins and Indian ponies and arrange our departure for home.

Having been for over a year beyond the frontiers of civilization, we were eager to get back to our homes. Business matters, however, delayed the company, so I thought I would take a run up to Council Bluffs on a little matter, of which more anon, and return soon enough to go East with our party. The distance is about sixty miles, and the road leads through one of the most beautiful and picturesque countries of the West.

The next morning by four o'clock I was in my saddle scampering up the bluffs.—The air was delicious. A cool breeze from the river greeted me, and upon its zephyr wings bore up from the valleys the rich fragrance of the beautiful prairie flowers. A few snow-white clouds were sleeping just above the horizon, and glimmering with a silvery light. The sun could not yet be seen, but was lighting up the eastern sky with unusual brilliancy. It was October, and beautiful birds were singing sweet songs—not like the mirthful music of Spring—but songs full of sadness and burdened with the dreamy melody of Nature calmly waiting the dying and falling of her crimson leaves. The weather was yet warm and as the day advanced it became unusually so. Several weeks had passed without rain, and the vast prairies wer parched and cracking in the burning sun.

It was late in the afternoon when I came to a little Indian village, quietly nestling under the bluffs, close by the river and about twenty miles from my destination. Here I stopped to refresh myself and my pony, preparatory to my ride across the bottom, a vast level plain thickly overgrown with prairie grass and rich with the deposits of the Missouri since the world began. The distance across is about fifteen miles, but the level of the intervening plain makes it appear not more than four or five.

After a delay of about an hour, I was again en route, with the hope of reaching the opposite bluffs before nightfall.

The Indian trail which I struck led up the river some ten miles, then abruptly turned toward the bluffs.

As I neared the point of crossing, a beautiful chain of bluffs, or sand hills, loomed up before me—rising like waves upon the ocean's bosom, and extending far up the river. These hillocks were formed by the wind constantly blowing the sand from the bottom lands, and piling it up larger and higher, until many of them reach an altitude of several hundred feet. But little vegetation grows upon any of them—some have none at all—and on dry days the sand can be seen drifting up to their summits and trickling down upon the opposite side.

It is almost impossible to obtain a footing upon any of them unless upon one that has been formed for several years; therefore I had to be satisfied with clambering up on one of long growth, but only of moderate height. This one, however, afforded me an extended view of the beautiful landscape surrounding them. My attention was here attracted to the dark clouds hovering over the river, intimating the coming of one of the terrible storms which frequently sweep with such fury over the prairies of the West.

To the south, as far as the eye could reach, were dense columns of smoke curling up into the heavens; but it was too far away for one to particularly notice it, or imagine the fire was raging with terrific fury in the tall grass—some twenty miles from the river. I therefore did not think of danger, but allowed my pony to follow the path which I supposed would lead me across the bottom in safety.

There was a strange stillness in the atmosphere—just after the lightning flash and before the coming of the thunder; but this was soon broken by the moaning of the wind in the parched grass, and the sighing of the trembling leaves upon the stately oaks and black walnuts that skirted the river, as they bowed on the increasing gale and wrestled with the angry winds; still I rode on unconscious that, instead of having taken the trail to my right, I had followed the path in a north-easterly direction, which would bring me into the interior of the prairie, but some ten miles south of the point from which I wished to cross, and nearer that distance to the fast coming fire. I now began to be thoroughly alarmed at my situation, being wholly unaware of my whereabouts, and unable from the darkness around me, to discover the bluffs in the distance or the river at my back.

I quickly resolved to make a desperate effort my life, and the only course I saw open to me, was to follow the trail which had led me so far into the depths of the prairie.

It would have been madness to strike out into the tall grass on either side of me, or to think of retracing my steps; but I lost no time in considering my chances of escape, and spurred my pony forward to a slight elevation, which now, with the glaring light of the fire, gave me a view of the country for miles.

The picture was now appalling. The whole heavens were in a glow of light and the wast prairie was covered with streams of fire—dancing upon the tall grass and curling lividly up to the heavens. To the south, as far as I could see, everything seemed to be convulsed in the raging element; to the east and west there was one grand chain of fire, shooting and flashing and mounting higher, to be lost in the massive clouds of smoke which blackened the entire dome of heaven. I now came to a stand still, for all hope of saving myself and pony now fled, and I quietly watched the display with an earnestness not to be imagined. I sat upon my horse and saw the flames pass by me on the east (the road which I had to gain,) destroyed everything in its track.

The moon had just come forth from the half-broken clouds, looking paler than ever before.

The fire was now moving onward directly in front of me, and perhaps a hundred yards in front of the moving column. All hope of extricating myself and pony now seemed in vain, for the flames were fast closing me in a circle of fire.

The heated air and dense smoke and burning cinders rendered the atmosphere almost suffocating. In front and rear and all round me was a wall of fire.

There was not much time to be lost, and pulling my Indian blanket carefully about me, and taking care that I was firmly seated in my saddle, I hurried toward the hissing flames. I looked to the front, on either side and all around me, but I could see no niche through which I could dart. My attention was drawn to my right for a moment and I saw a slight break in the crimson sheets, and instantly I spurred my pony into the flaming sea. A single stumble must have destroyed us both. For an instant we were baffled, and my pony shuddered and neighed, and I thought it a hard fate to be burned to death alone in a wild land! But I plunged my spurs deeper into his sides, and he made a last desperate plunge and fell upon his knees, but raised himself and leaped and fell upon the ground the fire had passed over.

My blanket was crisped upon my back, and my legs and hands were severely burned. I soon relieved myself of my burning clothing, and turned to look after my poor pony, who now lay upon the black and charred stubble unable to rise.

The brave animal had inhaled fire, and he died in about a half an hour. I stuck the ramrod of my rifle at his head to mark his last resting place.

I then made my way the best I could to the bluffs, being guided by the light of the distant fire—and at the first house I came to I was fortunate enough to get a horse to carry me to my destination.

Large numbers of deer and rabbit were the next day, dead upon the black stubble.

A large amount of property was consumed that night and many of the settlers on the bottom lands lost everything they had, barely escaping with their lives.

IT is a well known fact among scientific men that England has been approaching America for hundreds of years back. And now, just think of it, they have calculated that in *Anno Domini* 11,871 the inhabitants of Labrador may stand on their eastern coast of a morning and see Brittannia making her elaborate toilette, or drawing her morning cup of tea. Uncle Sam can then build a pontoon bridge across and send over a few blue coats on a recognoissance. We had always been aware that Britain was approaching America in her politicial institution, her striving after a broader freedom, and her yearning for a general education, but had never thought of having her company, bodily, *so soon.* Here's to those who live to see the day!

ANECDOTE OF A. H. STEPHENS.—A story is told of Alexander H. Stephens to this effect:

In the political canvass of 1856 he was accompanied by a shaggy dog, named Rio, that became as well known as himself. In Columbia county he met a General H. R. Wright in debate, and worsted him. To postpone the defeat Wright cried out:

"I demand a list of your appointments, Sir! I'll get my documents, and meet you at every place, Sir? Yes, sir, I'll *dog* you all over this district!"

Stephens pointed to the Sleeping Rio by his side, and said:

"Then I'll send Rio home. One *dog* at a time is enough!"

Wright sat down.—EDITOR'S DRAWER, in *Harper's Magazine for Febuary*

AN incident similar to one which has frequently been introduced in fiction and on the stage with excellent effect occurred in real life the other day. A lawyer in Providence, R. I., was on behalf of rightful heirs of an estate, contesting a will which he believed to have been forged. His clients were confident of the justice of their claims; but the instrument was apparently all correct, and the prospect of setting it aside looked dubious. The pretended will was written under the date of 1855, and bore the stamp, "A. P. Co.—Superfine." No paper but that of the Agawam Company of Mittineague bears this mark. The lawyer conceived the idea of writing to the officials of the Agawam Company for information in regard to the paper, and had the satisfaction of learning that their first paper with that stamp was made and sold in 1860, which proved that the fraudulent will must have been written at least five years after its date. Of course this discovery settled the matter.

AN ECCENTRIC ABOLITIONIST.

Col. Forney, since his retirement from the conduct of *The Daily Chronicle*, in Washington, has begun a series of exceedingly interesting papers, entitled "Anecdotes of Public Men," in *The Sunday Chronicle*, of which he stills retains the control. No man in the country is better prepared, by long and intimate intercourse with public men of all parties for the last and most interesting quarter of a century, to furnish material for the future historian. In his last week's paper he gives this account of a meeting between an old Abolitionist of those days (and a leading Protectionist of these,) Dr. William Elder of Philadelphia, and Messrs. Slidell, Breckinridge, and Douglas, with some fifteen other leading Democrats, at his table, in Washington, in 1856:

"When the restraint of the first course or two was thawed by a generous draft of champagne, those who sat at my board were quickly attracted by the agreeable manners and dazzling wit of my abolition friend. He gradually monopolized their whole attention by his comments on books and men, and his full knowledge of the resources of their own section. At last one of them said: "Pray, Dr. Elder, how is it that one of your tastes and learning should be so opposed to Southern rights and institutions?" That opened the ball, and, nothing loth, he answered with a story I can never forget—a story which I believe has never been forgotten by any one who heard it:

"When I lived in Pittsburgh, gentlemen," said the Doctor, "where I had the honor to vote for James G. Birney for President in 1844, being one of a very, very small party, which will soon control Pennsylvania by an Andrew Jackson majority, we had a strange character among us who occassionally made speeches against Slavery, and whose peculiarities were that when he became excited he gave way to uncontrollable tears and oaths. I always went to hear him, for there was an odd fascination about him. One night he was advertised to speak against the fugitive slave law—a measure which roused him almost to madness—and I was among the audience. He closed his harangue with a passage something like this: 'Let us apply this law to ourselves, brethren and sisters. I live about one mile out of town, and rarely get back to my quiet home till evening; and the first to welcome me at the garden-gate are my little girl Mary and my bright-eyed son Willie—the joy of my heart, the stars of my life.

"Suppose, when I get home to-morrow, I meet my wife, instead of my children at the door, and on asking for my darlings, she tells me that a man called John C. Calhoun of South Carolina and another man called Henry Clay of Kentucky had come, in my absence, and carried them down South into Slavery? How would you feel in such a case? How do you think I would feel? What would I do? you ask. Well, I will tell you. I would follow the aforesaid John C. Calhoun and Henry Clay; follow them to the South; follow them to the gates of death and hell; yes, into hell, and there cram the red-hot coals down their damned infernal throats!" "And this outburst," added Dr. Elder, "was punctuated with alternate sobs and swearing. I have given you one of the many causes, gentlemen, that have confirmed me in my abolitionism."

It is impossible to convey an idea of the manner in which Dr. Elder told this incident, or the effect produced upon the Southern men around him. They listened with profound and breathless interest, and more than one with a pale check and moistened eye; and though they did not say they agreed with the eloquent Doctor, I saw that they respected him for the candor and warmth with which he had replied to their equally candid question.

THE mint at Carson, Nevada, is a valuable institution. It is located off of all the direct lines of travel, and it is not probable that any gold will ever go there for coinage, while deposits of silver bullion for coinage have never been made to any extent, and are not likely to be made hereafter. The silver produced in Nevada is mostly sent abroad in bars, which bring better prices than coin for that purpose, as silver coin is at a discount in California and Nevada. What little money has been coined at Carson has been turned out merely to make a show of work. But between half a million and a million of dollars has been sunk in buildings and machinery, and the Government is paying out thousands of dollars monthly as salaries for people supposed to be employed in this mint, some of whom do not even live in Carson. A mint is popularly supposed to be a place where money is made. In Nevada it is a place where money is lost.

THE case of Rev. Dr. Lanahan, which has been on trial at New York before a committe of prominent clergymen, and which has excited much interest in the Methodist church, because of charges affecting the management of the Book Concern, has been disposed of by a compromise, against which a minority of the Book Committee protests. The agreement restores Dr. Lanahan to his position as assistant agent and appoints a sub-committee to make an examination of the affairs of the Book Concern, with powers to call in as many accountants as may be necessary, and report to the General Conference, at its session in Brooklyn, in 1872.

JUSTICE THOMPSON, who was the immediate predecessor of Judge Nelson, of New York, on the Supreme Bench, was prone to excessive libations. One morning, after a carouse, he was promptly at at Court, and before taking his seat, entered into lively conversation with some of the guests of the previous evening.—One of these, fearing that the good Judge might have "suffered from the accident of hospitality," said to him. "Well, Judge, I hope you are feeling well to-day." "Yes, sir, thank you; quite well, sir.—I have just taken a gin cocktail, sir, and it has acted like a *scire facias*; it has revived my judgement!"

AN old lady followed up an Episcopal Bishop as he travelled through his diocese, and was confirmed several times before she was detected. She wished the ordinance repeated because she had understood it was "good for rheumatism."

THE Louisville *Courier-Journal* says: "Speaking of a candidate for Sheriff in that State, a Pennsylvania paper asks: "And what sort of a fellow is that Llyod Llewellyn?" "An 'l of a fellow, we should say."

WHY is a rooster standing on a fence like a silver half dollar?—Because it is head on one side and tail on the other.

HOME COURTESIES.—Now, you young fellow at the table reading the evening paper, and nodding in a surly way to your mother and sister, take a test. If your clothes breathed a delicious fragrance—say of heliotrope or roses—but would do so only when you were at home, or only when you went abroad, which would you choose? Would you smell sweet at home, or when you went away from home? Would you have a perpetual climate of rare odors in your own house, or elsewhere? Of course you would have it at home for your own comfort and enjoyment, you curmudgeon, if for nothing else. But what is domestic courtesy but the breath of heliotropes and roses at home? It is as much for your own pleasure that you should be pleasant as it is for that of others. The happiest household in the world is that in which courtesy is new every morning and fresh every evening, like celestial benedictions.

How many of us, brethren and sisters, make home the rag-bag of ill-humors and caprices, and wretched moods of every kind, while we carefully hide them from the stranger! When the guest arrives we slide a chair over the rent in the carpet, and slip a tidy over the worn edge of the sofa-cushion, and lay a prettily bound book over the ink stain upon the parlor table-cloth; and so at his coming the flying hair is smoothed, and the sullen look is gilded with a smile, and the sour tone is suddenly wonderfully sweet. Shriveled old Autumn blooms in a moment into rosy Spring. And how is a youth to know that this house, where every thing seems to smile, is not always as warm and sunny as he finds it? Yet this young woman, so neatly dressed, so quietly mannered, so fascinating to the young man, may be the most "inefficient" of human beings. Still he can never know it until it is too late. He can not put it to the proof. He takes the divinity upon trust. All that he knows is that she is a woman, and that he loves. And whether he thinks that household intelligence and thrift and endless courtesy come by nature, like Dogberry's reading and writing, or whether he assumes that, having a mother, his peerless princess has been carefully taught all the duties of a queen, or whether, as is most probable, he knows only that he loves, the duty of the parent is still the same. * * *

But to the ordeal of the household who can come too well prepared? And what parent, what human being who has learned by experience, but would gladly equip every child with the most perfect equipment? No, Dorindo Jane, to whom the youth, crusty at home, will presently come sweetly smiling, it is not the flowing hair, and the graceful dress, and the bloom upon the cheek, and the soft lustre of the eye, that will make home happy. No, nor is it his horses and plate, and the luxury and ease he promises. If he is harsh and short and crabbed, what if he has fifty thousand a year? If you are careless and ignorant and helpless, the victim instead of ruler of your house, what if your eyes are black and your cheeks a dim carnation? And you, dear Sir and Madam, who permit that boor to sit surly at the table, and to growl in monosyllables at home, you who suffer that fair-faced girl to grow up utterly unequal to the duties to which she will be called, you are responsible.—*Editor's Easy Chair, in Harper's Magazine for February.*

LEPROSY IN NORTH AMERICA.—A French emigrant family from St. Malo, in Normandy, who were afflicted with this disease, came to Tracadie, a district in the county of Gloucester, bordering the Bay of Chaleurs, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence. This was about 1815. The descendants of this family have increased in number; and, being, unfortunately, in the poorest circumstances, leprosy has showed itself amongst them to a very considerable extent. The disease is only known in New Brunswick, in three parishes in the county of Northumberland. The districts where the leprosy exists—Tracadie, Pokenoche, and Niquac—comprehend a circle of 25 miles in diameter. The population was about 3,978 in 1860. By 1844 leprosy in the descendants of the above-mentioned family had so increased as to induce the government to interfere, by calling within its care and jurisdiction the unfortunate victims. A hospital was first established in July, 1844, at Sheldrake Island, in the Miramichi River. Commissioners were appointed to separate the lepers from the rest of the community, and confine them within the limits of the establishment. This measure excited the dread and horror of the poor victims; and several fled to the forest and secreted themselves, to avoid what was considered imprisonment for life. Prior to the establishment of the lazaretto leprous persons communicated freely with the rest of the community. An entirely different policy is now pursued by Dr. A. C. Smith, who took charge of the Tracadie Leper Hospital in 1865, when the number of patients were 21—15 males and six females; the annual number of deaths, 1 to 11. An ambrotype Dr. Smith kindly sent me shows a group of his unfortunate patients, the sight of which is quite enough to excite the sympathy of us all. Dr. Smith adds: The principal object of our lazaretto is to furnish a home for the poor unfortunates. Even if their relatives could support them they would not do so. Our lepers have been offered their liberty; but would prefer to remain where they are than to go out into the world to starve. Our lazaretto is now an asylum. The lepers are not now imprisoned, as they used to be. The leprosy, as it exists here, is confined to the very poorest French. The only trace of leprosy in the United States is among the Norwegians, who suffer from it extremely in their own country. But it soon dies out among the immigrants, the Western climate being favorable to the cure of the disease.—*Dr. Jeffries, in Good Health.*

SENATOR Abbott, of North Carolina, will, it is said, contest the right of ex-Governor Vance to a seat in the Senate. Mr. Abbott holds that Vance cannot be admitted because of political ineligibility, and that the votes cast for him by the Legislature of North Carolina are null and void. The Washington *Chronicle* says that "as Mr. Abbott received the next highest number of votes he claims to be elected." The Judicary Committee of the Senate will not, we predict, endorse Mr. Abbott's views. If Mr. Vance is ineligible, the Senate will no doubt refer the election back to the Legislature of North Carolina.

NEVER chew your words. Open the mouth and let the words come out. A student once asked. "Can virchu, fortichude, gratichude or quiechude dwell with that man who is a stranger to rectichude?"

ANSWER TO CORRESPONDENTS BY JOSH BILLINGS.—"*Bushrod.*"—I got your favor by this morning's mail, and taking oph mi cote, and rooling up mi sleeves, and spitting on mi hands, repli, as follers:

If you hav got plenty ov brains, and no money, Nu York city is a good place to cum to, but if you have got plenty ov money, and no brains, stay right where yu are, and keep in the house most always.

A rich phool, in this city, is soon smelt out, and then don't last enny longer than a nuzeboy's breakfast.

If you haint got enny money, nor enny brains, steal a cow, the fust good chance you kan git, and live quietly on the milk.

"*Deakon.*"—Your question iz too big. I kant tell which I think iz the most pleasant, Chapin or Beecher.

They kan, either ov them, preach the gospel up a heavier grade, than enny man I kno ov, in North America, includin our rushing possessions.

Sum folks think that religion consists in preaching the gospel thru yure noze, and that piety iz a king ov mortal jaundice. I dont, I beleav the Lord is not angry at a lively christian, provided he iz level and duz bizz squair, after dark.

Sum people are down on sensational preachers, but I ain't. Paul was a sensationer ov the best brand, and I kan tell lots of places now, where a man could preach the gospel, with one hand on his revolver, and do a good bizness.

The world iz choked up with humbugs; who have either got to be stirred up or drove into heaven, if they ever git there.

"*Molly.*"—Street dresses are worn almost unanimously; in fact, it is impossible tew see enny kind of a female on the streets without sum kind of a dress on. I mean street dress.

They are made in the shape of a dinner bell, and fit just about az tight.

Waterfalls are a peg higher than they waz, and soon will be worn on the top of the hed, like a rooster's comb.

Hoop skirts are close-reefed, and the ones are on their last legs.

Kidd gloves are the rage in lavender; the more lavender the better, and the hair eddys in front like a nest ov yung whirlpools just hatched out, and drops down behind from the waterfall in one link a foot long about the size ov a rope, with the pucker coming out of it.

"*Barney.*"—I received the rat tarrier yu sent me by the Merchants Union Express, last evening, and gave him a quart of milk for hiz tea.

He pocketed the milk, and waged for sum more; it made him stick out like a false cuff.

He slept sound last night, and hasn't waked up yet, altho it iz now 10 o'clock this morning.

I have stopped writing tew tickel his noze with a pin, and he is now rushing things around the room for som rats.

He haz just tipped over a Chinese god, worth 8 dollars, and broke him, he and get rats when mi wife cums in.

He kant find enny rats, and is now chawing oph mi little boys toe to his shoe.

He is now crazy for rats again, and will smash the other vase again I'll bet.

Thar goes the other vase, bi thunder! and tew powder.

He is now out ov his mind, and iz running his tung out and in.

He wants to go out doors for sumthing, and I have let him went.

He haz just found a poor little boy in the street, whom he knows and the boy seems ter know him, and they hav gone round the nex block, on a run, together, tew see sumthing.

He don't seem to cum back.

It is now to-morrow, and the tarrier dont seem to cum back.

My wife iz glad ov it.

I am out 2 vases, a quart of nu milk, and one tarrier.

My wife sez, If I ever buy another pup, she will put him tew immediate soak in the cistern at onst.

My wife iz one ov them kind ov wimmin that don't make enny statements unless they are true, so yu needn't send me enny more tarrier.

LEGAL WITTICISM.—In the Albany *Law Journal* we find these little clippings:

"The remarks of an exchange, that many of our successful lawyers commenced life as preachers,' is gracefully corrected by one of the legal gentleman referred to, who begs leave to state that he began life as an infant."

"A country justice of the peace, on having his attention called to the fact, as he was about to enter judgement in a certain case, that he had not jurisdiction on account of the amount involved being over two hundred dollars, promptly responded: 'The Court has thought of that, and discovered a remedy. The Court will enter judgement for the full amount, and then issue two executions, each for half."

"In a recent action against the corporation of Canterbury, England, to recover damages for injuries received by plaintiff, he having been thrown from his carriage in the night time by coming in contact with a pile of stones left in the highway, the somewhat singular defence was set up that 'the accident would not have occurred in the day time, and that, as darkness was the act of God, so was the accident.' The Lord Chief Justice is said to have ruled against this point with some warmth.

"Some years since, while a judge, who now occupies a very high judical position in the State, was holding circuit in one of the Western counties, a case of trival character was called on. His honor, somewhat 'riled,'' remarked that such suits, instead of taking up the time of the court, would be more properly disposed of by submitting the same to a jury of old women. The plaintiff's attorney quietly replied, that, without taking exception to the opinion of the honorable court, he thought his cause could not have been before a more appropriate tribunal."

THE SOUTHERN INVESTIGATION COMMITTEE.—The special Congressional Senate committee, created by the resolution of Senator Morton to investigate the condition of affairs at the South, held their first meeting on Saturday. A formal organization was effected and arrangements made to enter at once upon the investigation of the condition of the Southern States, as directed by the Senate. First of all, the committee will take up the case of North Carolina, which seems the most pressing. In addition to the facts set forth by the President in his message in reply to Morton's resolution of inquiry, it is expected that a number of witnesses belonging to both political parties at the South will be summoned to appear before the committee. It is expected that a mass of evidence will be accumulated as the result of this investigation, which will show that in certain portions of the South the condition of society is worse now than at any time since the close of the rebellion.

A WELL-KNOWN Senator, in Washington, is noted for taking two cocktails in succession before breakfast. One morning, while the Senator was practicing at the Metropolitan bar, a friend put to him the pertinent question:—"Senator, why do you take two cocktails as a custom? Won't one tone you?" The Senator drew himself up—"I will tell you why I take two cocktails. When I have taken one it makes me feel like another man. Well, you see, I'm bound by common courtesy to treat that man, so I take a second."—*Ex*

The Star and Sentinel.

FRIDAY MORNING, Feb. 3, 1871.

D. A. BUEHLER, Editor and Business Agent.

Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 11,000 persons.

PERE HYACINTHE, the eloquent French Catholic priest, whose visit to this country a year ago attracted much attention, has recently written a letter denying the validity of the Pope's encyclical and syllabus, and denouncing generally the hierarchical pretensions of the See of Rome.

THE Germans in various parts of the United States have been celebrating the fall of Paris with firing of cannon and other evidences of rejoicing over the triumphs of the "Father-land." In Baltimore, on Monday night, they had a torch-light procession, with illuminations of many German residences.

THE Democratic majority in the North Carolina Legislature are anxious to get rid of Gov. Holden, and on Monday put him on trial under articles of impeachment. The trouble is that he is a Republican and the Ku-Klux can't do as they please under his administration. Of course, he will be found guilty and removed. The Democracy, in these latter days, balk at nothing to gain power.

COL. JOHN W. FORNEY, of the Philadelphia *Press*, who for a quarter of a century has been connected with the Press in Washington City, and who now proposes to return to Philadelphia and give his undivided attention to the *Philadelphia Press*, was complimented with a dinner in Washington last week, tendered to him by the newspaper men of that city, without distinction of party. Senator Sumner was among the invited guests, and made a speech. Col. Forney reciprocated the compliment with a return dinner on Saturday evening.

THE Democratic roughs of Philadelphia have apparently determined to hold the reins of the party in that city with a stiff bit hereafter. The defeat of Johnnie Ahern, their chosen champion for Sergeant-at-arms, has roused them, and they will hereafter assert their supremacy, not only in the councils of the party, but in the distribution of spoils. Elections were held in the city district last week for delegates to the next Democratic State Convention. We look in vain for the lights of the party who have hitherto shone at State Conventions; but prominent in the list we have the names of William McMullin, John Ahern, Charles Dougherty, Robert Lester Smith, John Tobin, and other accomplished professors of the pugilistic art.

SOME half dozen Irish Fenians, released from imprisonment in England, arrived in New York last week. Much ado is made over them in that city, which is practically ruled by the Irish element, the various political factions trying to out-vie each other in attention to the exiles. Congress has caught the imfection, and on Monday the House did a very silly thing in adopting a resolution sprung by Gen. Butler, tendering a national welcome to these same Fenians. Both Republican and Democratic members seemed to have an eye to the Irish vote, 172 voting yea. Only 21 had nerve enough to record their names in the negative. Sympathy with Ireland is one thing. Tendering national honors to political agitators, of whom we know little or nothing, is making a rather cheap thing of governmental compliments.

THE Legislature Committee, appointed to consider the subject of Constitutional Reform, made a report last week, submitting a bill for a convention to revise and amend the State Constitution. The election of delegates is fixed for the second Tuesday in June in this year, and the convention is to meet on the first Tuesday in September, to be composed of 143 members, to be elected as follows: Forty at large—each voter to vote for twenty; one hundred and three to be elected by senatorial districts; three to be elected in each single district—each voter to be allowed to cast a ballot for two persons; in double districts six persons to be elected, and each voter to vote for four, except in Philadelphia, where four are to be elected in each senatorial district, and each voter to vote for three persons.

HON. ALEXANDER CALDWELL, the new U. States Senator from Kansas, is a Pennsylvanian by birth. He is a son of James Caldwell, whom many of our citizens will remember as a contractor on the Gettysburg Railroad from 1835 to 1838. The father was an old-line Whig, and the son has been a consistent opponent of the destructive policy of the Democratic party. When quite a boy Alexander (now Senator elect) accompanied his father to Mexico, the latter commanding a company of volunteers. Capt. Caldwell fell in one of the battles, and the son returned to Pennsylvania, locating at Columbia, where he took a clerkship in the Columbia Bank. About ten years ago he went to Kansas, where he was successful in business, accumulating large means. Last week, after an exciting contest, the Kansas Legislature elected him to the United States Senate for six years, to succeed Ross of Impeachment notoriety. Mr. Caldwell is said to be possessed of rare business qualifications and will prove a useful, working Senator. We need hardly add that he is a sound Republican.

THE U. S. Senate last week passed Senator Scott's bill to abolish the Income tax, yeas 26, nays 25. Both of our Senators, Scott and Cameron, voted for the bill. Its fate in the House is doubtful. The new Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Gen. Pleasanton, favors the abolition of the Income tax, while Secretary Butwell opposes. In the House, on Friday, a question of privilege was raised in regard to the right of the Senate to originate such bill. Finally, on motion of Mr. Hooper, a resolution was adopted returning the bill to the Senate with a message that under the Constitution all bills for raising revenue must originate in the House. This, however, does not commit the House aginst repeal, as a bill similar in purpose can be reported there.

On Tuesday the Senate took up the House message, the position of the latter being controveted by leading Senators, who hold that while, under the Constitution, the House alone can originate bills providing for taxation of the people, both precedent and law favor the right of the Senate to originate bills to repeal or reduce taxation. The question of privilege thus raised has been referred to a Committee of Conference of the House and Senate.

THE Franco-German war has practically ended. The Provisional Government of Paris on Saturday succumbed to the logic of events and entered into articles of capitulation, including an armistice of three weeks, during which an election is to be held for members of the Corps Legislatif, to organize a permanent government and negotiate terms of peace. This, we take it, practically ends the war. There will be some chafing and reluctance to accepts the terms which Germany may dictate; Gambetta and his mercurial colleagues may continue their efforts to "fire up" the French heart, and continue the war, rather than submit to Prussia's demands; but three weeks of peace will bring cooler counsels, and by that time the folly of further resistance to the military power which has marched at pleasure over France, razing fortresses and scattering magnificent armies at every step of its progress, will have become so evident as to make a renewal of hostilities a crime against France and humanity.

The reader will bear in mind that at present there is no regular government in France. On the downfall of the empire, after the crushing defeat of Sedan, a self-appointed Committee of Defence at Paris, headed by Trochu, Favre and Gambetta, assumed dictational powers, proclaimed a Republic, and organized a Provisional Government. After the investment of Paris, Gambetta escaped from the city in a balloon and organized a government at Tours, which was since shifted to Bordeaux. Practically, there have been two Provisional Governments—one at Paris, led by Favre, the other at Bordeaux, led by Gambetta—both co-operating in the conduct of the war, but often at issue as to policy. Neither has the sanction of the national will. The negotiations for an armistice on Saturday, was with the Paris wing of the government. The defective condition of the only working cable brings very meagre dispatches, and little or nothing from Bordeaux. What effect the fall of Paris will have on Gambetta remains to be seen, but he will hardly dare to refuse the proposition for a reference of the issues to the national will, as expressed in the forthcoming elections. Hitherto Paris has been the Government. The provinces will now be given a hearing.

We repeat the conviction that this armistice will bring peace as between France and Germany, with a probable cession of Alsace and Lorraine to the latter and the payment of a heavy pecuniary indemnity by the former. The next struggle will be as between the French themselves. While there will be active and formidable plottings and counterplottings for the restoration of the empire or the Orleans dynasty, we presume the popular sentiment will declare for a Republic. We shall hope for the best; but with the mercurial temperament of the French, the ignorance and defective education of the masses, moral and religious, we confess to strong misgivings as to the future. Republican government, to work well, requires as a basis popular intelligence, an enlightened conscience, a recognition of human accountability to God, and confidence in the essential integrity of man. An Open Bible and Popular Education should go hand in hand with Republican institutions. Both are wanting in France. Hence we indulge in no rose-colored expectations of her future, in this the hour of her supreme humiliation and shame. Nor should we be much surprised—this German difficulty adjusted—as the next page of French history, to find a repetition of the scenes of 1798, mutual recriminations, factious struggles for power, and inter-necine war.

MR. BUCKALEW'S bill to apply the system of cumulative voting in the election of School Directors, has passed the State Senate. It will doubtless pass the House. Although the system of cumulative voting is open to objection, by reason of being complicated and not readily understood by the mass of voters, its purpose is to secure representation to minorities. The principle is correct. There is a growing conviction among intelligent men of all parties that the present system, by which minorities are practically ignored in elections, is an evil which should be remedied. We hope to see the principle, in some form, applied to all elections where practicable—School Directors, Municipal officers, County Commissioners, Directors, Auditors, &c.

We give the text of the bill as it passed the Senate. The vote stood, yeas 23, nays 4—the latter being Messrs. Albright, Davis, Knight and Purman, all Democrats. Of the 23 yeas, 12 are Republican and 11 Democratic, Senator Duncan among the latter.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted, &c.*, That in future elections of directors of common schools in this Commonwealth, whenever two or more persons are to be chosen in a district for the same term of service, each voter may give all his votes to one or more candidates as he shall think fit, and the candidates highest in votes shall be declared elected. Any appointment to fill a vacancy in a board of directors shall whenever practicable be made from among the voters of the proper district who shall have voted for the director whose place is to be filled.

SEC. 2. Whenever a voter shall intend to give more votes than one to any candidate for director he shall express his intention distinctly and clearly upon the face of his ballot, otherwise but one vote shall be counted and allowed to such candidate; but any ballot which shall contain or express a greater number of votes than the whole number to which the voter shall be entitled shall be rejected.

LAST week, when the bill for a territorial government in the District of Columbia was before the House, a demonstration was made in favor of woman's suffrage. Mr. Julian moved an amendment extending the elective franchise to women. Amid a good deal of merriment and mutual joking, the House was brought to a vote, 55 members recording their names in the affirmative. The amendment, however, was lost, 117 ungallantly voting nay. We notice that some of the papers have Mr. Cessna's name in the list of yeas. This is a mistake. Mr. Cessna was absent at Bedford, in consequence of the illness of his wife. Mr. Churchill, who *did* vote affirmatively, does not appear in the list, Mr. Cessna's name being in someway substituted for the former.

THE Italian Senate has adopted a resolution providing for the removal of the capital from Florence to Rome on the 30th of June. The Crown Prince and wife are now on a visit to Rome, and will make it their residence. Their arrival was hailed by popular rejoicings, the firing of cannon and an illumination of the city. It is very evident that the Romans themselves are pleased with the transfer of the government from Papal to Italian control.

A SPECIAL election was held Wednesday in the 17th (Philadelphia) Legislative district, to supply the vacancy caused by the death of Joseph A. Campbell, Democrat, and resulted in the election of Mr. C. Howard Griffith, Republican, by 456 majority.

COL. DAVIS, of the Doylestown *Democrat*, spent a few days at Harrisburg, and in his last issue gives his impressions of matters and things at the State capital. He thinks the bill for a Convention to revise the Constitution will go through, the leading men of both parties favoring it. He has this to say of the "ten million steal," which is to be again attempted:

We fear, from what we heard, that the entire legislative body is not composed of saints. There is still a hankering after the "loaves and fishes." We were told there will be a strong effort made this winter, to take ten millions worth of public securities from the Sinking Fund and give them to railroads. The House is said to be all right on this swindle, and that all but six members of the Senate will vote for it. If this be the case there must be ten Democratic Senators who will help the ring to rob the Commonwealth. If a Democratic Senator shall do this deed let him be politically accursed. The Senators and Representatives from Bucks county are instructed to oppose this wicked scheme, and dare not vote for it. We hope for better things of a Democratic Senate than the passage of a bill that takes public funds from the treasury to build railroads for private corporations. If the bill shall pass we rely on the Governor to veto it, and as he is pledged to it there will be no failure on his part. Taxpayers were not fully alive to the importance of this question last fall when they made their nominations and voted.

AMOUNT REFUNDED TO STATES.

It appears, from official data, that the following amounts have been refunded to States for expenses incurred for raising volunteers, from 1861 to 1871:

		Balance due.
Maine	$1,021,048	$287,252
New Hampshire	967,872	400,618
Vermont	772,997	131,784
Massachusetts	3,500,313	251,415
Rhode Island	722,323	40,288
Connecticut	1,699,485	299,368
New York	2,334,006	898,319
New Jersey	1,310,699	58,007
Pennsylvania	2,902,533	235,947
Delaware	3,019	......
Maryland	7,162	16,817
West Virginia	471,064	......
Ohio	2,516,056	562,662
Indiana	2,443,656	1,096,655
Michigan	726,435	106,582
Illinois	2,955,693	1,619,605
Wisconsin	982,144	159,649
Iowa	704,797	385,958
Missouri	7,225,169	......
Kentucky	2,352,086	1,206,067
Nebraska	27,564	18,362
Colorado	55,238	......
Pennsylvania, Maryland Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky (expenses of Minute Men)	571,237	......
Vermont (expenses in protecting frontier)	16,464	......
	$36,360,593	
Minn. (omitted) $359,580		
Neb. (omitted) 27,564		
Delaware 3,019		
	390,163	
Total amount paid	$36,750,761	
Balance due States		$7,785.97

GENERAL NEWS.

DURING January the public debt was reduced $4,040,986.75.

THE German Parliament is to meet on the 9th of March.

THE Princess of Prussia makes her own dresses and bonnets.

LARGE shipments of swine are being made to Japan from California.

THE weather in California at the present time is very warm.

A NEW YORK despatch says that Hon. Thomas A. Scott is to be President of the Union Pacific Railroad.

THE number of French prisoners in Germany on January 1 was 11,160 officers and 333,885 privates.

THE reassembling of the London Conference is again postponed on account of the illness of Lord Granville.

JOHN Hanlon, convicted of the murder of Mary Mohrman, was hung in Philadelphia, on Wednesday.

THE ladies of Munich have resolved to present a laurel wreath to the Emperor William, and to erect a statue of General Von Moltke.

AN election for President is about to take place in Mexico. Juarez, the present incumbent, and Lerdo de Tejada are the opposing candidates.

AN address of sympathy with the Italians has been prepared in Boston and signed by numerous citizens. It will be sent to King Victor Emanuel.

DESPATCHES from Ashland, Pa., state that the work in the Schuylkill coal regions will probably be resumed between the 15th and 20th of February.

THE National Labor party will hold a convention at Columbus, Ohio, in October next, to nominate candidates for President and Vice President of the United States.

A PROBABLE reduction of 50 per cent. in the expenses of assessing the revenue throughout the country is announced from Washington.

NOW that the armistice has been declared the German steamships between the United States and Europe will resume their former route by way of the English channel and Southampton.

JAMES HAGGERTY, a notorious Philadelphia rough and criminal, was shot and killed in New York, last week, by the equally notorious rough known as "Reddy the Blacksmith."

WOMAN'S RIGHT IN PENNSYLVANIA.—A short time ago a woman was elected a bank director in Wilkesbarre, and now we see a bill introduced in the Senate by Mr. Anderson, of Allegheny, to authorize the election of females as Directors of Common schools.

THE loyalty of the State of Virginia is graphically illustrated by the act of the Legislature, ordering a portrait of the late rebel Gen. Lee, and refusing to appropriate money to procure one of the late Gen. Geo. Thomas, one of the purest patriots this country ever produced.

BURNED TO DEATH.—George Luce, living in the family of Augustus Woodward, at Bloomington, Illinois, was burned to death, last week, by the explosion of a kerosene lamp. The house and furniture were also destroyed, and Mr. Woodward severely burned.

IN the United States District Court at Richmond, Va., on Friday, Latie Cummings, colored, who was sent South as a teacher by a benevolent society in New York, obtained a verdict of $1,100 damages from the Orange and Alexandria Railroad Company, for having been ejected from the train at Alexandria because she, having a first-class ticket, refused to go into the colored people's car.

A YOUNG lady in Hartford died last week, and on the day appointed for her funeral, instead of laying her out in a coffin, the body was laid upon a sofa, robed in white, and looking as peacefully as if in a natural sleep. Rare flowers were plentifully strewn around, but all the usual death-like emblems were carefully put aside. The burial was at the convenience of the family, and took place ten days after the funeral services.

THE DIFFERENCE.—The Chicago *Post*, writing of the Democratic State Convention in Connecticut, and that of the Republicans in New Hampshire, says: "The two parties, in their first vocal utterance for this year, seem to maintain their usual relative position—the one as a snarling, growling prophet of evil, and the other as a courageous, enterprising, enlightened agent of the people, going forward in the work of progressive legislation, to increase the average comfort and correct the abuses of the Commonwealth."

THE WAR!

THE FALL OF PARIS

UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER OF THE ARMY AND FORTS.

A NATIONAL ASSEMBLY CALLED.

ARMISTICE OF THREE WEEKS.

REPORTED OUTBREAKS IN PARIS.

GAMBETTA ON THE ARMISTICE.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The negotiations of the last few days between Bismarck and Jules Favre, resulted in the formal and unconditional surrender of Paris, on Saturday evening. The Emperor William announced the important intelligence to the Empress Augusta in the following despatch:

"VERSAILLES, Jan. 29—2 P. M.—Last night an armistice for three weeks was signed. The regulars and Mobiles are to be detained in Paris as prisoners of war. The National Guard will undertake the maintenance of order. We occupy all the forts.

"Paris remains invested, but will be allowed to revictual as soon as the arms are surrendered. The National Assembly is to be summoned to meet at Bordeaux in a fortnight. All the armies in the field will retain their respective positions, the ground between the opposing lines to be neutral. This is the reward of our patriotism and great sacrifices. Thank God for this fresh mercy. May peace soon follow. WILHELM."

OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE SURRENDER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Secretary Fish has received the following telegram from Mr. Moran, charge d'affaires at London, dated London, Jan. 29, A. M.:

"The German ambassador here has officially informed me that the capituiation of all the Paris forts, and an armistice of three weeks by land and sea, was signed about 8 o'clock last evening, at Versailles, by Count Bismarck and M. Jules Favre."

AN ARMISTICE AGREED UPON.

VERSAILLES, Jan. 28.—An armistice has been agreed upon, which is to extend immediately to the whole of France. There was great agitation in Paris last night, and the beating of drums and shouts of the multitude within the walls were plainly heard.

VERSAILLES, Jan. 29.—The German troops occupied the forts around Paris at 10 A. M., to-day. The entire garrison of Paris, except the National Guard, surrendered their arms. The armistice expires on February 19.

The military forces in Paris are to remain in the city as prisoners of war. All are to deliver up their arms, except the National Guards and one division of the regular army. Communication with Paris is to be restricted provisionally, but no obstacle is to be offered to supplying the city with food.

NO INTERFERENCE WITH THE INTERNAL POLICY OF FRANCE.

LONDON, Jan. 28—9.30 A. M.—Bismarck, alluding to the reported negotiations between Napoleon and the Prussian government, says the ex-Emperor refers everything to the Regency. Bismarck denies that he has ever negotiated for the restoration of the Bonapartes, or that he intends to interfere in the domestic concerns of France.

BOURBAKI RELIEVED.

Bourbaki, who commanded the French army operating against Belfort, in the east, after his crushing defeat by Gen. Werder, attempted to commit suicide by shooting himself. He was relieved from his command, (Geh. Clinchart superseding him.) His army was in a critical condition, being pressed by the Germans and forced back to the frontiers of Switzerland, where, it was thought, the French would either have to risk another fight, or surrender, or escape across the Swiss frontier.

THE CITY'S INDEMNITY.

LONDON, Jan. 30—2 P. M.—The evening edition of the *Times* contains a despatch from Versailles which states that the contribution imposed upon Paris by the articles of capitulation is 53,000,000 francs.

FAVRE'S TELEGRAM TO BORDEAUX.

BORDEAUX, Jan. 30.—A despatch forwarded from Versailles, on the 28th, by Jules Favre to the Government at Bordeaux, says: "The treaty has been signed to-day; there is to be an armistice of twenty-one days, and the National Assembly is to be convened at Bordeaux on the 15th of February. Elections are to take place on the 8th of February.

A member of the Paris Government leaves at once for Bordeaux."

NO PERSONS ALLOWED TO LEAVE OR ENTER.

VERSAILLES, Jan. 30.—A cordon has been drawn around Paris, and no person is allowed to enter or leave without a permit from the German authorities. The revictualling of the city will proceed under German supervision.

Confidence is expressed at the German headquarters that peace has been secured. The Germans are chagrined at being prohibited from entering Paris.

FAVRE'S INTERVIEWS WITH BISMARCK.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—A *Herald* special, dated Versailles January 26th, giving an account of the last negotiations between Favre and Bismarck, says:

After rejecting Favre's first proposals, Bismarck assumed a familiar and sociable air, for which he is famous, and invited Favre to partake of refreshments, adding playfully that "from all reports you are not well supplied inside the city." Favre consented, and a good dinner was soon spread. After the entertainment Favre was politely but strictly placed under surveillance, and occupied an apartment over the Police Bureau.

When Favre subsequently returned with the acceptance of the terms in substance demanded by the Emperor, great excitement prevailed at Versailles. The Mayor went twice to the Police Headquarters to endeavor to obtain an interview, but received a premptory order not to repeat the attempt, as such an act would render him liable to imprisonment. All communication between Favre and outsiders was strictly prevented.

An interview again took place between Bismarck and Favre. The former afterwards waited on the Emperor, and a council was held, when Favre's acceptance, on the part of the Provisional Government, was submitted. After Bismarck left the Emperor he walked into the office of his chief aid General Lendorff, and began to whistle a Prussian air which the trumpeter sounds at boar hunts when the beast is down and settled. After concluding the tune he walked out again, never having spoken a word to any one present.

DISTRESS IN PARIS.

VERSAILLES, Jan. 30.—The distress in Paris is very great, and the destruction of the railways impedes revictualling the city. The Germans are, meanwhile, supplying articles of first necessity from their own stores.

PROVISIONS COMING IN.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 30.—Immense quantities of provisions are being forwarded to Paris and great efforts being made to restore the railways.

The Soissons line will be reopened in 48 hours, and direct route in eight days. The capitulation of Paris has caused a feeling of stupor in North France.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Postal communication between London and Paris is reopened.

The Prussian are driving cattle into Paris to feed the inhabitants.

Bismarck has notified the British Foreign Office that the Dieppe line alone is at present available for the transportation of provisions to Paris, but that until sufficient supplies can be received the Germans will share their stores with the citizens.

WHAT THE PEOPLE THINK.

LILLE Jan. 30.—The armistice has astounded the people of North France, though the general impression is rather favorable than otherwise. There is a feeling of uncertainty as to the future and a desire to wait for the conditions of peace before deciding upon plans for the future.

Demonstrations have occured in several French towns against both the armistice and the mutilation of France.

The municipality of Lyons appears to maintain its resistance to the Germans, and has sent a despatch to Bordeaux to urge the adoption of general measures for the same object.

LONDON, Jan. 21—12.30 A. M.—Count Bismarck will leave France after meeting the National Assembly at Bordeaux. The early return of the Emperor to Berlin is expected.

GUARANTEES TO THE POPE.

FLORENCE, Jan. 31.—The debate in Parliament on the Papal guarantees has closed. Explanation was made by the Government that the resposibilities it proposed to assume toward the Pope were virtually the same as those adopted by the advice of Cavour with relation to the liberties of the Church, and that the practical effect of this policy would be to exempt the Pope from subjection to any temporal power.

THE LATEST.

THURSDAY, Feb. 2.—Gambetta replies to Favre's despatch, announcing the armistice, that the Government at Bordeaux has ordered that its terms be executed, but cannot order elections for a National Assembly without knowing more of the condition of affairs. In a proclamation he urges that pending the armistice troops shall be collected and drilled, and military preparations in general continued, so that if necessary the war may be resumed on the expiration of the truce. Favre, Gambetta and Thiers are the most prominent candidates for the Presidency of the National Assembly, which is soon to assemble at Bordeaux.

A special telegram to the London *Times* from Berlin states that Bismarck's terms for peace embrace the cession of all Alsace and Lorraine, the payment by France of the expenses of the war, the cession of the colony of Pondicherry, and the transfer to the German navy of twenty first-class frigates of the French navy.

[Selected for the Star and Sentinel.

ARDENT SPIRITS.

It may serve to remove an error with which some intemperate people console themselves, to remark, that ardent spirits often bring on fatal diseases without producing drunkenness. I have known many persons destroyed by them, who were never completely intoxicated during the whole course of their lives. The solitary instances of longevity which are now and then met with in hard drinkers, no more disprove the deadly effects of ardent spirits, than the solitary instances of recoveries from apparent death by drowning, prove that there is no danger to life from a human body lying an hour or two under water. * * *

No man ever became suddenly a drunkard. It is by gradually accustoming the taste and stomach to ardent spirits, in the forms of grog and toddy, that men have been led to love them in their more destructive mixtures and in their simple state. * * * I shall select one instance, from among many, to shew the ordinary manner. A citizen of Philadelphia, once of a fair and sober character, drank toddy for many years, as his constant drink. From this he proceeded to drink grog. After a while nothing would satisfy him but slings made of equal parts of rum and water with a little sugar. From slings he advanced to raw rum; and from common rum to Jamaica spirits. Here he rested for a few months; but at length finding even Jamaica spirits were not strong enough to warm his stomach, he made it a constant practice to throw a table-spoonful of ground pepper into each glass of his spirits, in order, to use his own words, "to take off their coldness." He soon afterwards died a martyr to his intemperance.

Ministers of the Gospel, of every denomination in the United States! Aid me with all the weight you possess in society, from the dignity and usefulness of your sacred office, to save our fellow-men from being destroyed by the great destroyer of their lives and souls.

DR. RUSH.

THE Congressional Library now comprises 197,668 volumes, and about 30,000 pamphlets. Of this aggregate 27,170 volumes belong to the law department. The new law which requires a deposit of all publications claiming a copyright in the library is rapidly increasing the extent of the collection.

JUDGE BINGHAM, on Monday, made a report in the House on the claim of the women suffragists to the right to vote under the 14th amendment. It declares that Congress has no jurisdiction over the subject, and sends the claimants back to the State Legislatures.

PILES.—How uncomfortable are itching piles? How terribly painful are internal, external or bleeding piles! Brigg's unrivalled Pile Remedy is mild and soothing in its effects, and a positive cure for piles of every description. It has never been known to fail, when used according to direction.

CORNS, BUNIONS, BAD NAILS, CALLOSITIES, &c.—It is an astonishing fact nine out of ten persons we meet are sorely troubled with their feet. Very few are exempt. Dr. J. Briggs' popular remedies—Curative and Alleviator—are reliable and certain in their effects. The Curative for sore and tender corns, bunions, bad nails, &c., is a soothing balm for wounded feet, and rapidly cures the worst cases.—The Alleviator, for the cure of common corns and bunions, and the prevention of all corns, is a puzzle to scientific minds. Above medicines sold by A. D. Buehler, J. M. Huber and Druggists generally.

THE BEST STOVE now in market, for beauty, economy, and comfort, is admitted all around to be the MORNING GLORY. It defies all competition, and that is the judgment of all who have used it. It is just the thing for Offices, Stores, and Parlors Chambers. Call at C. H. Buehler's Ware Room, opposite the Passenger Depot, and examine for yourselves. tf

PRIME OYSTERS.—E. H. Minnigh makes it a point to serve up the VERY BEST Oysters that can be secured in the Baltimore market. He has special accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen, who will find every thing in prime order. Oysters served up in every style, to suit the most fastidious. Call and see for yourselves.

WAREHOUSE FOR RENT.—The building now occupied by Jos. Wible & Son as a Produce Warehouse, Gettysburg, Pa.—Inquire of Joseph Wible. tf

A TALK WITH LONGSTREET.

"GATH," of the Chicago *Journal*, has recently had a talk with the reconstructed Confederate General Longstreet. He says:

I met General Longstreet a few evenings ago, and had a good opportunity to determine what manner of man he is, so far at least as his conversation and appearance went, Longstreet is one of the most perfect types of a professional soldier.

He wears plain dress, and his whole presence has a nameless self-possession and self-respect which is not unfrequent amongst Southern men. He told me that he never cast a vote in his life until last year. Longstreet discusses with calmness and good judgment the military ability of his old associates, and it is not palpable that he has lost any of the zest and heartiness which used to distinguish him as a member of the "Lost Cause." He says nothing which indicates his regret at the part he took, but on the contrary, seemed to have a docile sort of fondness for his military life and prominence during the rebellion. He evidently considers Joe Johnson's to be the first military reputation of the South and he speaks of all the Federal Generals with respect, accounting even for McClellan's failure in the Peninsula. I asked him if it were true, as had been related, that at Gettysburg he advised the turning of the Federal position on Cemetary Ridge. He said "yes;" that on the third day he had proposed to General Lee to extend his line so as to cover the roads leading back towards Maryland, and this would compel an evacuation of the Federal position. "No," replied Lee, "the enemy is right there, and we must fight him." Longstreet says that he sat upon the fence and watched with a field glass Picket's Division making that celebrated but fatal charge, and that he felt satisfied that the Cemetery Ridge could not be carried. I asked him what he would have done had Lee permitted him to turn Round Top to the right, and he replied that he should have moved by forced marches directly upon Washington city. Longstreet says that both sides in the civil war committed mistakes when they put engineer officers at the head of large armies, and that the properties which make a Field Marshal are not those required in an active General. He does not believe that if Meade had pursued Lee's army after Gettysburg Lee would have been beaten, but says he wanted to stand at Hagerstown and make a fight. He always speaks of the Federals in his discussing these war matters as the enemy. He does not believe that McClellan could have got into Richmond if he had been bolder in his Peninsular campaign, but says that at a later period of the war there were several occasions when the city might have been easily captured. He thinks Gettysburg was, on the whole, the best fight of the war: thinks it fortunate that Meade had replaced Hooker in command of the Federal army there. He spoke of a number of instances where the Federal troops had behaved as well as anybody could expect soldiers to behave, and that his own troops which were collected from nearly all of the States, were as good as he wanted. He has not a particle of bitterness for anybody in the South or North; seems to admire General Grant, and talks over the whole subject philosophically.

AFTER years of agitation the District of Columbia is to be converted into a territory, with all the appointments of a territorial government. It will have a Governor, who will be appointed by the President, and a Legislature similar to a territorial Legislature. It will also have a delegate to Congress.

Special Notices.

WM. BLAIR & SON.

Are now offering a full stock of goods, Wholesale and Retail, at prices that correspond with the present condition of the market. Coffees, Spices, and many other goods down in price. Please give us a call.

WILLIAM BLAIR & SON, "South End," Carlisle, Pa.

Jan. 27, 1871.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., and Professor of *Diseases of the Eye and Ear*, (*his specialty*) *in the Medical College of Pennsylvania*, 12 *years experience*, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 805 Arch street, Phila. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination. [March 18, 1870.—1y

WIRE RAILING, WIRE GUARDS.

For Store Fronts, Asylums, &c.; Iron Bedsteads, Wire Webbing for Sheep and Poultry Yards; Brass and Iron Wire Cloth, Sieves, Fenders, Screens for Coal, Ores, Sand, &c., Heavy Crimped Cloth for Spark Arresters; Landscape Wires for Windows, &c.; Paper makers' Wires, Ornamental Wire Work, &c. Every information by addressing the manufacturers. M. WALKER & SONS, No. 11 North Sixth st., Philadelphia.

Feb. 11, 1870.—1y

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of ROBERT TATE, deceased, late of Gettysburg, Adams county, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same place, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN M. TATE, Adm'r.

Jan. 27.—6t

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of GEORGE PATTERSON, deceased, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in said township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES THOMPSON, Administrator.

Dec. 30, 1870.—6t

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration, on the Estate of JOHN SPANGLER, late of East Berlin, Hamilton township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to call and make immediate settlement, and those having claims against the same will please present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ANDREW D. SPANGLER, Adm'r.

Jan. 6, 1871.—6t

NOTICE.—The first and final account, of STUART W. HOFFMAN, assignee of FRANKLIN D. DUPHORN and wife of the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and will be confirmed by said court *on the 3d day of February, A. D.*, 1871, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

JACOB MELHORN, Proth'y.

Jan. 6, 1871.—td

NOTICE.—The first account of WILLIAM A. DUNCAN, Assignee of GEORGE A. CODORI and Wife, of the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County, and will be confirmed by said Court *on the 3d day of February next*, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

JACOB MELHORN, Proth'y.

Jan. 6, 1871.—td

LICENSE.

The following application to keep a Tavern has been filed in my office, with the requisite number of signers, and will be presented at the Court of Quarter Sessions, on the 16th of February, 1871:

Stocksdale & Green, Borough of Littlestown.

H. G. WOLF, Clerk.

Jan. 27.—td

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Adams County, Auditor to dispose of the exceptions to the Account of DAVID KENDLEHART, Executor of the Estate of James Bowen, deceased, will sit at his office in Gettysburg, on *Monday, the 6th day of February next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to attend to the duties of said appointment.

A. J. COVER, Auditor.

Jan. 20.—3t

Rule, and Notice.

ADAMS COUNTY, SS.

At an Orphans Court held at Gettysburg for said County, on the 25th day of January, 1871.

Rule granted on WM. F. BAKER, Guardian of JOHN F. WHISTLER and EMANUEL F. WHISTLER, minor children of Emanuel Whistler, deceased, to show cause why he should not be discharged from said guardianship, returnable on the 16th day of February, 1871. By the Court.

H. G. WOLF, Clerk.

To WM. F. BAKER.

You are hereby notified that the above rule will be for hearing by the Orphans Court of Adams county, on Thursday, the 16th of February, 1871.

MARIA M. GINTLING, Petitioner.

Jan. 27, 1871.—3t

Real and Personal Sales.

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, *on Friday, the 24th day of February*, 1871, at their residence in Straban township, 2½ miles east of Gettysburg, near the Railroad, and midway between the York turnpike and the Hunterstown road, the following Personal Property, to wit:

TWO WORK HORSES, 1 fine Brood Mare, 1 four-year old Horse, 1 Colt rising two years old, (blooded stock, sired by Dr. Tate's celebrated horse Cashier.) 4 YOUNG MILCH COWS, 4 head of Young Cattle, consisting of 1 Steer, 1 Bull and 2 Heifers, 4 Sheep, two-horse Wagon, three-horse Wagon, Screw-power Reaper, Hay Rake, Plows, Shovel Plows, Harrows, Corn Fork, Horse Gears, double and single Trees, Spreaders, Cow Chains, Grindstone, Corn by the bushel, Cutting-box, &c. Also, HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE, such as 2 Bedsteads, Cook Stove and Fixtures, Parlor Stove, and a great many other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by F. & W. VAN ORSDEL.

Jan. 20, 1871.—ts

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned, intending to remove to Bendersville, will sell at Public Sale, *on Thursday, the 23d day of February*, 1871, on the premises of F. A. Asper, lying between Centre Mills and Bendersville, in Menallen township, the following Personal Property, viz:

THREE HORSES, 2 of them Mares with foal, 1 Colt rising 2 years, one yearling, 4 head of MILCH COWS, some of them will be fresh by the time of sale or shortly after, 3 Heifers, 2 Sows and Pigs, 1 Shoat, 2 Wagons, one four-inch broad-tread for five or six horses, 1 two and three-horse narrow-tread Wagon, Wagon Bed, Hay Carriage, set of Dung Boards, Wire-tooth Hay Rake, Winnowing Mill, Cutting-box, 2 Plows, one a Bedford pattern and the other a Witherow, Harrow, single Shovel Plow, 2 Corn Forks, Dung and Pitch Forks, Dung Hook, Spreaders, single and double Trees, Middle Rings, 2 set of Breechbands, 2 set of Front Gears, Housings, Collars, Bridles, Line, Saddle, Halters and Chains, Jockey Stick, 2 set of Breast Chains, Butt, Cow, Log and other Chains, Grain Scraper, Grain Shovel, Tar Bucket, Rakes, and other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by SAMUEL M. PITZER.

JACOB MICKLEY, Auctioneer.

Jan. 20, 1871.—ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

On Saturday, the 4th day of February next,

The subscriber, intending to remove to North Carolina, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence on York Street, Gettysburg, the following Personal Property, viz:

ONE COLT, six months old, 1 good Covered Spring Wagon with Spread and Shafts, 1 Carriage with Spread and Shafts, 1 good Sulky, 3 good Sleighs, 2 Horse Robes, 5 Strings of Bells, Spread, pair of Shafts, double set of Wagon Harness, Collars, Bridles, Hitching Straps, 3 Saddles, Ropes, Trunk-rack, lot of Buckets, &c., pair of round Traces, 2 Flynets, Girths, Whips, 5 Fire Buckets, Wheelbarrow, Forks, Shovels, Woodsaw, Chains, &c. Also, good HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE, consisting of Morning Glory Stove and Pipe, Parlor Stove, Bedsteads, 3 Bureaus, Desk, Tables, Stands, Whatnot, good Sofa, Chairs, new Cane-seat Chairs, 2 large Rocking Chairs, Mirrors, Cradle, Quilting-frames, Step-ladders, also, NEW CHAMBER FURNITURE, consisting of Bedstead, Dressing Bureau, Washstand, Candlestand, Towelrack, 3 Cane-seat Chairs, &c.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., on said day. TERMS:—A credit of Eight Months will be given. SAMUEL HERBST.

JAMES CALDWELL, Auctioneer.

Jan. 20, 1871.—ts

PUBLIC SALE.

The subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, *on Tuesday, the 28th day of February*, 1871, at his residence at Jonas Roth's Mill, in Butler township, Adams county, 1 mile Northeast of Mummasburg, on the road leading to Middletown, the following Personal Property, to wit:

SIX WORK HORSES, 2 Mares with foal, a No. 1 Horse rising 5 years, 2 Young Mares rising 3 years, 9 Head of HORNED CATTLE, some of which are extra stock, 1 large fat Bull, 7 head of Shoats, 2 four-horse narrow-tread Wagons, Trotting Buggy, Sleigh and Bells, 2 sets of Hay Carriages, one as good as new, Lime Bed, Wire-tooth Hay Rake, Feed Trough, first-rate Winnowing Mill, Cutting-box, combined Reaper and Mower in good running order, Threshing Machine and Horse-power, 2 good Plows, 2 double Shovel Plows, 2 Harrows, Corn Forks, Corn Coverer, Dung and Pitch Forks, Rakes, Oats Forks, single, double and treble Trees, Grain Cradle, Grain Shovel, 3 sets of Breechbands, 3 sets of Front Gears, set of Harness, Wagon Saddle and Whip, Collars, Bridles, 4 Housings, four and six-horse Lines, Cavalry and Side Saddles, Riding Bridles, 6 Halters and Halter Chains, set of Breast Chains, 2 sets of Butt Traces, Cow, Fifth and Log Chains, 2 Spreaders, Spade, Mattock, 12 or 15 Tons of Hay, a lot of Old Iron, and a great many other articles too numerous to mention.

Also, the one-half interest of 38 Acres of Grain in the ground.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by HENRY ROTH.

JOHN HANES, Auctioneer.

Jan. 20, 1871.—ts

A LARGE SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned, desiring to relinquish farming, intend to offer at Public Sale, *on Thursday, the 23d day of February*, 1871, on the premises, about 1¼ miles North of Hampton, Adams county, Pa., and ¼ mile West of the Baltimore and Carlisle Pike, the following Valuable Personal Property, viz:

SIX HEAD OF MULES, (Kentucky bred,) from 5 to 6 years old, well mated in size and color, the color being a dark brown, and size from fifteen and a half to sixteen and three-quarter hands in height. This valuable team is well broken and suitable for either farm or road purposes. TWO HEAD OF HORSES, both good driving, one of them is the little Bay Mare which took the county premium at Gettysburg last fall. 8 HEAD OF MILCH COWS, some of which will be fresh shortly after the sale, 3 HEIFERS, two of which are with calf, 1 BULL, (two yearling,) 4 good Brood Sows, 3 of which are full-blooded Chester Whites, 1 Chester Boar, 6 Chester Shoats, and a lot of Young Pigs of same breed. 2 Broad-tread Wagons, one and two-horse Wagons, with ladders, 1 Germantown Carriage, 1 new Bed with Lime-bottom, Hay Carriages, 1 Wire-tooth Rake, (Brandt's patent,) Threshing Machine and Horse-power, Buckeye Reaper and Mower, (Berlin make,) Cutting-box, Grain Drill, nearly new, 4 Plows, (2 of which are Baker's make,) 3 Harrows, double and treble Shovel Plows, Corn Forks, Corn Coverer, large Cultivator, Jack Screw, single, double and treble Trees, 2 Spreaders with Single Trees, Fifth, Log, Halter, Butt and Breast Chains, 1 set of Buggy Harness, 6 set of Horse Gears, nearly new, with home-made Traces, (Leeper's make,) 6 Housings, Wagon Saddle, Wagon Whip, Bridles, Collars, Halters, five-horse Line, Plow Lines, Check Lines, Forks, Shovels, Rakes, Grain Cradle, Mowing Scythes, Axes, Dung Hook, Half-bushel, Grindstone, and a lot of genuine Norway Oats, Meat Vessel, Bacon, &c. Also, HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE, such as Bedsteads, Chairs, Parlor Table, falling-leaf Table, large Walnut Dresser, Churn, Crocks, 2 Ten-plate Stoves, Parlor Stove, Kitchen Carpet, Doughtray, Apple Butter, Lard, Canned Fruit, and a lot of other things not herein specified.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by MARY T. TOWNSEND, JOHN W. TOWNSEND, WM. F. TOWNSEND.

LEWIS WALKER, Auctioneer.

Jan. 20, 1871.—ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned, intending to remove, will sell at Public Sale, *on Wednesday, the 15th day of February, next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.*, at his residence in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., on the road leading from Gettysburg to Taneytown, 4 miles from Gettysburg, the following valuable Personal Property, viz:

ONE MULE, 1 Fresh Cow, 3 Heifers all with calf, 1 narrow-tread Wagon nearly new, Stone Bed, Patent Hay Carriage, Threshing Machine, wire-spring Tooth Rake, Winnowing Mill, Cutting Box, 2 Corn Forks, Forks, Rakes, Shovels, Mattocks, Horse Gears, Breechbands, Flynets, Cruppers, Halters, Log and Cow Chains, Bridles, Wheelbarrow, Grindstone, Work Bench, Meat Bench, Sausage Grinder, Iron Kettle, Meat Vessels, Tubs, Barrels, Axes, Maul and Wedges, &c. Also, HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE, consisting of Cook Stove, Parlor Stove, 1 eight-day large Corner Clock, 24 hour Clock, 6 Bedsteads, Bureau, Desk, Safe, Sink, Corner Cupboard, 3 Tables, Chairs, Stand, Clothes Chest, Flour Chest, Pots, Crocks, Tinware, Dishes, &c. Also, Potatoes and Onions by the bushel, 2 Scaps of Bees, a lot of Carpenter Tools, a lot of inch and half-inch Pine and Poplar Lumber, a lot of unfinished Beehives. Also, the Right to manufacture and sell the American for the remainder of the County of Adams.

Attendance will be given and terms made known by ISAAC T. SHRIVER.

Jan. 13, 1871.—ts

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned will sell at Public Sale, *on Saturday, the 25th of February next*, on the premises in Oxford township, Adams county, Pa., one-half mile East of Oxford, the following Personal Property, viz:

THREE HEAD OF HEAVY DRAFT HORSES, 1 three-yearling Colt, 3 head of MILCH COWS, 2 of which will be fresh in the spring, 3 Wagons, 1 four-inch broad-tread and one two-horse narrow-tread, Spring Wagon, 2 Wagon Beds, 2 sets of Hay Carriages, 2 sets of Manure Boards, Thresher and Power and Gum Belt all in good order, combined Reaper and Mower, Bald's patent Winnowing Mill, Wire-tooth Hay Rake, Falling-top Buggy with Shafts and Tongue, Sleigh, Corn-planter, Plows, Harrows, Cultivator, double Shovel Plows, Corn Forks, Jack Screw, Log, Fifth, Breast and Cow Chains, Butt Traces, Feed Trough, Anvil, Pincers, Hammer, cross-cut Saw, Scalding Trough, Grindstone, Mowing Scythes, Sled, Forks, Rakes, Shovels, Dung Hook, 2 sets of Breechbands, 2 sets of Front Gears, 2 sets of Carriage Harness, Collars, Bridles, Housens, Hames, Wagon and Plow Lines, Check Lines, 2 sets of Yankee Harness, 2 Flynets, Riding and Wagon Saddles, Halters, Stone Drill, Mason Square, also, HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE, consisting of 2 Stoves and Pipe, Ten-plate and Parlor Stoves, Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, Writing Desk, Clock, set of Stoneware Dishes, Looking Glass, and many other articles not here mentioned.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by JAMES M. NEELY.

JOHN STALLSMITH, Auctioneer.

Jan. 13, 1871.—ts

A SMALL PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned offers at private sale, a TRACT OF LAND, situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, on the Hanover road, half a mile from Bonaughtown, adjoining lands of James Biehl, Rev. Shorb and others, and containing 18 ACRES, more or less. The improvements are a one and a half story DWELLING HOUSE, part stone and part frame, a Frame Barn, Smoke House, well of excellent water, and plenty of fruit. Two acres are good timber. The land is in a high state of cultivation and under post and rail fencing. Terms easy, to suit purchasers.—Apply to or address the undersigned, in the same township.

R. F. HAGARMAN.

Aug. 12, 1870.—tf

FOR SALE,

The Mansion House and Farm

Formerly the residence of Dr. Baugher, near Gettysburg, containing 27 acres of Land in good condition, ⅔ of the land being inside the Borough limits. Is an excellent truck farm. The House is large, convenient and comfortable. A variety of Fruit, never-failing water, &c. For terms, enquire of Mr. George Arnold, Cashier of 1st National Bank, Gettysburg.

Dec. 7, 1870.—tf

PUBLIC SALE.

The subscriber will sell at Public Sale, *on Tuesday, February the 14th*, 1871, at his residence in Straban township, Adams county, on the road leading from Hunterstown to Heidlersburg, about 2 miles from either place, the following Personal Property, to wit: 4 good work Horses, 1 Mare with foal, 1 three-year old Colt, 1 two-year old Colt, 5 milch Cows, some will be fresh by the time of sale, 2 Bulls, 7 Heifers, 2 Sows with pigs, 2 Shoats, 1 Government Wagon in good running order, 1 good four-horse narrow-tread Wagon, 1 Spring Wagon, 2 sets of Hay Carriages, as good as new, Lime Bed, 1 wire-tooth Hay Rake, Drill, 1 Combined Reaper and Mower, in good running order, Berlin make, Winnowing Mill, Grindstone, Sled and Box, Sleigh, 2 new Wheelbarrows, Clover Huller, Rope and Tackle, Hay Fork, Pitcher, Corn Sheller, 2 Iron Plows, Bendersville Plow, Plank Plow, Harrow, Cultivator, Shovel Harrow, as good as new, 2 Shovel Plows, Corn Fork, Corn Coverer, Dung and Pitch Forks, three-horse Tree, double Trees, and a lot of single Trees, 2 sets of Breechbands, 2 sets of Front Gears, Wagon Saddle, 1 set of Harness, Collars, Bridles, Line, 2 Leather Flynets, Halters, Halter Chains, 1 set of Breast Chains, 3 sets of Butt Chains, Cow Chains, 2 Rail Chains, 2 Spreaders, Buggy Spread, Jack Screw, Grain Shovel, Mowing Scythe, cross-cut Saw, Flaxbreak, Scutching Mill, Mattock, a lot of Old Iron. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting of 3 bedsteads, Sink, Corner Cupboard, Desk, Cook Stove, Meat Vessel and Cider Barrels, Sausage Grinder, Sausage Stuffer, a lot of Smoked Meat, lot of Lard by the Pound, good cut Rifle, Tow Wheel, Wool Wheel, &c.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M. TERMS:—A credit of Twelve months will be given. SAMUEL G. DEARDORFF.

JOHN STALLSMITH, Auctioneer. Dec. 30—ts

VALUABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned offers at Private Sale a very DESIRABLE FARM, situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, Penna., 1½ miles from Gettysburg, near the Chambersburg turnpike, containing 218 ACRES of land, of which there are 52 Acres in excellent timber. The land is in a good state of cultivation, and under very good fencing. The improvements consist of a large new two-story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, with a new Weatherboarded Summer House close to the dwelling, a never-failing well of water in front of the door, Frame Barn, Wagon Shed, Carriage House, Corn Crib, Hog Pen, and all other necessary outbuildings.

There is also an Apple Orchard in prime bearing, and another that is just coming into bearing; also, a young Peach Orchard in fine bearing order. There are small fruits of all descriptions around the buildings.

The property is well suited for division, with almost an equal proportion of timber at each end, and also plenty of water for stock.

Persons wishing to view the property, or ascertain terms, will call on the subscriber, or address by letter. THEODORE BENDER.

June 17, 1870.—tf

RARE BARGAIN.

VALUABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned offers at Private Sale, his FARM, situated in Butler township, Adams county, Pa., one-half mile north of Roth's Mill, on the road leading from Gettysburg to Arendtsville, ¼ mile from McCreary's Paper Mill, containing 107 ACRES. About 100 Acres of this land lies in a square. The land is in a good state of cultivation and under good fencing. The improvements consist of a large new two-story BRICK HOUSE, with a new Brick Summer House, close to the dwelling, with a never-failing well of Water at the door, Log Bank Barn with a new Wagon Shed and Corn-crib attached, Hog Pen, and all other necessary outbuildings. There is an excellent Spring of Water in the fields, so that you can let the cattle water from every field. There is also an Apple Orchard on the premises in prime bearing; also Peach and other small fruits in abundance close to the buildings.

Persons wishing to view the property can do so by calling on the undersigned. For terms, address by mail, at Arendtsville, Adams County, Pa. MICHAEL BARE.

Dec. 23, 1870.—3m

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.

The subscriber wishes to dispose of his valuable HOUSE and LOT, containing 1 Acre, situated on the Chambersburg turnpike in the Borough of Gettysburg.

THE HOUSE is built on the Cottage style, with 9 good Rooms and is very convenient throughout, and a good well of water at the door, with a good Stable and other outbuildings. The Grounds are nicely laid out, and planted with a variety of ornamental Trees.

To any person wishing to buy this is a rare chance. Terms easy.

If sold possession will be given in the second week of June; if not sold by that time it will be offered for rent until the 1st of April, 1871.

For particulars enquire of Geo. Arnold or Samuel Bushman at the First National Bank, or of CYRUS S. GRIEST, Flora Dale P. O. Pa.

May 27, 1870.—tf

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned Executors of the the Estate of ELIAS SLAGLE, deceased, offer at Private Sale, the HOME MANSION, situate in New Oxford, containing 10 ACRES, more or less, of good farming land. The Improvements are a two-story BRICK HOUSE, with an out-kitchen attached, Frame Barn, with Carriage House, Hog Pen, Corn-crib, and all other outbuildings attached, a well of never-failing water at the door, with a variety of all kinds of Fruit. It is a very desirable Home and persons wishing to purchase should call before going elsewhere. It is favorably located for business, adjoining the Ware-House of Messrs. Mehorn & Bender.

Any person wishing to view either of the properties will please call on the last named Executor, residing in New Oxford.

GEORGE SLAGLE, CHAS. A. DIEHL, Executors.

Oct 14.—tf

VALUABLE LANDS!!

FOR SALE.

No. 1, A FARM, two miles north-west of Gettysburg, adjoining Spring Hotel property, 153 Acres, with large BRICK HOUSE, large Switzer Barn, Tenant House, and other Improvements. Price $6,700—not more than cost of buildings.

No. 2, B FARM, two and a half miles north-west of Gettysburg, adjoining No. 1, 116 Acres, with good STONE HOUSE, Barn and other Improvements. An excellent grass farm. Price $4,500.

No. 3, A FARM adjoining No. 1, and town lots of Gettysburg, containing 119 Acres, with STONE FARM BUILDINGS. It is divided by the Chambersburg Turnpike and comprises many very choice building lots. Price, $6500.

No. 4, A FARM, five miles from Gettysburg, on public road, 152 Acres, good land in good condition, with large BRICK HOUSE, and large Switzer Barn. Price $5,500—very cheap.

No. 5, A VERY GOOD FARM, two miles from Gettysburg, 240 Acres, with large BRICK HOUSE, large Bank Barn, all in good condition. Price $50 per acre.

No. 6, A FARM, 170 Acres, four miles from Gettysburg, on Public road, comfortable FARM BUILDINGS, red land. ½ limed.—Price $5,000 half cash.

No. 7, An excellent FRUIT FARM, ten miles north of Gettysburg, on public road, about 80 Acres good land, with comfortable Buildings. Price $3,500.

NO. 8, A GOOD RED LAND FARM, 150 Acres, comfortable HOUSE and all needed Outbuildings, and Barn, Land limed and in good order, good grass-farm, near Baltimore Turnpike, 7 miles from Gettysburg, 3 miles from Littlestown. Price $6,500.

NO. 9, A TRACT OF GRANITE LAND, three miles from Gettysburg, on York pike, 22 Acres, good HOUSE and STABLE, a good stand for store or Mechanic. Price $2,500.

NO. 10, A VERY GOOD FARM, two miles west of Gettysburg, on public road, 224 Acres, well limed and in good condition, good Buildings, Weatherboarded HOUSE, large Bank Barn, plenty fruit, good location. Price, $50 per acre; or will sell 124 Acres with buildings at same.

NO. 11, A VERY GOOD STOCK FARM, two miles east of Gettysburg, on York pike, 160 Acres, or will sell 110 Acres, about ½ limed, a good FRAME HOUSE, two Barns, well watered. Price $60 per acre—terms easy.

NO. 12, A VERY VALUABLE FARM, 254 Acres, of which 100 acres heavy Timber, Oak, Hickory and Walnut, five miles west of Gettysburg, on public road, two sets of Buildings, will sell ½ or the whole, excellent fruit farm, good land, red gravel. Price $45 per acre.

NO. 13, A GOOD FARM, 130 Acres, 7 miles from Gettysburg, on Harrisburg road, good FRAME HOUSE and Barn, all kinds of fruit.—Price $3,900.

NO. 14, A FIRST-CLASS RED LAND FARM, 160 Acres, or will sell 100 Acres; 2 miles from Gettysburg, on Harrisburg road; good Weatherboarded HOUSE, Bank Barn, abundant fruit, Land limed and in good order.

Also, several other Farms and Town Property. Also, Western lands and Town Property, to exchange for Adams County Farms.

R. G. McCREARY, *Attorney for the Owners*, Gettysburg, Pa.

May 27.—tf

Valuable Town Property

FOR SALE.

The new two-story

BRICK DWELLING,

with brick Backbuilding—7 Rooms—with Gaspipes through the entire building—fronting 60 feet on Carlisle street, north of Stevens Hall. The building is new, and completed in best style. It will be sold on reasonable terms.

If not sold by October 1, it will be for Rent.

C. H. & A. D. BUEHLER.

Gettysburg, Sept. 9.—tf

WESTERN

PRE-EMPTION LANDS.

I HAVE ON HAND A FEW

TRACTS

OF NO. 1,

second hand, pre-emption Lands located near Railroads, County Towns, &c., in well settled neighborhoods, which I will sell or exchange at a fair price for Real Estate in Adams county, Pa.

Feb. 5, 1868.—tf GEO. ARNOLD.

FOR RENT,

THE IDAVILLE HOTEL—with Store-Room attached—situate in Idaville, Adams county—all in good order. Possession will be given on the 1st of April. Apply to the undersigned, at Menallen P. O.

Jan. 13.—tf JESSE HOUCK

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, *on Friday, the 10th of March*, 1871, at his residence in Mountpleasant township, 3 miles east of Gettysburg, on the road to Bonaughtown, the following Valuable Personal Property, viz:

THREE HEAD OF WORK HORSES, 1 Mare with foal, 2 Young Horses, 1 rising 5 and the other 6 years old, 1 Colt 2 years old, 6 head of MILCH COWS, some will be fresh at time of sale, 2 Bulls, 1 Heifer, 9 head of Shoats, 1 narrow-tread three-horse Wagon, Spring Wagon, Falling-top Buggy, Sleigh and Bells, Log and Lime Sled, new set of Hay Carriages, 2 Lime Beds one new, Wire-tooth Hay Rake, good Fanning Mill, Cutting-box, combined Reaper and Mower, 3 Shear Plows, single and double Shovel Plows, Corn Forks, Corn Coverer, 2 Harrows, Cultivator, single, double and treble Trees, Spreader, Log, Halter, Cow, Butt and Breast Chains, 2 sets of Breechbands, 2 set of Front Gears, 2 set of Harness, Flynets, Riding Saddle, Wagon Saddle, Bridles, Collars, Halters, Check Lines, Plow Lines, Forks, Rakes, Shovels, Grain Cradle, Mowing Scythes, 2 Grindstones, Maul and Wedges, Wheelbarrow, also, HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE, such as Bedsteads, Cane-bottom Chairs, Copper Kettle, Apple Butter, &c.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by ABRAHAM TAWNEY.

JOHN STALLSMITH, Auctioneer.

Jan. 27, 1871.—ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public sale, *on Thursday, the 9th of March*, 1871, at his residence in Butler township, Adams county, on the road from Gettysburg to Arendtsville, ½ mile from the latter place, ¾ mile from Roth's Mill, and ¼ mile from Wierman's Mill, the following Valuable Personal Property, viz:

THREE DRAUGHT HORSES, 1 Brood Mare, 3 Colts, one a yearling, one two-yearling and one three-yearling, 3 MILCH COWS, one will be fresh at time of sale, 1 large Durham Bull, 4 head of Young Cattle, 4 head of good Sheep, Brood Sow, Chester White, 4 Shoats, 1 good four-horse narrow-tread Wagon, Lime Bed as good as new, 2 set of Hay Carriages, Bow Ladder, Wire-tooth Hay Rake, as good as new, Grain Drill, as good as new, Fayetteville Wheat Fan, Rolling-screen, nearly new, Large Wood Sled, nearly new, Dung Sled, Grind-stone, Flaxbrake, Grain Cradle, (Bikes' make,) Clover Cradle, Seller and Bendersville Plows new, Drag Rake, Feed Trough, Harrow, Corn Coverer, Corn Fork, single Shovel Plow, double Shovel Plow, Dung Hook, a lot of Forks and Shovels, Mattock, three-horse double Tree, 2 two-horse double Trees, two-horse Spreader, 1 one-horse Spreaders, long Log Chain, pair of long Traces, pair of Breast Chains, pair of Butt Traces, Shaking Fork, 3 Rakes, Grain or Scoop Shovel, 2 Threshing Flails, set of Manure Boards, Axe, Mowing Scythe and Snath, lot of good Old Iron, 2 set of Crupper Gears, 2 set of Wheel Gears, 4 Collars, 4 Blind Bridles, Riding Bridle, Wagon Whip, four-horse Line, Housing, 2 head Halters and Chains, Flynet nearly new, Lead Rein, and a great variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

A Credit of 12 Months will be given. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. JOHN FUNT.

JOHN HANES, Auctioneer.

Jan. 27, 1871.—ts

FOR SALE!

ONE OF THE

BEST MILL PROPERTIES

with one of the BEST FARMS in Adams County. Also, desirable

Real Estate in Gettysburg.

Also, valuable

Lands in Iowa and Missouri.

McCLEAN & WOODS, Attorneys at Law, and Real Estate Agents.

Jan. 13, 1871.—3m

AT PRIVATE SALE

50 ACRES OF GOOD LAND, situate on "Diamond Hill," 1 mile West of Gettysburg and one of the finest building sites in this vicinity. Call on, or address W. H. HOUGHTELIN.

Jan. 13, 1871.—tf

A FARM FOR SALE CHEAP.

A good Farm 3 miles from Gettysburg containing 100 ACRES with improvements for $600—one-half cash, the balance easy payments. Call on, or address P. D. W. HANKEY, Gettysburg, Pa.

Jan. 13, 1871.—tf

Watches and Jewelry.

WATCHES & JEWELRY

WM. P. M'CARTNEY wishes to inform his customers and the public generally, that having purchased the interest of his partner, (L. V. B. Soper,) in the Watch and Jewelry Store on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, he will spare no effort to give satisfaction to all.

He has just returned from the city with a splendid assortment of

GOLD and SILVER AMERICAN and SWISS WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER TEA and TABLE SPOONS, FORKS, GOLD, SILVER and STEEL FRAME SPECTACLES; also, CLOCKS of the best Manufacture, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, VIOLIN & GUITAR STRINGS, SCREWS and BRIDGES.

Watch and Clock work warranted for one year. Jewelry repairing executed in a neat and workmanlike manner. [Sept. 19, 1869—tf

CLOCKS, WATCHES

AND

JEWELRY.

A. R. FEISTEL

Has removed his shop to York street, opposite the Globe Inn, Gettysburg, where he has constantly on hand a fine assortment of

CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY AND SILVER-PLATED WARE.

Old Silver taken in exchange. All kinds of REPAIRING done, and charges moderate. All work warranted to give satisfaction.

Nov. 25, 1870.—tf

Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

Hardware and Groceries.

The subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of **Hardware and Groceries**, which they are offering at their old stand on Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

Carpenter's Tools, Blacksmith's Tools, Coach Findings, Shoe Findings, Cabinet-Maker's Tools, Housekeeper's Fixtures, All kinds of Iron, &c., &c., &c.

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,

Oils, Paints, &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had in this Store. Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any other house out of the City. DAVID ZIEGLER, JOEL B. DANNER.

May 29, 1867—tf

NEW STORE!

SWEITZER & BROTHER.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Hardware and Groceries,

Carlisle St., near the Railroad, Gettysburg.

HARDWARE—Includes Builders' Hardware generally. Nails, Locks, Glass, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paint Brushes, &c. We call the attention of Blacksmiths to our assortment of Iron, Steel, Horse Shoes and Horse Shoe Nails, &c.

HOUSE KEEPERS are invited to examine our stock of Knives, Forks, Spoons, Buckets, Tubs, &c., &c.

GROCERIES, such as Coffees, Sugars, Teas, Spices, Syrups, Vinegar, Soaps, &c., all of which we will constantly keep on hand. All sold low for cash.

Here is the place to buy cheap. Don't forget to call and examine our stock of goods.

SWEITZER & BRO.

Oct. 7, 1870—tf

WEAVER & CO.

Livery, Sales & Exchange

STABLES,

Washington Street, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

THE undersigned having entered into partnership, under the firm of Weaver & Co., have taken the well known Livery Stables of N. Weaver, and are prepared to supply the public with all styles and kinds of conveyances that can be found in a first-class Livery. Their stock cannot be beaten by any establishment in the town.

Parties wishing to visit the Battle-field, will find superior accommodations at this Livery, without additional charge for Guides.

CARRIAGE MAKING

WILL also be carried on in all its branches at their Shops opposite the Livery, all styles of *BUGGIES, JAGGER WAGONS, CARRIAGES, &c.*,

built of the best material and by skillful workmen, on short notice.

REPAIRING

promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.

LEVI WEAVER, W. D. HOLTZWORTH, W. T. ZIEGLER.

Nov. 4, 1870.—tf

OVER COATS.

PICKING & CO., are selling them off very cheap to make room for spring purchases.

d Personal Sales.

SALE OF
ABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

ed, intending to quit farming, c Sale, *on Friday, the 10th of* his residence, in Mountpleasant s east of Gettysburg, on the road h, the following Valuable Perso-

D OF WORK HORSES, 1 Mare ng Horses, 1 riding 5 and the oth- Colt 2 years old, 6 head of MILCH ll be fresh at time of sale, 2 Bulls, of Shotes, 1 narrow-tread three- pring Wagon, Falling-top Buggy, Log and Lime Sled, new set of Lime Beds one new, Wire-tooth Fanning Mill, Cutting-box, com- d Mower, 3 Shear Plows, single el Plows, Corn Forks, Corn Cov- s, Cultivator, single, double and preader, Log, Halter, Cow, Butt s, 2 set of Breechbands, 2 set of et of Harness, Flynets, Riding Saddle, Bridles, Collars, Halters, w Lines, Forks, Rakes, Shovels, Mowing Scythes, 2 Grindstones, s, Wheelbarrow, also, HOUSE- TCHEN FURNITURE, such as -bottom Chairs, Copper Kettle,

mmence at 10 o'clock, A. M., will be given and terms made ABRAHAM TAWNEY.
ith, Auctioneer.

ALE OF
ABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

ed, intending to quit farming, e Sale, *on Thursday, the 9th of* is residence in Butler township, on the road from Gettysburg to mile from the latter place, ½ Mill, and ¼ mile from Wier- ollowing Valuable Personal Pro-

GHT HORSES, 1 Brood Mare, rling, one two-yearling and one MILCH COWS, one will be fresh large Durham Bull, 4 head of ead of good Sheep, Brood Sow, Shotes, 1 good four-horse nar- Lime Bed as good as new, 2 ages, Bow Ladder, Wire-tooth d as new, Grain Drill, as good ille Wheat Fan, Rolling-screen, e Wood Sled, nearly new, Dung e, Flaxbrake, Grain Cradle, lover Cradle, Seiler and Bend- w, Drag Rake, Feed Trough, verer, Corn Fork, single Shovel vel Plow, Dung Hook, a lot of s, Mattock, three-horse double double Trees, two-horse Spread- readers, long Log Chain, pair of of Breast Chains, pair of Butt Fork, 2 Rakes, Grain or Scoop ng Flails, set of Manure Boards, the and Snath, lot of good Old rupper Gears, 2 set of Wheel Blind Bridles, Riding Bridle, r-horse Line, Housing, 2 head ins, Flynet nearly new, Lead variety of other articles too tion.

12 Months will be given. Sale o'clock, A. M. JOHN FUNT.
uctioneer.

R SALE!
ONE OF THE
LL PROPERTIES
EST FARMS in Adams County. Also, desirable
te in Gettysburg.
Also, valuable
owa and Missouri.
CLEAN & WOODS, Attorneys at Law, and Real Estate Agents.

TE SALE
CRES OF GOOD LAND,
nd Hill," 1 mile West of Get- of the finest building sites in on, or address W. H. HOUGHTELIN.

OR SALE CHEAP.
iles from Gettysburg contain- th improvements for $600— balance easy payments. Call P. D. W. HANKEY, Gettysburg, Pa.

s and Jewelry.
S & JEWELRY
RTNEY wishes to inform his and the public generally, that he interest of his partner, (L. e Watch and Jewelry Store on Gettysburg, he will spare no action to all. rned from the city with a splen- ER AMERICAN and SWISS WELRY, SILVER TEA and INS, FORKS, GOLD, SIL- EEL FRAME SPECTA- S, CLOCKS of the best ure, MUSICAL IN- MENTS, VIOLIN ITAR STRINGS, REWS and BRIDGES.
Clock work warranted for one airing executed in a neat and er. [Sept. 10, 1869—tf

S, WATCHES
AND
ELRY.
FEISTEL
hop to York street, opposite ttysburg, where he has con- e assortment of
TCHES, JEWELRY AND PLATED WARE.
in exchange. All kinds of and charges moderate. All give satisfaction.

c, Cutlery, &c.
and Groceries.
ave just returned from the nse supply of Hardware hich they are offering at their ore street, at prices to suit the onsists in part of ls, *Blacksmith's Tools*, *Shoe Findings, Cabi- Tools, Housekeeper's All kinds of Iron*, &c., &c.
S OF ALL KINDS,
here is no article included in ments mentioned above but this Store. Every class of commodated here with tools Housekeepers can find every Give us a call as we are pre- or cash as any other house DAVID ZIEGLER, JOEL B. DANNER.

STORE!
ER & BROTHER,
nd Retail Dealers in
and Groceries,
the Railroad, Gettysburg.
ncludes Builders' Hardware ocks, Glass, Paints, Oils, Var- es, &c. We call the attention ur assortment of Iron, Steel, orse Shoe Nails, &c. e invited to examine our rks, Spoons, Buckets, Tubs, ch as Coffees, Sugars, Teas, egar, Soaps, &c., all of which keep on hand. All sold low to buy cheap. Don't forget our stock of goods. SWEITZER & BRO.

ER & CO..
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ABLES,
eet, Gettysburg, Penn'a.
having entered into partner- rm of Weaver & Co., have wn Livery Stables of N. Weav- to supply the public with all of conveyances that can be s Livery. Their stock cannot tablishment in the town. g to visit the Battle-field, will ommodations at this Livery, charge for Guides.

GE MAKING
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AIRING
to and satisfaction guaran-
S A CALL.
LEVI WEAVER, W. H. HOLTZWORTH, W. T. ZIEGLER.

SH COATS.
are selling them off very cheap or spring purchases.

The Star and Sentinel.

Friday Morning, Feb. 3, 1871.

LOCAL ITEMS.

SALES OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.—The following sales of Personal Property will be found in our advertising colums:
Saturday, Feb. 4—Samuel Herbst, Gettysburg.
Tuesday, " 14—Samuel G. Deardorff, Straban.
Wednesday, " 15—Isaac T. Schriver, Cumberland.
Thursday, " 23—Samuel M. Pitzer, Menallen.
" " 23—Messrs. Townsend, Reading.
Friday " 24—F. & W. Van Orsdel, Straban.
Saturday, " 25—James M. Neely, Oxford.
Monday, " 27—John Baker, Freedom.
Tuesday, " 28—Henry Roth, Butler.
Wednesday, Mar. 1—Jeremiah Gulden, Butler.
Tuesday, " 7—P. G. Cassatt, Straban.
Wednesday, " 8—Mrs. Graft & W. A. McIlhenny, Straban.
Thursday, " 9—John Funt, Butler.
Friday, " 10—Abraham Tawney, Mountpleasant.

SALE.—George Louch has purchased a house and lot from Daniel Ehrehart, in New Oxford, at $1,400.

DIVIDEND.—The Gettysburg Gas Company has declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent.

SNOW.—Last week we had a plentiful fall of snow, and for several days there was a promise of fine sleighing. On Tuesday a rain set in, which has pretty well used up the snow on travelled roads.

CONFERENCE.—The next Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, will convene in the First Methodist Episcopal church of Carlisle, on Wednesday, the eighth day of March next. It is expected that 200 ministers will be in attendance during the progress of the Conference.

LECTURES.—During the last week two Lectures were delivered in Agricultural Hall—one by A. H. Chase, Esq., of York on the "Age of Humbug," the other by Rev. A. M. Milligan on the "Past and Future." Engagements prevented us from hearing either, but both are well spoken of as creditable productions. In each case, the weather was stormy, and the audience limited.

REVENUE DISTRICTS.—The large reductions in Internal Revenue taxes, under recent Congressional legislation, make it necessary to reduce the number of sub districts. The work of reduction is now in progress. In Adams county we have had four sub-districts, which will be consolidated into one or two. The district hitherto in charge of Wm. S. Cart, Esq., has been assigned to John M. Krauth, Esq., of the Gettysburg district.

INSTALLED.—On Monday evening, Jan. 2, District Deputy, Samuel Weaver installed the following officers of "Catoctin Tribe, No. 129, I. O. R. M.," at Littlestown: S., G. W. Stover; S. S., Wm. H. Lansinger; J. S., C. R. Snyder; P., James Cress; R. S., W. C. Merie; L. S., David Hesson; G. W., F. D. Hesson; G. F., Geo. Smith; Warriors, John Nau, W. B. Zecker, Wm. Young, W. W. Edwards; Braves, C. P. Kump, Jacob M. Bair, Jas. Lilly, J. E. Bair; C. R., A. F. Barker; K. W., Isaac Staub.

HON. THOMAS H. BURROWES.—This gentleman having been greatly prostrated by the labors connected with the winding up of the year of the Agricultural College of Pennsylvania, which closed in December 1870, and of which he is President, has since been in a somewhat critical condition of health. We are pleased to learn, however, that he is gradually becoming restored and that the College for the year '71 will re-open, as heretofore announced, under his direction, on Friday the tenth of February.

DEATH OF HON. JASPER E. BRADY.—Hon. Jasper E. Brady, formerly of Chambersburg, died in Washington City, on the 23d ult., of erysipelas, aged about 80 years. Mr. Brady was a prominent politician, in the days of the old Whig party, and was well known in this section. He was elected to Congress in 1846, over Judge Hepburn, in the Franklin, Cumberland and Perry district, and was beaten in 1848 by Mr. McLanahan. He removed to Pittsburg about 1850, and subsequently to Washington. For several years he was chief of the auditing division of the Paymaster General's office.

ARREST.—On Sunday last Franklin Penn, colored, hired a horse from Mr. Charles Mealey, livery keeper, in Frederick, Md., professedly to go 5 or 6 miles out of town. Penn not returning with the horse, Mr. Mealey's suspicions were excited and following after Penn, he traced him to this place, the horse being found at Meyer's hotel, where Penn had taken him to be kept a few days. Penn had pawned the blanket at a gate house between this and Frederick, in payment of toll, and it is rumored endeavored to sell the saddle here. Mealey took possession of the horse and made information before Justice Cover against Penn for larceny. The latter was arrested on Wednesday night and committed in default of bail. Penn, it seems, has a wife residing in this place, and one of his children lay dead at the time of his arrest. He denies the charge of larceny—admits however, that he misrepresented to Mealey his purposes when he hired the horse—that he came to Gettysburg, pledging the blanket on the road until he should return—that when he reached Gettysburg he found his child very ill, and hence remained longer than he intended. He will be taken to Frederick to answer the charge of larceny.

RAILROAD TO CHAMBERSBURG.—The Chambersburg *Valley Spirit*, in noticing the project for a new Railroad from York to the Potomac river, via Gettysburg, think the best route would be through Chambersburg. The idea would be to keep the route of the old "Tapeworm road" from Gettysburg for some four miles west of the latter place, and then leaving it, keep along in the neighborhood of Hilltown, Arendtsville, New Salem, Cashtown, crossing the South Mountain at the Caledonia gap, passing Fayetteville, and thus coming to Chambersburg in a straight line. There would be about ten towns within convenient distance of this road, between Gettysburg and Chambersburg, a distance of twenty-five miles.

The same paper says, "there is great interest now being manifested in the building of this road, and the citizens of Adams county living between the county line, near Caledonia Iron Works, and Gettysburg, are exciting themselves vigorously to induce the parties, who have the construction of the road in contemplation, to change the route which has hitherto been considered likely to be adopted. In Buchanan Valley there is great activity on the subject."

A CHANCE FOR BARGAINS.—Mr. Samuel Herbst, who intends to remove to North Carolina, will sell valuable Personal Property, at his residence on York street, on Saturday, Feb. 4. See adv. ts

TO SELL—AT HALF PRICE.—A handsome Case with glass front, suitable for store or library. Inquire at this office.

VALUABLE MEDICINES.—Read the advertisement of A. J. Miller, Druggist, of Baltimore, in to-day's paper, headed "Important Medical Discovery." No humbug. tf

RAILROAD SURVEY.—Last week we gave a general statement of the recent survey made by Joseph S. Gitt, Engineer, from New Oxford to York, for the "Susquehanna, Gettysburg and Potomac Railroad Company." We notice in the York *Republican* a letter from Mr. Gitt, giving the proposed route in detail. The line begins in New Oxford, near Melhorn's warehouse and runs parallel with the railroad for half a mile, thence deflecting to the left, passing through lands of A. Sheetz, Francis Grove, John Heagy, Henry L. Gitt, and Edmund C. Gitt, crossing the Hanover and Carlisle Turnpike, half a mile south of the cross roads—Gitt's old Tavern Stand, and the old Seminary farm; thence along the base of the Pigeon Hills, and parallel with the York and Gettysburg Turnpike, in a direct line to Abbotstown, passing through lands of Henry Eichelberger, Emanuel Hoke, Cyrus Wolf, Moses Wollet, Jos. Kepner, Elijah Kepner, J. G. Wolf, Levi Kepner, Geo. Strubinger, Dr. Wenschoff, M. Hoffman, F. Wolf and Wm. Bittinger—crossing the Hanover pike at Abbotstown, near the Reformed church, distance nearly four miles from New Oxford, thus far requiring but few culverts and but one small bridge. At Abbotstown it crosses Beaver run, the division line between Adams and York counties, Beaver creek requiring a bridge of 20 feet span.

From Abbottstown the line continues in a direct line along the Pigeon Hills and parellel with the Turnpike, crossing at the breast of Noel's Mill Dam, nearly one mile from Abbotstown, crossing over the farms of Jos. Graff, Wm. Hafer and Peter Noel, without a bridge or culvert, crossing a small summit with 15 feet cut. From Noel's dam to this point the line crosses lands of Geo. Hollinger, Widow Low, Geo. H. Hoke, Fred. Dellone, Chas. Reem, Michael Leib, M. Beavenour, Geo. Wehler and Wm. King—at King's Hotel, 8½ miles from New Oxford—thence to Stoner's Mill, through lands of Henry King, A. Straler and A. Menges; enters Spangler's limestone valley, passing through lands of John Stover, John Snyder, N. Spangler, Edward Hersh, Z. Spangler, John Spangler, George Spangler and Benj. Myers, to Spangler's hotel. Here the York and Gettysburg turnpike is crossed, and curving to the left, the line crosses the Dover Road near Emig's school-house—thence to the Berlin road near Kuhl's shop, crossing which it continues to York, crossing the Codorus below Gay street.

The whole line from New Oxford to the point of connection with the N. C. Railroad is 18½ miles. The estimated cost of grading and bridging is $100,000, and the superstructure $175,000—total $275,000. The highest grade will not exceed 50 feet to the mile.

COURT DOINGS.—The Court of Quarter Sessions adjourned on Thursday afternoon of last week, having disposed of all the cases, except the Carbaugh homicide, which was continued to April term. The only cases tried, additional to those reported last week, were:

Com. vs. Jennette Shifferer.—Charged with adultery with three boys from 12 to 16 years of age. Verdict, guilty, on three indictments. Sentenced to one year's imprisonment in county jail, on each case.

Com. vs. John Christy.—Larceny of coat, vest, &c., from John N. Slifer, in Littlestown. Verdict, guilty, and defendant sentenced to the county jail 6 months.

Lydia A. Kime vs. Daniel Kime.—Libel in divorce, for desertion. Divorce decreed, and Daniel Kime ordered to pay the costs.

The application to incorporate the town of Bendersville into a Borough, was not approved by the Grand Jury.

On Monday the Court of Common Pleas commenced the trial of civil causes, but has thus far been occupied with the first case—Denmead & Son vs. Moses A. Keller, with notice to Assignees. Plaintiffs furnished a boiler, &c., to defendant, and subsequently entered a mechanics' lien therefor. The defence was that, under the circumstances, a mechanics lien could not be entered. Jury rendered a special verdict of $1485.79 for the Plaintiffs, subject to the opinion of the Court on points of law submitted by defendants. If these points be sustained, the verdict to be for the defendants.

WILD CATS.—We learn that Wild Cats have been troublesome in the mountains this winter, destroying small game, making occasional raids on farmers' stock, carrying off small pigs, &c. On Tuesday Mr. Peter Taylor, of Menallen township, brought to our office a stuffed Wild Cat, which, on the previous Wednesday, he killed near what is known as the "Slate Quarry Rocks," on the Piney mountain north of Bendersville. Mr. Taylor had been hunting with a shot gun, accompanied by four dogs, one of them a large cur dog. The dogs started a wild cat, which crossing Mr. Taylor's path, he fired, wounding the animal in the breast. It halted a moment and then started off, followed by the dogs. After a chase of two miles, Mr. Taylor came up to the wild cat then engaged in a fierce struggle with the dogs. The cur-dog had secured a firm grip on the throat of his antagonist, the latter being nearly suffocated. It measured about four feet from the tip of the nose to the tail, and weighed about 50 lbs.

We also learn that Mr. Leonard Taylor, (brother of Peter,) killed two wild cats in the mountain this winter—one of them larger than the specimen exhibited to us.

THE ADVANCE has entered on the fourth year of its existence under most favorable auspices. Its popularity has increased with each year, and it now stands in the front rank of American Religious Journals. It is able, candid, and independent in its editorials, full and fresh in its Church News of all denominations, very attractive in its Children's Department; in fact it embraces in its columns—Agricultural Scientific, Commercial, and Literary—a complete summary of current news of the day, which, with correspondence from all parts of the globe, make it one of the most complete and attractive family papers ever published.

Among its premiums it is now offering the Advance Chromo of Henry Ward Beecher for every three new subscriptions. The Advance Company of Chicago are publishers.

FRANKLIN.—The dwelling and store of John Bowman, in Staufferstown, was entered by burglars on Monday night, and various articles carried off.—Levi Oyler, near Chambersburg, had his skull fractured by a kick from a horse on Thursday while visiting a school house as a Director.—Frederick T. Snyder, near New Franklin, was thrown from his buggy on Saturday, breaking his right arm.

YORK.—On Sunday the 21st ult., the two-story dwelling house, the property of Mr. Forry, Codorus township, was destroyed by fire, together with the furniture and other contents. Some children from the neighborhood went into the house during the absence of the family, to kindle fire in the stove, and it is thought that fire was accidentally communicated to the building.

AT COST! AT COST! Until April 1871—at NORRIS' Corner, to make room for Spring goods—Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, at WHOLESALE PRICES. Now is your time for Bargains. Don't fail to call, if you need anything in my line. No Humbug. Call and see for yourselves.

MR. LINCOLN'S GETTYSBURG ORATION.—"We have recently learned from a gentleman who long sustained confidential relations with Mr. Lincoln many interesting facts concerning the inner life of that remarkable man. An incident or two will here suffice. It appears that on the day that Mr. Lincoln went up to Gettysburg to take part in the anniversary exercises on the great battle-field of the war, he was suffering constant and intense anxiety of mind on account of the condition of his favorite son, "Tad," whom he had left sick at home. His thoughts frequently recurred to his much loved boy, and he seemed sad and depressed, and complained of feeling unwell. Under these circumstances, *in a little country hotel, in view of the battle-field*, Mr. Lincoln wrote the greater part of the immortal oration which has been read and admired wherever the English language is read or spoken. The first part of the oration, which had been prepared before leaving Washington, was written with pen and ink; but the part composed after his arrival at Gettysburg, was written with a short lead pencil, on straggling sheets of paper of unequal breadth and length. The original rough draft, with all its interlineations and erasures, is now in the possession of the private secretary of the late President. It was with this mixed and miscellaneous manuscript in his hand that Mr. Lincoln stood upon the battle-field, and in a clear loud voice, delivered those great thoughts which thrilled men then, and will thrill always the human heart to its profoundest depths, and will live and breathe through the centuries before us. Mr. Lincoln was disappointed in Mr. Everett's machine oratory, and complained that it reached everybody's ears and nobody's heart, but was not aware that he himself had said anything that men would not willingly let die."

The above paragraph we find going the rounds of our exchanges, with nothing to indicate its origin. It is a pity to spoil a romantic story, but statements of this kind uncontradicted pass into current history as accepted facts. About the only grain of truth in this story is the statement in regard to "Tad's" sickness, and the President's anxiety in regard to him while at Gettysburg.

Mr. Lincoln's dedicatory remarks were prepared after his arrival in Gettysburg, at the residence of David Wills, Esq., whose guest he was during the visit to this place. The Soldiers National Cemetery Association had not been organized at that date. The ground had been purchased by the State of Pennsylvania and the removal of the dead bodies from various parts of the battle-field had been commenced. Mr. Wills, acting as the Agent of Gov. Curtin, in the purchase of the grounds, removal of the dead, &c., made arrangements for a formal dedication on the 19th of November. Edward Everett accepted the invitation to deliver the oration, President Lincoln agreeing to make the Dedicatory Address. The President left Washington on the afternoon of Wednesday the 18th, arriving at Gettysburg about 7 o'clock in the evening, and at once repaired to the residence of Mr. Wills. During the evening he was serenaded, and appeared on the steps of the doorway, where he was introduced to a large concourse of people and made a few remarks.

Later in the evening Mr. Wills went to the President's room, and found him sitting by the stove, on a rocking chair, writing with a lead pencil on the back of a large sized official envelope. Mr. Lincoln remarked that he was writing down a few thoughts for his speech next day. He inquired about the order of exercises and said that Mr. Everett's would be THE speech and he would make his remarks very brief. During the night Mr. Lincoln transcribed the Dedicatory Address on several loose sheets of large sized letter paper he had brought with him, with the official heading, "Executive Mansion," on each sheet. In this form they were used by him for delivery next day, with interlineations and erasures made prior to going out to the grounds. These are the facts of the case. Mr. Lincoln left Gettysburg for Washington in a special train on the evening of the 19th. During the day he received several telegrams in regard to "Tad's" condition, who was, as the paragraph states, ill at Washington.

HEADLY'S SACRED HEROES AND MARTYRS.—A. H. Hubbard, of Philadelphia, has recently issued a valuable and salable book, with the above title, by J. H. Headley, the well known author of Sacred Mountains, Napoleon and his Marshals, Washington and his Generals, &c. Very few American writers have enjoyed so wide and so permanent a popularity as Mr. Headley. In this new volume he writes of characters more or less familiar to every student of the Bible; but his power of vivid and graphic descriptions, and his skill in grouping together the most striking events in the lives of those whose history he describes, invests them with an interest altogether new; the martial conquests of Joshua, his struggle in the mountains and victory; the wonderful story of Joseph and his brethern; the career of Moses and his mysterious burial, and the events which transpired under the leadership of Joshua; the romantic story of Deborah, and Samson's wonderful history; the lives of Saul and David; of Christ, which is portrayed with unusual tenderness and power; of John the beloved disciple; of St. Paul the great apostle to the Gentiles, and of many other leading characters in both Old and New Testament history, whose heroism, Christian faith, sufferings and martyrdom have made them famous for all time, or who were chosen by Divine power as the instruments for the accomplishment of his great purpose—are described in this volume, every page of which glows with that graphic power which distinguishes Mr. Headley above every other American writer.

The new volume is strongly endorsed by Henry Ward Beecher, Bishop Janes, Rev. Dr. Schaff, and other prominent Ministers of the Gospel, and the leading religous Press. It will no doubt have a large sale. It will be sold only by subscription, and cannot be obtained otherwise than through canvassing Agents.

Mr. John H. Roth is the authorized Agent for Adams county, and is now canvassing for subscribers. Fine English Cloth $3.50; gilt edge and side $4.00; extra full morocco $6.00.

THE LITTLE CORPORAL MAGAZINE for February is as crisp and pure as a northern snowflake. Its illustrations are superb. Mr. Sewell, who founded THE CORPORAL nearly six years ago, and under whose editorship it has achieved such an enviable name and circulation, announces, in this number, his withdrawal from the firm of Sewell & Miller, who have for some time been the publishers. He goes into the Book Manufacturing business, and will still conduct and publish "THE SCHOOL FESTIVAL," which is devoted to Day and Sunday School Entertainments. THE LITTLE CORPORAL MAGAZINE will hereafter be published by John E. Miller, Chicago, Mr. Sewell's former partner, and edited by Mrs. Emily Huntington Miller, who has heretofore been Associate Editor.

LOOK HERE.—E. Woodward has commenced, in connection with his Gunsmithing, the repairing of Umbrellas, Parasols, &c., which he will warrant to be better fixed than is done by the majority of Umbrella-menders. Any person wishing work done in this line can leave word at his shop on Carlisle Street, and it will be sent for and returned. Charges moderate. He also has still on hand a variety of Battle-field Relics, of any kind and style, a large assortment of Canes, &c. Call and see him. tf

GETTYSBURG BUSINESS DIRECTORY

(See Advertisements.)

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
R. G. McCreary, York street, in residence.
D. McConaughy, Chambersburg st., in residence.
J. M. Krauth, Baltimore st., second square.
D. Wills, on Public Square, in residence.
A. J. Cover, Balt. st., near Fahnestocks' store.
D. A. Buehler, Baltimore street, in residence.
McClean & Woods, Baltimore st., near diamond.

BAKERY.
Baltzer Newport, cor. Washington and Middle sts.

BOOTS AND SHOEMAKERS.
D. H. Klingel, Baltimore street, second square.

BLACKSMITHING.
B. G. Hollebaugh, Washington street.

BUTCHERING.
Stover & Wible, Chambersburg street.

CONFECTIONS, TOYS, &C.
John Gruel, Chambersburg st., near Eagle Hotel.

CARPENTERS AND CONTRACTORS.
Wm. C. Stallsmith & Son, York st., first square.
Geo. C. Cashman, Stratton street, near Railroad.

CARRIAGES, &C.
Danner & Ziegler, Middle street, near Baltimore.
W. K. Gallagher, East Middle st., second square.
Weaver & Co., Washington st.

CLOTHING.
R. C. Cobean & Cunningham, Baltimore street.
F. Cunningham, Chambersburg st., first square.
T. C. Norris, South west corner of Diamond.
Samuel Wolf, corner of York and Public Square.
Picking & Co., Chambersburg street, first square.

COAL, LUMBER, LIME, &C.
C. H. Buehler, corner of Carlisle and Railroad sts.
Cashman & Overdeer, cor. Stratton and R. R. sts.

COOPERS.
Peter Culp, Union street, in residence.

DENTISTS.
J. E. Berkstresser, S. E. cor. Centre Square.
J. L. Hill, Chambersb'g st., opposite Eagle Hotel.

DRUGGISTS.
A. D. Buehler, Chambersburg street, first square.
Hubers, Baltimore street, first square.
R. Horner, Chambersburg street, first square.

DRY GOODS.
Fahnestock Brothers, cor. of Balt. & Middle sts.
J. L. Schick, cor. of Baltimore & Public Square.
Rebert & Bushman, Balt. st., second square.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSES.
Bigham & Co., cor. of Washington and Railroad.
John Cress, corner Stratton and Railroad.
Jos. Wible & Son, cor. Washington and Railroad.
Robert McCurdy, Carlisle Street.

GRANITE YARD.
Peter Beitler, Railroad, East of Stratton street.

GAS FITTER.
R. D. Armor, East Middle street.

GROCERIES.
Wm. Boyer & Son, York st., opposite Nat. Bank.
Wm. J. Martin, cor. of Baltimore and High sts.
J. M. Walter, York street, first square.
Fahnestock Brothers, cor. Balt. and Middle sts.
Bigham & Co., cor. Washington & Railroad sts.
H. H. Beamer, cor. diamond and Carlisle street.
Sweitzer & Bro., Carlisle street, second square.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.
Danner & Ziegler, Baltimore street, first square.
Fahnestock Brothers, cor. Baltimore & Middle sts.
Sweitzer & Bro., Carlisle street, second square.

HARNESS, &C.
D. McCreary & Son, Baltimore street.
John Culp, Carlisle Street, near passenger depot.

HATS, CAPS, SHOES, &c.,
Samuel Wolf, cor. York st., and Public Square.
T. C. Norris, South West corner of Diamond.
R. C. Cobean & Cunningham, Baltimore street.
Picking & Co., Chambersburg street, first square.

HOTELS.
Eagle Hotel, J. L. Tate, proprietor, corner Chambersburg and Washington.
Keystone House, Wm. E. Myers, proprietor, Chambersburg street, opposite Christ's Church.

LIVERY STABLES.
Weaver & Co., Washington street, north of Chambersburg.

MARBLE YARDS.
Wm. N. Miller, cor. Baltimore and Middle sts.
Meals & Brother, York street, east of Stratton.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.
Tipton & Myers, York st., opposite Nat. Bank.

PHYSICIANS.
J. W. C. O'Neal, Baltimore street, near High.
H. S. Huber, cor. Chambersburg and Wash. sts.
Robert Horner, Chambersburg street, first square.

PRINTING OFFICE.
Star & Sentinel, Baltimore street, midway between the Court House and Public Square, west side.

STOVES, TINWARE, &C.
C. H. Buehler, corner of Carlisle and Railroad.

TAILOR.
J. Jacobs, Chambersburg street, first square.

UNDERTAKER & PAPER HANGER.
Jeremiah Culp, York street, second square.

UPHOLSTERER.
Wm. E. Culp, Washington st., near Eagle Hotel.

WATCHMAKER.
Wm. P. McCartney, Baltimore street, first square.
A. R. Feistle, York street, first square.

PURE GRAPE WINES.—We direct the reader's attention to the advertisement of Mr. Robert Sheads, of this place, in another column, offering for sale pure Grape Wines of his own manufacture. Mr. Sheads grows his own grapes, with careful cultivation, and makes it a point to secure first-class fruit, an essential in the production of first-class wine. Hence his wines have acquired a high reputation. He manufactures an unfermented wine, which retains the flavor of the grape in a remarkable degree, specially designed for sacramental use, and which is worthy the attention of churches objecting to the use of fermented wines. While manufacturing first-class wines, Mr. Sheads' prices are very low. 1t

Review of the Markets.

Baltimore Grain & Produce Market.
Baltimore, Thursday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR	5 50	@	6 00
EXTRA FLOUR	6 50	@	6 75
WHITE WHEAT	1 80	@	2 00
RED WHEAT	1 55	@	2 00
CORN	82	@	90
RYE	85	@	95
OATS	55	@	58
TIMOTHY-SEED	5 75	@	6 00
CLOVER-SEED	7 25	@	7 45
FLAX-SEED	0 00	@	1 90
BACON, SHOULDERS	10½	@	10¾
" SIDES	12	@	12¾
" HAMS	16	@	18
LARD	12¾	@	13

Gettysburg Grain & Provision Market.
Gettysburg, Friday Morning.

FLOUR	0 00	@	5 75
WHITE WHEAT	1 20	@	1 30
RED WHEAT	1 20	@	1 30
CORN	70	@	70
RYE	00	@	70
OATS	00	@	42
BUCKWHEAT	00	@	00
TIMOTHY-SEED	0 00	@	4 00
CLOVER-SEED	6 00	@	6 75
FLAX-SEED	1 70	@	1 75
POTATOES	80	@	1 00

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Closing Prices of De Haven & Bro., 40 South 3rd St., Philadelphia.

3 o'clock, P. M.,	Feb. 3rd, 1871.	
U. S. 6's of '81	113⅝	113¾
" " '62	110½	110¾
" " '64	109⅞	110⅛
" " '65	109⅞	110⅛
" " '65 new	109	109⅛
" " '67	109⅛	109⅜
" " '68	109⅛	109⅜
" 5's, 10-40's	109⅛	109⅜
U. S. 30 Year 6 per cent. Cy.	111⅝	111¾
Gold	111	111¼
Silver	106½	107
Union Pacific R. R. 1st M. Bonds	795	800
Central Pacific R. R.	905	915
Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds	690	710

MARRIED.

KEPNER—BALDWIN.—On the 29th ult., by Z. Myers, Esq., William Kepner to Sarah Ann Baldwin, all of Hamiltonban township, Adams co.

DIED.

Obituary notices 5 cents a line for all over four lines—cash to accompany the notice. This includes memorial tributes, resolutions of societies, &c.

BEAMER.—On the 28th ult., Alice Ugenie, only daughter of Absalom and Sarah Beamer, aged 7 months and 16 days.

An early summons Jesus sends
To call a child above,
And whispers to the weeping friend
'Tis all the fruit of love.
'Tis on the Saviour's bosom laid,
And feels no sorrow there;
'Tis by a heavenly parent fed,
And needs no more your care.
To you the child was only lent,
While mortal it was thine;
But now, in robes immortal clad,
It lives forever mine.
[*Communicated.*

FEISER.—At Woodsboro', Md., on the 29th ult., Mr. Jacob Feiser, formerly of this county, aged 46 years, 2 months and 16 days.

IN MEMORIAM—BY HIS DAUGHTERS.

Rest father, rest—thy spirit gone!
An Angel band conveyed thee home;
Oh may thy body rest in peace,
And all thy sorrow ever cease.
I've gazed upon thy clay cold face,
And tried some mark of life to trace;
Oh, speak, dear father, once to me,
Before thou land on Calvary.
My cup of sorrow's running over,
And joys that were shall be no more;
Then, father, kindly bid me come,
And heaven shall be our lasting home.
We'll join our friends who've gone before,
And all our troubles will be o'er;
A token of thy memory give,
And teach us rather die than live.
Make us to feel and own His grace,
Whose home's a happy resting place;
Oh, father dear, we think of thee,
Though thou art in eternity.
No, not while breath remains in me,
Will we cease to think of thee;
Our memory on thy face shall dwell
And breathe the sacred word—FAREWELL!

GULDEN.—On Sunday morning last, Mrs. Joanna Gulden, wife of David Gulden, of Germany township, in the 45th year of her age, leaving ten children, the youngest 2 weeks old.

LINN.—In Freedom township, on the 24th ult., Jacob F. Linn, aged 20 years, 1 month and 4 days.

STORM.—On the 2d ult., Mrs. Jane Storm, an old and highly respectable citizen of Emmitsburg, Md., aged 83 years. She was one of the defenders of Baltimore in the war of 1812.

WISLER.—On the 17th ult., near Abbottstown, Mrs. Anna Wisler, wife of Peter Wisler, aged 65 years and 17 days.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of HANNA M. CULVER, late of Gettysburg, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in said place, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
H. C. CHESTON, Executor.
Feb. 3, 1871.—6t*

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of POLLY HESS, deceased, late of Lattimore township, Adams county, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
WASHINGTON HESS, Adm'r.
Feb. 3, 1871.—6t

PURE GRAPE WINES.

THE undersigned is largely engaged in the manufacture of

PURE GRAPE WINES,

and now offers for sale different brands,

Fermented and Unfermented, for Medicinal and Sacramental purposes.

His prices are reasonable, and his Wines cannot fail to render satisfaction. His Vinyard is located on the south-east side of Seminary Ridge, in a soil warm and fertile, maturing the grape early and thoroughly, and producing in all cases a first-class native wine.
Apply to or address,
ROBERT SHEADS, Gettysburg, Pa.
Feb. 3, 1871.—tf

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, *on Tuesday, the 7th day of March next*, on the farm of John Dickson, 1 mile north of Hunterstown, the following Personal Property, to wit:
FOUR HEAD OF WORK HORSES, which will work any place they are hitched, 1 Mare heavy with foal, 3 of them are good leaders, 3 good MILCH COWS, 2 of them as good as fresh, Durham Bull, 2 years old, 1 Sheep, Combined Reaper and Mower, self-rake, size No. 2, (Dodge's Patent,) good as new, used one season, Wire-tooth Hay Rake, pair of new Hay Carriages, Winnowing Mill, Good Threshing Machine and Horse-Power, Double Shaker, a lot of Belting, one good three-horse Wagon three-inch tire, Lime Bed, Steel Plow, new Harrow, Corn Fork, single, double and treble Trees, one and two-horse Spreaders, Jockey Sticks, Log, Breast, Butt and Cow Chains, Horse Gears, 2 sets of Breechbands, 1 set of Front Gears as good as new, Blind Bridles, Collars, Housings, Wagon Line, Halters and Chains, Straps, Forks, Rakes, Dung Hook, Hoes, and many other articles.
A Credit of Twelve Months will be given. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M.
P. G. CASSATT.
JOHN STALLSMITH, Auctioneer.
Feb. 3, 1871.—ts

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, *on Monday, the 27th of February inst.*, at his residence in Freedom township, Adams county, Pa., 1½ miles north of Emmittsburg, near Rhodes' Mill, the following Valuable Personal Property, viz:
SIX HEAD OF WORK HORSES, 2 yearling Colts, 2 MILCH COWS and 2 Heifers, all of which will be fresh at time of sale, 4 head of Fat Cattle, 1 Durham Bull, 1 Devonshire Bull, a lot of select Young Cattle, a lot of fat Sheep, a lot of Shotes, 1 four-horse broad-tread Wagon, 1 narrow-tread Wagon, 1 two or three-horse Wagon, Spring Wagon, nearly new, for one or two horses, Wood Ladder, Hay Carriages, Lime Bed, Drill, Dodge's Buckeye Mower just new, Threshing Machine in good order, Winnowing Mill, Plows, Harrows, double and single Shovel Plows, a large three-horse Cultivator just new, single and double Trees, Lock and Fifth Chains, Spreader, Corn Fork, Corn Coverer, a lot of Wagon-bed Irons, Rough Lock Chain, 3 Grindstones, one for Sickle Knives, 2 Sleighs and Bells, 2 sets of Breechbands, 4 sets of Front Gears, 1 set of Harness, Collars, Bridles, four horse Line, Plow Gears, Halter and Cow Chains, Forks, Rakes, patent Hay Fork and Rope of the best kind, patent Cutting Box, Hay by the Stack and Ton, a lot of Posts, Ash Plank, Walnut Boards, Laths, dry inch Boards, Barrels, Kegs, Old Iron, Ten-plate Stove and Pipe, 1 large 4 octave MELODEON in good order, a large Instructer, 2 Violins in good order, and other articles too numerous to mention.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by JOHN BAKER.
Feb. 3, 1871.—ts

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned, intending to quit housekeeping, will sell at Public Sale, *on Wednesday, the 8th of March next*, at her residence at Hunterstown, on the road leading to Littlestown, the following Personal Property, viz:
AN EXTRA MILK COW, 3 Chester White Shotes, Good one-horse Wagon and Bed, Hay Carriage, Wagon Tongue and Spread, Cultivator, Rockaway Buggy and Harness, set of one-horse Wagon Harness, Lines, Bridles, Collars, Cow, Log, Fifth, Breast and Halter Chains, Sleigh, Grain Shovel, Half-bushel Measure, Forks, Rakes, Crowbar, Mattock, Wood-saw, Axe, Maul, Wedges, Scythe. Also, HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE, such as Cooking Stove and Fixtures, Ten-plate Stove and Pipe, 2 sets of Chairs, Corner Cupboard, Stands, Rocking Chairs, Churn, Dough-tray, Bedstead and Bedding, Feather Bed, Meat Vessels, Barrels, Tubs, Bacon by the pound, and many other articles.
Attendance will be given and terms made known by NANCY GRAFT.

Also, at the same time and place, the subscriber intending to remove to Hunterstown, will sell at Public Sale the following Property, viz:
THREE HEAD OF HORSES, 1 a Brood Mare 7 years old, 1 a Draft Horse 6 years old, good leaders, 1 a Colt rising 3 years, GOOD MILK COW, 1 fine Bull, (good stock,) 1 Heifer, three-horse Wagon and Bed, Hay Carriage, good as new, Corn Fork, Plow, double Shovel Plow, Rockaway Buggy, Mattock, Ten-plate Stove, &c.
Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by W. A. McILHENNY.
Feb. 3, 1871.—ts

PUBLIC SALE OF
VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, *on Wednesday, 1st day of March next*, at his residence in Butler township, Adams county, Pa., ½ mile from the road leading from Gettysburg to Heidlersburg, 2 miles from the latter and 1 from the former place, 3 miles from Hunterstown, ½ mile from Hersh's Mill, the following Personal Property, viz:
FOUR HEAD OF WORK HORSES, 6 MILCH COWS, 3 will be fresh by time of sale, 3 Bulls, 4 Heifers, 1 Goat, 3 Shotes, 1 good four-horse narrow-tread Wagon, 1 two-horse Wagon, Pedler Wagon, Threshing Machine, Wind Mill, 1 good Cutting Box, first-rate Corn-fodder Cutter, Wire-tooth Hay Rake, good Sled, Dung Sled, 2 Sleighs, running part for a Sleigh, 3 Hay Carriages, Circular Saw, 2 Harrows, 1 three-horse Harrow Cultivator, 3 Plows, 2 double Shovel Plows, 2 single Shovel Plows, 2 Corn Forks, Hay Fork, three-horse double Tree, 2 two-horse double Trees, Spreaders, single Trees, 2 Log Chains, 3 sets of Butt Traces, 2 sets of Yankee Harness, Breechbands, 2 sets of Carriage Harness, Collars, Blind Bridles, Riding Bridles, Check and Carriage Lines, Government Saddle, four-horse Line, Housings, 4 head Halters and Chains, 2 Flynets nearly new, Lead Rein, Flax-brake, Grain Cradle, 3 Scythes and Snaths, Grindstone, Maul and Wedges, Wheelbarrows, Grain Shovel, Forks, Rakes, Mattock and Picks, Cow Chains, Cross-cut Saw, 2 strings of Sleigh Bells, &c. HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE, such as 1 Bedstead with Bedding, Cooking Stove, 1 Ten-plate Stove, Chairs, Tubs, Barrels, Boxes, Jugs, Demijohns, Lamps, and a great many articles too numerous to mention.
Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by JEREMIAH GULDEN.
JOHN HANES, Auctioneer.
Feb. 3, 1871.—ts

NEW 7-30 GOLD LOAN.

Safe! Profitable! Permanent!

J. COOKE & CO.,

Offer for Sale at Par and Accrued Interest the *First Mortgage Land Grant Gold Bonds* OF THE

Northern Pacific Railroad Co.

THESE bonds are secured, *first*, by a First Mortgage on the Railroad itself, its rolling-stock, and all equipments; *second*, by a First Mortgage on its entire Land Grant, being more than Twenty-Two Thousand Acres of Land to each mile of Road.
The Bonds are free from United States Tax; the Principal and Interest are payable in Gold—the Principal at the end of Thirty years, and the Interest Semi-annually, at the rate of Seven and Three-teenths Per Cent. per annum.
They are issued in denominations of $100, $500, $1,000, $5,000 and $10,000.
The Trustees under the Mortgage are Messrs. J. Cooke, of Philadelphia, and J. Edgar Thomson, President of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company.
These Northern Pacific 7-30 Bonds will at all times before maturity, be receivable at Ten Per Cent. Premium (or 1.10), in exchange for the Company's lands at their lowest cash price.
In addition to their absolute safety, these Bonds yield an income larger, we believe, than any other first-class security. Persons holding United States 5-20's can, by converting them into Northern Pacifics, increase their yearly income one-third, and still have a perfectly reliable investment.
HOW TO GET THEM.—Your nearest Bank or Banker will supply these Bonds in any desired amount, and of any needed denomination. Persons wishing to exchange stocks or other bonds for these, can do so with any of our Agents, who will allow the highest current price for all marketable securities.
Those living in localities remote from Banks, may send money, or other bonds, directly to us by express, and we will send back Northern Pacific Bonds at our own risk, and without cost to the investor. For further information, pamphlets, maps, etc., call on or address the undersigned, or any of the Banks or Bankers employed to sell this Loan.

FOR SALE BY
WM. PAINTER & CO.,
Bankers, Philadelphia, Agents for Eastern Pa.
Gettysburg National Bank,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Feb. 3, 1871.—12t

FRESH GARDEN,
Flower, Fruit, Herb, Tree and Shrub,
AND EVERGREEN SEEDS,

prepaid by mail, with directions for culture.—Twenty-five different packets of either class for $1.00. The six classes $5.00.
20,000 lbs. Evergreen and Tree Seeds; Apple, Pear, Cherry, &c.; Grass Seeds; Beet, Cabbage, Carrot, Onion, Squash, Turnip, and all Vegetable and Flower Seeds, in small or large quantities; also Small Fruits, Stocks, Bulbs, Shrubs, Roses, Verbenas, &c., by mail, prepaid. New Golden Banded Japan Lily, 50c. Priced Descriptive Catalogues sent to any plain address, gratis. Agents wanted. Wholesale List to Agents, Clubs and the Trade. Seeds on commission.
B. M. WATSON, Old Colony Nurseries and Seed Warehouse, Plymouth, Mass. Established in 1842. [Feb. 3, 1871.—2m

LADIES, MISSES and CHILDREN'S SHOES are selling at cost to close out, at PICKING & CO.

New Advertisements.

THE GREAT

MEDICAL DISCOVERY!

DR. DE LAROQUE'S

Great Cuban Oil Anodyne

LINIMENT,

Used both Internally and Externally for Man and Beast.

THIS Valuable Remedy was discovered by Prof. DE LAROQUE, on the Island of Cuba, in the year 1724, after a lifetime of diligent study and chemical experiments. The following remarks and directions are a correct translation of the Spanish language as written by Dr. De Laroque:
"These experiments are especially directed for the purpose of discovering the Anodyne Properties of the different VEGETABLE OILS, with a view of excluding all irritating Vegetable matter. My object in making these CHEMICAL AND ANALYTICAL INVESTIGATIONS is for the purpose of discovering a Remedy which will promote the absorption by the minute lacteals of the villous coat of the Stomach and Bowels, which are always found more or less inflamed in disease of these organs, and hence its great curative properties in the following diseases.
When used internally it never fails to cure Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Bloody Flux, Cramps, Colic, Bilious Dysentery, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Painters' Colic, Sour Stomach, Sore Throat, &c."

HEALTH! HEALTH!!

MILLER'S

DYSPEPSIN

AND

LIVER INVIGORATOR,

Is a Sure Cure for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Bilious Complaints, Sick Headache, Costiveness, and all irregularities of the Stomach, Bowels and Kidneys,

DYSPEPSIN

Is the great discovery of the age; as it is a purely VEGETABLE PREPARATION containing all the MEDICAL PROPERTIES OF ROOTS, HERBS and BARKS in a concentrated form and free from all irritating vegetable matter.
1st. It is a TONIC, giving an appetite and producing a healthy condition of the stomach.
2nd. It is an APERIENT or GENTLE LAXATIVE, and does not produce any griping or pain in its action on the bowels, and leaves them in a healthy condition.
3rd. It is a DIURETIC and operates like a charm on the Kidneys, therefore it is one of the best Medicines in the World for diseases of these organs.
4th. It is probably one of the best CHOLAGOGUES known, as it stimulates the Liver to a healthy action, carries off the bile and thereby relieves you of Headache and all billous symptoms.
5th. It is the most excellent ANTIPHLOGISTIC ever known, and therefore its great powers over all other Medicines in curing dyspepsia.—Persons troubled with dyspepsia always have more or less inflammation of the stomach, therefore its great success is owing to its power of allaying inflammation. It makes no difference how weak, irritable, delicate or tender the stomach may be, THE DYSPEPSIN will give relief at once, and by continuing only a reasonable length of time it will make a certain cure.
Full directions on each bottle. $1.00 per bottle or $5.00 for six bottles.

DAVIS & MILLER, Sole Proprietors,
BALTIMORE, MD.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

A. D. BUEHLER, Agent,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

Also for CUBAN OIL ANODYNE LINIMENT. Price 50 cents per bottle.
Feb. 3, 1871.—6m

"Gardening for Profit,"

AND

"Practical Floriculture,"

BY

PETER HENDERSON,

The former detailing the system of MARKET GARDENING; the latter DESCRIPTIVE of the modes of COMMERCIAL FLORICULTURE, as practiced in the vicinity of New York. Mailed, post-paid, for $1.50 each.

Our Annual Descriptive Catalogue of

Vegetable and Flower Seeds,

Containing two new and BEAUTIFULLY COLORED PLATES, is now ready. Also, Catalogue of

NEW AND RARE PLANTS,

ILLUSTRATED with Colored Plates and Engravings. Both will be mailed on receipt of Twenty-five Cents, or sent with either of the above Books free of charge.

HENDERSON & FLEMING,
SEED MERCHANTS AND GROWERS,
67 *NASSAU ST., NEW YORK.*
Jan. 27, 1871.—1t

Richardson's New Method
FOR THE PIANOFORTE.

"Deserves our hearty recommendation," N. Y. Musical Review. "Unexceptionable in taste and style," Dwight's Journal. "Soundest, clearest, best book for the Piano." Phil. Eve. Bulletin.—"Will supersede every other of the kind." Worcester Spy. "Possesses merit not claimed by other works." Cleveland Herald. "Common sense, plain talk, and brevity." Boston Journal.—"Presents many new and important ideas." N. Y. Tablet.
No long dry lessons, nor wearisome exercises, but Sprightly Studies throughout, and Charming Melodies for practice at every step. It is all that can be desired. Price $3.75. Sent post-paid.
OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & CO., New York.
Jan. 6, 1871.—1y

FURNITURE.

Walton, Lippincott & Scott,
Cabinet-makers,
No. 413 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

OUR establishment is one of the oldest in Philadelphia, and from long experience and superior facilities we are prepared to furnish good work at reasonable prices.
We manufacture fine furniture, and also medium priced furniture of superior quality. A large stock of furniture always on hand. Goods made to order.
Counters, Desk Work and Office Furniture for Banks, Offices and Stores, made to order.
JOS. WALTON. J. W. LIPPINCOTT. : SCOTT
Feb. 11 1870—1y

BUTCHERING.

THE undersigned has commenced the Butchering business in the rear of the Washington House, Gettysburg, and will pay the highest price for Calves, Sheep and Lambs. Persons wanting meat, or having stock to sell, will call at the Washington House. Meat ordered will be delivered at dwellings any place within the town.—The patronage of the public is solicited.
JAMES McGAUGHY.
Jan. 27, 1871.—4t

Agricultural College, of Penn'a.

This Institution will re-open for Spring Term, (1871,) of twenty-four (24) weeks
On Friday, February 10th.
For general circular, catalogue and other information, address
THOS. H. BURROWS,
President Agricultural College, P. O.,
Jan. 27.-4t Centre county, Pa.

Notice to the Public!

THE undersigned is running a Line of Stages from Hagerstown to Gettysburg, leaving former place on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 o'clock, A. M., passing by Leitersburg, Waynesboro', Monterey and Clermont Springs, Fountain Dale and Fairfield arriving at Gettysburg at half past four o'clock and returning from Gettysburg on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday arriving at Hagerstown to make connection with the 5 o'clock train for Baltimore. ANNA WASSEN.
May 21.—tf

LATEST STYLES of all kinds of HATS and CAPS, at PICKING & CO.

TO BUY ANYTHING CHEAPER THAN ELSEWHERE, call at PICKING & CO.
Jan. 6, 1870.—tf

FOR GOOD BOOTS, SHOES, OVERSHOES, ARCTICS, and GUM SHOES, call at PICKING'S.

VESTS, VESTS. Picking & Co., have the largest and best assortment of VESTS ever offered. Call.

New Advertisements.

AGENTS WANTED.—($225 a month)—by the AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo. Jan. 27.-4w

JURUBEBA.

FREE TO BOOK AGENTS.

We will send a handsome Prospectus of our New Illustrated Family Bible containing over 200 fine Scripture Illustrations to any Book Agent, free of charge. Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING Co., Philadelphia, Pa. Jan. 27.-4w

WANTED—AGENTS, ($20 per day) to sell the celebrated HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Has the *under-feed*, makes the "*lock-stitch*" (alike on both sides,) and is *fully licensed*. The best and cheapest family Sewing Machine in the market. Address, JOHNSON, CLARK & Co., Boston, Mass., Pittsburgh, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo. Jan. 27.-4w

GENERAL AGENTS WANTED for Groesbeck's Calculating machine, rapid, accurate, reliable, simple, easily operated, cheap and beautiful. Giving instantaneous additions or subtractions, taking from one to five columns of figures at a time, carrying and borrowing its own tens, hundreds, etc., without the least thought on the part of the operator. Address ZIEGLER & McCURDY, Philadelphia, Pa. Jan. 27.-4w

AGENTS WANTED for Abbott's PRUSSIA and the FRANCO-PRUSSIAN WAR, in German and English, with fine steel engravings, maps, &c.—Agents are getting from 25 to 50 subscribers per day. One Agent reports 163 orders the first two days. Now is the time to secure an Agency for this and other works desirable for Agents. Address Quaker City Publishing House 217 and 219 Quince St., Philadelphia. Jan. 27.-4w

REDUCTION OF PRICES
TO CONFORM TO
REDUCTION OF DUTIES.
GREAT SAVING TO CONSUMERS
BY GETTING UP CLUBS.

Send for our New Price List and a Club form will accompany it, containing full directions—making a large saving to consumers and remunerative to club organizers.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO.,
31 & 33 VESEY STREET,
P. O. Box 5643. New York. 4w

Established 1858. E. H. KELLOGG, Manufacturer and Dealer in Sperm, Lard, Whale, Elephant, Tanners, Wool, Signal and Machinery Oils. E. H. Kellogg's combined Wool and Spindle Oil is an Extra Wool Oil, which scours out easily and perfectly from the whitest goods, is handsome in color, almost entirely odorless, endures a temperature of 35° and a less quality is required to do the work than of the best Lard, while the price is much less, and besides having all the above named desirable qualities, it is really a very nice Spindle Oil. Address E. H. KELLOGG, No. 17 Cedar Street, P. O. Box 4358, New York. Jan. 20.-4w

The Greatest Success of the Season.
AGENTS WANTED FOR

BELDEN: THE WHITE CHIEF.

Twelve Years among the Wild Indians of the Plains. The remarkable adventures of the famous WHITE CHIEF and BIG WARRIOR among the Red Skins. Thrilling accounts of Great Hunts, Hairbreadth Escapes and Terrible Contests with the big game and hostile tribes.—Spirited descriptions of the habits and superstitions of that strange people. Their Sports, Legends, Traditions. Why they Scalp. How they Woo and Wed, Doctor, Worship, &c., &c.
New, Fresh and popular. Price Low. It is selling by the thousands with wonderful rapidity. Agents are making from $50 to $100 per week.
Some choice field yet to be had. Apply at once for sample chapters. Illustrations and full particulars to A. H. HUBBARD, Publisher, 400 Chestnut St., Phila. Jan. 27.-4w

CARBOLIC TABLETS.

PREPARED BY DR. WELL'S.

The most important discovery of the age is this wonderful Healing and Cleansing agent for the diseases or weakness of the Respiratory organs, Sore Throat, Sudden Cold, Hoarseness, Catarrh, Asthma, Dryness of the Throat or Windpipe, diseases of the Lungs and for all irritation of the mucous membrane.
All vocalists and public speakers who speak and sing without effort, use these Tablets, their effect in clearing the voice is simply astonishing as can be shown by numerous certificates.

DR. WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS

act directly on the mucuous membrane and should be promptly and freely taken in all exposure or violent change of weather, as they equalize the Circulation of the Blood and thus ward off all tendency to colds and Lung difficulty.
The proprietors would say, all first class medicines have their imitations, and they would CAUTION the public against imposition by having other medicines thrust upon them in place of these admirable Tablets.
JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 34 Platt St., N. Y. Sole Agent. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price 25 cents a box. Jan. 27.-4w

WATCH FREE, and $30 a day sure, and no humbug. Address LATTA & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa. Jan. 13.-4w

S O'CLOCK.

Jan. 13.-4w

THIS IS NO HUMBUG!—By sending 35 CENTS with age, height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive, by return mail, a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address W. FOX, P. O. Drawer No. 24 Fultonville, N. Y. Jan. 13.-4w

THE MAGIC COMB will change any colored hair or beard to a permanent black or brown. It contains no poison. One comb sent by mail for $1. Dealers supplied at reduced rates. Address WM. PATTON, Treas. Springfield, Mass. 4w

THEA-NECTAR
IS A PURE
BLACK TEA

with the Green Tea Flavor. Warranted to suit all tastes. For sale everywhere. And for sale wholesale by the *Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co.*, 8 Church St., New York. P. O. Box 5506.—Send for Thea-Nectar Circular. Jan. 13.-4w

BOOK AGENTS WANTED.—The Land of Sacred Mystery, or the Bible read in the light of its own Scenery,—Rev. W. L. Gage's new book, is now ready. Printed on tinted paper, issued in beautiful style, contains 200 Superb Engravings, and is one of the most valuable Biblical books ever issued. In every family where the Bible is to be found, and there are millions of them, there can this work be sold. Agents will appreciate this. We want agents also for Prof. Stowe's "Self-Interpreting Family Bible,"—the grandest book ever issued, being his crowning life work—pronounced by critics the finest and most complete Bible extant, now having a larger sale than any other Bibles combined. Splendidly illustrated—contains a dictionary of the Bible, with 200 engravings, a history of each book, etc., and enables any reader to form his own commentary on the Scriptures as he studies them. Any agent or person who reads this, and who desires the most profitable and honorable business, send for circulars with full information. WORTHINGTON, DUSTIN & Co. Hartford, Conn. Jan. 13.-4w

Sixty-five First Prize Medals Awarded.

THE GREAT
Baltimore Piano Manufactory.

WILLIAM KNABE & CO.,
Manufacturers of
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT
PIANO FORTES,
BALTIMORE, MD.

These Instruments have been before the public for nearly Thirty years, and upon their excellence alone attained *an unpurchased pre-eminence*, which pronounces them unequalled. Their

TONE

combines great power, sweetness and fine singing quality, as well as great purity of Intonation, and sweetness throughout the entire scale. Their

TOUCH

is pliant and elastic, and entirely free from the stiffness found in so many Pianos.

IN WORKMANSHIP

they are unequalled, using none but the very best SEASONED MATERIAL, the large capital employed in our business enabling us to keep continually an immense stock of lumber, &c., on hand.
All our SQUARE PIANOS have our New Improved Overstrung Scale and the AGRAFFE TREBLE.
We would call special attention to our late improvements in GRAND PIANOS and SQUARE GRANDS; Patented Aug. 14, 1866, which bring the Piano nearer perfection than has yet been attained.
Every Piano fully Warranted for 5 Years.
We have made arrangements for the *Sole Wholesale Agency* for the most Celebrated PARLOR ORGANS and MELODEONS, which we offer Wholesale and Retail, at Lowest Factory Prices.

PETER BENTZ, Agent,
No. 30 East Market street, York, Pa.
Sept. 23, 1870.—6m

ROSADALIS

THE GREAT AMERICAN HEALTH RESTORER, purifies the blood and cures Scrofula, Syphilis, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Diseases of Women, and all Chronic Affections of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys. Recommended by the Medical Faculty and many thousands of our best citizens.
Read the testimony of Physicians and patients who have used Rosadalis; send for our Rosadalis Guide to Health Book, or Almanac for this year, which we publish for gratuitous distribution; it will give you much valuable information.
Dr. R. W. Carr, of Baltimore, says:
I take pleasure in recommending your ROSADALIS as a very powerful alterative. I have seen it used in two cases with happy results—one in a case of secondary syphilis, in which the patient pronounced himself cured after having taken five bottles of your medicine. The other is a case of scrofula of long standing, which is rapidly improving under its use, and the indications are that the patient will soon recover. I have carefully examined the formula by which your Rosadalis is made, and find it an excellent compound of alterative ingredients.
Dr. Sparks, of Nicholasville, Ky., says he has used Rosadalis in cases of scrofula and Secondary Syphilis with satisfactory results—as a cleaner of the Blood I know no better remedy.
Samuel G. M'Fadden, Murfreesboro', Tenn. says:
I have used seven bottles of Rosadalis and am entirely cured of Rheumatism; send me four bottles, as I wish it for my brother who has scrofulous sore eyes.
Benjamin Bechtol, of Lima, Ohio writes. I have suffered for twenty years with an inveterate eruption over my whole body; a short time since I purchased a bottle of Rosadalis and it effected a perfect cure.
Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists.
Laboratory, 61 Exchange Place, Baltimore
CLEMENTS & CO., Proprietors.
Feb. 11, 1870.—1yin
For sale in Gettysburg, Pa., by A. D. BUEHLER, Druggist.

New Advertisements.

FINANCIAL.

NEW 7-30 GOLD LOAN

OF THE

Northern Pacific Railroad Company,

Secured by First Mortgage on Railroad and Land Grant.

SAFE! PROFITABLE! PERMANENT!

JAY COOKE & Co.,

Offer for sale at par and accrued interest the First Mortgage Land Grant Gold Bonds of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company. They are free from United States Tax, and are issued of the following denominations: Coupons $100, $500, and $1,000; Registered $100, $500, $1,000, $5,000 and $10,000.
With the same entire confidence with which we commended Government bonds to Capitalists and People, we now, after the fullest investigation, recommend these Northern Pacific Railroad bonds to our friends and the general public.
GOLD PAYMENT.—Both principal and interest are payable in American gold coin, at the office of Jay Cooke & Co., New York City—the principal at the end of 30 years, and the interest (at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum) half-yearly, first of January and July.
PERFECT SAFETY.—The bonds we are now selling, are secured by a first and only mortgage on all the property and rights of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, which will embrace on the completion of the work:
1. Over Two Thousand Miles of Road, with rolling stock, buildings, and all other equipments.
2. Over Twenty-two Thousand Acres of Land to every mile of finished road. This land, agricultural, timbered and mineral, amounting in all to more than Fifty Million Acres, consists of alternate sections, reaching twenty to forty miles on each side of the track, and extending in a broad fertile belt from Wisconsin through the richest portions of Minnesota, Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Oregon and Washington, to Puget Sound.
While the Government does not directly guarantee the bonds of the Road, it thus amply provides for their full and prompt payment by an unreserved grant of land, the most valuable ever conferred upon a gr at national improvement.
THE MORTGAGE.—The Trustees under the Mortgage, are Messrs. Jay Cooke of Philadelphia, and J. Edgar Thomson, President of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company. They will directly and permanently represent the interests of the First Mortgage bond holders, and are required to see that the proceeds of the land sales are used in purchasing and cancelling the bonds of the Company if they can be bought before maturity at not more than 10 per cent. premium; otherwise the Trustees are to invest the proceeds of land sales in United States Bonds or Real Estate Mortgages for the further security of Northern Pacific bondholders. Also, that they have at all times in their control, as security, at least 500 acres of average land to every $1,000 of outstanding first mortgage bonds, besides the railroad itself and all its equipments and franchises.
PROFITABLENESS.—Of course nothing can be safer than the bonds of the United States, but as the Government is no longer a borrower, and as the Nation's present work is not that of preserving its existence, but that of developing a continent, we remind those who desire to increase their income and obtain a more permanent investment, while still having a perfectly reliable security, that:
United States 5-20's at their average premium yield the present purchaser less than 5½ per cent. gold interest. Should they be redeemed in five years, and specie payments be resumed, they would really pay only 4½ per cent., or if in three years, only 3½ per cent., as the present premium would meanwhile be sunk.
Northern Pacific 7-30's selling at par in currency yield the investor 7 3-10 per cent. gold interest absolutely for thirty years, *free from United States tax*. $1,100 currency invested now in United States 5-20's, will yield per year in gold, say $72.00. $1,100 currency invested now in Northern Pacific 7-30's will yield per year in gold, $80.30.—Here is a difference in annual income of nearly one-third, besides a difference of 7 to 10 per cent. in principal, when both classes of bonds are redeemed.
THE ROAD NOW BUILDING.—Work was begun in July last on the eastern portion of the line, and the money provided, by the sale to stockholders of some six millions of the Company's bonds, to build and equip the road from Lake Superior across Minnesota to the Red River of the North—233 miles. The grading on this division is now well advanced, the iron is being rapidly laid; several thousand men are at work on the line, and about the first of August next this important section of the road will be in full operation. In the meantime orders have been sent to the Pacific coast for the commencement of the work on the western end in early Spring, and thereafter the work will be pushed, both eastward and westward, with as much speed as may be consistent with solidity and a wise economy.
RECEIVABLE FOR LANDS.—These bonds will be at all times, before maturity, receivable at 1.10, in payment for the Company's lands, at their lowest cash price.
BONDS EXCHANGEABLE.—The registered bonds can be exchanged at any time for coupons, the coupons for registered, and both these can be exchanged for others, payable, principal and interest, at any of the principal financial centres of Europe, in the coin of the various European countries.
HOW TO GET THEM.—Your nearest Bank or Banker will supply these bonds in any desired amount, and of any needed denomination. Persons wishing to exchange stocks or other bonds for these, can do so with any of our agents, who will allow the highest current price for all marketable securities.
Those living in localities remote from banks, may send money, or other bonds, directly to us by express, and we will send back Northern Pacific bonds at our own risk, and without cost to the investor. For further information, pamphlets, maps, etc., call on or address the undersigned, or any of the Banks or Bankers employed to sell this loan.

FOR SALE BY
Wm. AINTER & Co.,
Bankers, Philadelphia, Agents for Eastern Pa.,
AND
Gettysburg National Bank
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Jan. 27—3t

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light, and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make the unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers ever published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine. 4t

UNIVERSALISM: What is it? Send for the *Star in the West*, Cincinnati. A large 8-page weekly; established 1827. It meets all the wants of the family; $2.50 per year, $1.25 six months.—Try it. Specimens free. Address WILLIAMSON & CANTWELL, Cincinnati, Ohio. 4t

GENUINE NORWAY OATS, and ALSIKE CLOVER. Sample packages sent free to all Farmers; also, a copy of the AMERICAN STOCK JOURNAL, by enclosing stamp to N. P. BOYER & Co., Parkesburg, Chester co., Pa. 4t

CHOIRS JUST WHAT YOU NEED!—New Anthems and Quartets for 5 cents. Mailed free. Send 5 cents, for specimen, to J. A. BUTTERFIELD, No. 257 West Madison Street, Chicago. 4t

NEW YORK SAFETY STEAM POWER CO. Steam Engines, with and without cut-off, and Sectional Safety Steam Boilers, built in quantities by special machinery. Send for circular, 44 Cortland street, N. Y. 4t

$5 to $10 per Day. Men, Women, Boys and Girls who engage in our new business make from $5 to $10 per day in their own localities. Full particulars and instructions sent free by mail. Those in need of permanent, profitable work, should address at once. GEORGE STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

AGENTS! READ THIS!

WE WILL PAY AGENTS A SALARY OF $30 PER WEEK and expenses, or allow a large commission, to sell our new and wonderful inventions. Address M. WAGNER & Co., Marshall, Mich. 4t

EMPLOYMENT FOR ALL.

$30 SALARY PER WEEK, and expenses, paid Agents, to sell our new and useful discoveries. Address B. SWEET, & Co., Marshall, Mich. 4t

1826 USE THE "VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM." 1870
The old standard remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption. "Nothing better." CUTLER BROS. & Co., Boston. 4t

UPHAM'S DEPILATORY POWDER.—Removes superfluous hair in five minutes, without injury to the skin. Sent by mail for $1.25.

UPHAM'S ASTHMA CURE

Relieves most violent paroxysms in five minutes and effects a speedy cure. Price $2 by mail.

THE JAPANESE HAIR STAIN

Colors the whiskers and hair a beautiful Black or Brown. It consists of only one preparation. 75 cents by mail. Address S. C. UPHAM, No. 721 Jayne Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Circulars sent free. Sold by all Druggists. 4t

PSYCHOMANCY.—Any lady or gentleman can make $1,000 a month, secure their own happiness and independence, by obtaining PSYCHOMANCY, FASCINATION, OR SOUL CHARMING. 400 pages; cloth. Full instructions to use this power over men or animals at will, how to Mesmerize, become Trance or Writing Mediums, Divination, Spiritualism, Alchemy, Philosophy of Omens and Dreams, Brigham Young's Harem, Guide to Marriage, &c., all contained in this book; 100,000 sold; price by mail, in cloth $1.25, paper covers $1.—NOTICE.—Any person willing to act as agent will receive a sample copy of the work free. As no capital is required, all desirous of genteel employment should send for the book, enclosing 10 cts. for postage, to T. W. EVANS & CO., 41 South 8th St., Philadelphia. Jan. 20, 1871.-4t

STAGE OFFICE.

KEYSTONE HOUSE.

THE Keystone House, Chambersburg street, has been selected as the Gettysburg office for the CHAMBERSBURG and EMMITTSBURG STAGE LINES. Stage for Chambersburg leaves daily at 1 o'clock, P. M., and for Emmittsburg daily at the same hour. Fare received at the Hotel and passengers called for at any place in town.
The Keystone House runs a first-class HACK to and from the Depot FREE. Hack to hire.
W. E. MYERS.
Gettysburg, Sept. 9, 1870.—6m

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

Fahnestock Brothers.

FALL & WINTER
GOODS.

Dry Goods, Hardware,

QUEENSWARE, CARPET,

Groceries, Cedarware,

IRON, PAINTS, &c.

FURS are cheap this season at Fahnestock's.

DRESS GOODS—all the new styles and in every variety at Fahnestock's.

COLLARS, HANDKERCHIEFS and NEEDLE-WORK—the largest stock ever in town at Fahnestock's.

SHAWLS of all kinds and prices at Fahnestock's.

CHRISTMAS GOODS at Fahnestock's.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, &c., latest style at Fahnestock's.

CALICOS—best at 12½ cents at Fahnestock's.

WATER-PROOF CLOTH from $1.00 yard up at Fahnestock's.

RIBBONS and DRESS TRIMMINGS at Fahnestock's.

GLOVES in large assortment at Fahnestock's.

Nov. 18, 1870—tf

J. L. SCHICK,

has the Largest and Best Selected Stock of

DRY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS,

that has been brought to Gettysburg this Spring

which will be sold at the owest possible rates.

May 6. 1870—tf.

NEW FIRM.
REBERT & BUSHMAN.

Dry Goods, Carpets, Glassware, &c.

THE firm of Rebert & Elliott having been dissolved, it is succeeded by REBERT & BUSHMAN, who will continue the Mercantile business at the old stand, on Baltimore street, opposite the Court-house, Gettysburg. The junior partner has for years been employed as salesman in the store of J. L. Schick, and therefore brings to his new position an experience in the business possessed by few.
The stock now offered, owing to large additions of the newest and latest styles and patterns of Goods, is one of rare attractiveness, and cannot fail to please, whilst their prices, having bought to the best advantage, will also be found satisfactory. The inducements they offer cannot be excelled in the town or county. They make a speciality of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

an invite attention to the assortment they now offer, promising at the same time to continue it up to the highest standard.

FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,

they offer a large and varied stock, and feel certain that all who come can be suited in goods and price.
DOMESTICS, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, &c., &c., will always be found in full variety, with the best chances offered to buyers.
Everything possible will be done to render satisfaction, and thus earn a liberal share of public patronage, which they respectfully solicit.
ADAM REBERT,
Nov. 25, 1870.—tf JOHN H. BUSHMAN.

NEW
Fall and Winter Goods
AT GRIEST & BOWERS,
York Springs, Pa.

MOTTO—"Quick Sales, Small Profits and Quick Returns."

THE undersigned, having just returned from the city of Philadelphia, offer the citizens of York Springs and elsewhere, a well selected STOCK OF GOODS, consisting of Dry Goods, Notions, Fancy Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Drugs, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Furs, Oil Cloths, &c., &c. We offer as specialities, at great reduced prices, LADIES' FURS, DRESS GOODS and WOOLEN HOSIERY.
Please remember that cash brings better bargains than long credits, and frequent settlements make long friends.
We have a large lot of ready-made OVERCOATS, made to order, suitable for this vicinity, which will be sold at the lowest prices possible.
Thankful for past favors, and with attention to business and a disposition to please, we solicit a continuance of public patronage.
GRIEST & BOWERS.
Oct. 28, 1870.—tf

T. B. COVER. A. RAFFENSPERGER.

NEW FIRM.
ARENDTSVILLE, PA.

THE undersigned having entered into partnership, under the firm name of COVER & RAFFENSPERGER, call the attention of their friends and the public generally, to their splendid assortment of NEW SPRING AND SUMMER

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Hardware, Queensware,

all of which have been purchased in a falling market for cash, and which we are prepared to sell at the very lowest figures. Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
A lot of good Rails for sale.
TOBIAS B. COVER,
A. RAFFENSPERGER.
Arendtsville, Pa., April 15, 1870—tf

Photograph Galleries.

TIPTON & MYERS'
EXCELSIOR GALLERIES

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Make all styles of Pictures from minature to life size, including the

"REMBRANDTS"

OR SHADOW PICTURES.

Photographs Finished in Oil

WATER COLORS, OR INDIA INK.

Views of the Battle-field!

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

We always a large and well selected stock of Frames, Albums, Stereoscopes, Cord, Tassels, &c. always on hand. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Dec. 7, 1870.—tf

The Star and Sentinel.

Friday Morning, Feb. 3, 1871.

The Star and Sentinel Calendar FOR 1871.

1871.	Sund	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Frid.	Satur.	1871.	Sund	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Frid.	Satur.
JAN.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	JUL.	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28		16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	29	30	31	..	..	..	..		23	24	25	26	27	28	29
FEB.	..	..	..	1	2	3	4		30	31	..	..	..	..	..
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	AUG	..	..	1	2	3	4	5
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25		13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	26	27	28	..	..	..	..		20	21	22	23	24	25	26
MAR.	..	..	..	1	2	3	4		27	28	29	30	31	..	..
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	SEP.	..	..	..	..	..	1	2
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25		10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	26	27	28	29	30	31	..		17	18	19	20	21	22	23
APR.	..	..	..	..	..	..	1		24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	OCT.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29		22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	30	..	..	..	..	..	..		29	30	31	..	..	..	..
MAY	..	1	2	3	4	5	6	NOV	..	..	..	1	2	3	4
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	28	29	30	31	..	..	..		26	27	28	29	30	..	..
JUN.	..	..	..	..	1	2	3	DEC.	..	..	..	..	..	1	2
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	25	26	27	28	29	30	..		24	25	26	27	28	29	30
									31	..	..	..	..	..	..

WASTE OF MANURE.

There is a very intelligent farmers' club at South Ackworth, in Vermont, which often suggests some very good things. It is a pity that the talks of sensible practical men, like these, cannot get a wider circulation than they generally do, while the doings of the New York reporters, under the name of "Farmers' Club," get the widest notoriety possible. The following from the South Ackworth Club, on manure is so good that we give it a prominent place here:

"Mr. Joseph Hayward said it paid better to put material for manure into the hog pen than to buy special manures. He favored spreading on the surface and harrowing in, case the manure was fine; if coarse, he would plow it in, but not very deep; he preferred to keep manure housed until it was applied; would not draw out and put into small heaps; applied all his manure in the spring, would not keep it over; thought he could make sufficient manure from one hog to manure a crop that ought to feed the animal."

"John McKean said manure was the basis of successful farming; he could not afford to keep manure over; would use it in the spring; we should save everything in the shape of manure; store hogs may be made to pay their keeping in manures; he likes muck, would mix it with ashes; had used Bradley's phosphate, considered it the best in the market, thought it paid to use it; hen manure was worth $1 per bushel.

"H. G. Perham approved the use of ashes, thought they were the cheapest manure that we could buy; thought we should pick up all the bones and put them into ashes, and keep moist—it would make first-rate phosphate."

"John G. McKean suggested that every farmer wastes manure enough to raise, at least, one acre of corn. It paid to use all the manure that could be made and saved, and to buy some besides.—When a farmer wasted manure he wasted *money*. Many a farmer would stand and look on with indifference and see a stream of water running through his barn yard, washing the best of his manure away, when if he saw one cent wasted, he would turn the world upside down to save it. Farmers needed to pay more attention to such things.—*Philadelphia Press.*

IMPORTANT TO YOUNG HOUSEKEEPERS.—In a recent work of Dio Lewis, he gives an account of one week in which the sum total expended for his food was 54½ cents. Two days out of seven he indulged in a brief stew, the meat for which each time cost exactly two cents, and he says "there was really enough for two of us!" As for the other days, the *carte* for a couple of them will give an idea of all: Sunday breakfast, hulled Southern corn with a little milk. My breakfast cost three cents.—I took exactly the same thing for dinner. Food the day, six cents. I never take any supper. Tuesday breakfast, two cents' worth of beans with half a cent's worth of vinegar. For dinner, one quart of rich porridge worth one cent, with four slices of coarse bread, worth two cents. Food for Tuesday, five and a half cents. In conclusion, Dr. Lewis remarks: "Of course I don't pretend that every one can live in this luxurious way. It isn't every body that can afford it. I could have lived just as well, so far as health and strength are concerned, on half the money. Besides, on three days I ate to much altogether, and suffered from thirst and dullness. But then I may plead that my habits are active. Not only have I written 40 odd pages of this book during the week, but I have done a large amount of hard muscular labor."

SHYING HORSES.—A horseman whose horse is given to shying, ought never to permit himself to evince symptoms of nervousness nor punish the animal for exhibition of timidity.—Whenever a horse directs the points of his ears in a certain direction, as though distrustful or afraid, the reins should be pulled in another direction, thus diverting the attention of the animal from the object causing the perturbation.—If on the other hand, force or harsh means are used to compel an acquaintance with the object feared, the horse will be doubly excited, if not unmanageable.

We have found, in cases of shying or halting at real or fancied objects of disquiet that stopping the horse and using soothing language, answers a very good purpose. If the object is stationary, the horse, after a short time, will most usually advance in the direction of it, approaching cautiously till satisfied that no danger is to be apprehended, when he will resume his way in a quiet way. But if chastised for shying, he will have two objects of fear instead of one, and become more confirmed in the habit of distrustfulness.—*Whitney's Waverly.*

EXTENSIVE FARMING.—The large of farm 25,000 acres in Champaign Co., Ills., formerly belonging to M. L. Sullivant, but recently purchased by J. T. Alexander, requires, according to the *Prairie Farmer*, for such part as is under cultivation, a laboring force of 160 ablebodied men, divided into six departments, with a foreman to each squad of 18 or 20 men. The central superintendent gives directions by means of signal flags. The teams are 120 yoke of oxen and 100 horses and mules. It is intended to have 8,000 or 10,000 head of cattle, so arranged that one man can oversee about 1,000 head. The receipts this year are estimated at $380,000, leaving a net profit of $200,000. The cattle on the farm are valued at $280,000. Machinery is largely used, and the cost of growing corn, as shown by the book account which is kept, is less than a day and a half of labor for each acre. The farm is fenced by an osage hedge, two years old, planted on a high ridge, about fourteen feet wide, which has been thrown up by a huge plow—giving a deep bed of earth in which the plants grow with great vigor.

Groceries.

WM. J. MARTIN,

Wholesale and Retail dealer in

GROCERIES & LIQUORS.

A large lot of GROCERIES that I am selling Cheap or Cash.

CHOICE LIQUORS,

Old Rye Whiskey eight years old.

Very old French Brandy.

ALL OTHER KINDS OF LIQUORS.

A general assortment of BITTERS, among which are Mishler's Herb Bitters.

PURE LIQUORS for Medical purposes, at WM. J. MARTIN'S.

TABLE CUTLERY, Glass-ware, Queensware, &c., at WM. J. MARTIN'S. April 30, 1869—tf

NEW GROCERY.

JESSE M. WALTER

HAS opened a new Grocery Store, adjoining his residence on York street, and will always keep on hand

PRIME GROCERIES

of all kinds—Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Syrup, Molasses, Fish, Salt, Pepper, Spices, &c. Also, Confections, Fruits, Nuts, Soaps, and Notions generally. He has now on hand a fine lot of HAMS for family use.

All of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices. Call and examine,

THE HIGHEST PRICE GIVEN FOR

BUTTER & EGGS.

Gettysburg, Sept. 30, 1870.—tf

NEW GROCERY.

HAVING purchased from Mr. AMOS ECKERT his Grocery establishment, on the Northwest corner of Centre Square, GETTYSBURG, PA., and laid in a new stock of Goods, I respectfully invite my friends and the public to give me a call. In addition to a large and varied stock of prime

Groceries, Notions, &c.,

I will keep constantly on hand the best quality of

Queensware, Fire-Proof and Glassware,

Fruits, Confections, &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest cash rates.

June 24, 1870.—tf H. H. BEAMER.

WM. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, NOTIONS,

TOBACCOS,

Also Stone, Wooden and Willow-ware.

A general assortment of all Goods usually kept in A FAMILY GROCERY.

Dec. 3, 1867—tf

Carriages, Harness, &c.

D. MCCREARY. J. F. MCCREARY

"BEST ALWAYS CHEAPEST."

The Best and Cheapest,

Saddles, Bridles, Collars

and HARNESS of all kinds, in the County, are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore st., opposite the Presbyterian Church.

(McCREARY'S.)

OUR RIDING and WAGON SADDLES, are the most substantially built and neatest.

OUR HARNESS, (plain and silver mounted,) are complete in every respect and warranted of the very best material and workmanship.

OUR UPPER LEATHER DRAFT COLLARS, can not be beat. They are the best FITTING and most durable.

OUR HEAVY DRAFT HARNESS, are made to order, as cheap as they can be made anywhere and in the most substantial manner.

RIDING BRIDLES, WHIPS, LASHES, DRAFT Hames, Fly-nets and everything. *None better or cheaper.*

OUR PRICES have been REDUCED to the lowest living standard. A liberal percentage for cash, off all bills amounting to $5 or more.

We work nothing but the best of stock and will warrant every article turned out to be in every respect as represented.

Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.

Give us a call and examine *prices and quality.* D. McCREARY & SON. Jan. 29, 1868—tf

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES.

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned has removed his Carriage-making shop to the east end of Middle street, Gettysburg, Pa., where he will continue to build all kinds of work in his line, viz:

CARRIAGES, TROTTING & FALLING-TOP BUGGIES, JAGGER WAGONS, &C., &C.

His work is all put up of good material and by the best of mechanics, and cannot fail to give satisfaction. His prices are always reasonable. He solicits orders, confident that he can please.

REPAIRING promptly done, at moderate rates.

July 1, 1868—1y W. K. GALLAGHER.

SAVE YOUR HORSES!

PATENT ELASTIC CORK

HORSE COLLARS.

THE undersigned has for sale these CELEBRATED COLLARS, manufactured by Haner & Berry, Philadelphia, which are now used by all the City Passenger Railroad Companies for the protection of their stock. They are lighter in weight, absorb no moisture, and do not heat. The Cork with which they are stuffed being very elastic, the Collar adjusts to the shape of the animal, and consequently does not chafe. Farmers, try them. Also,

HARNESS

of all kinds for sale and made to order. Call at my establishment on Carlisle street, Gettysburg, Pa., adjoining Passenger Depot.

May 20, 1870—tf JOHN CULP.

CARRIAGE-MAKING.

The war being over, the undersigned have resumed the

Carriage-Making Business,

at their old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,

on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices, and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

REPAIRING

done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share the future.

May 29, 1867—tf DANNER & ZIEGLER.

Butchering.

MEAT MARKET!!

NEW FIRM!

GEO. B. STOVER & THAD. S. WIBLE,

HAVING entered into partnership in the Butchering Business, will carry it on in all branches. All kinds of

Fresh Meat Every Day.

Beef every Tuesday and Saturday morning. Small meats every Wednesday, Thursday and Friday mornings.

Market stand at Geo. B. Stover's residence on Chambersburg street, second Square.

Those having fat stock for sale will find it to their advantage to call on or address the new firm.

Aug. 18, 1869—tf STOVER & WIBLE.

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

REMOVED.

JOSEPH JACOBS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

HAS REMOVED

Next door to J. W. Cress' Store, on Chambersburg st., near the Square.

A large assortment of

Cloths, Cassimers, Vestings, Trimmings &c., &c.,

offered at the smallest profits.

Goods bought at the Store *cut free of charge.* Goods made up with dispatch, as well when bought at other stores as at his own. Latest N. Y. Fashions received, and tailoring done in the most approved style. Cutting done, as usual. The public patronage solicited, and no effort spared to please.

April 22, 1870—tf JOS. JACOBS.

Musical Instruments, &c.,

AT

CUNNINGHAM'S,

On Chambersburg Street.

DID YOU SEE

THOSE nice CHESTERFIELD AND WALKING COATS, that are selling so cheap at PICKING & CO.

THE PLACE TO BUY CHEAP.

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes.

LATEST STYLES.

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

If you want to save money, call on

Cobean & Cunningham,

Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.,

WHO have made large additions to their stock of BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, and now offer the best assortment ever opened in Gettysburg—comprising the latest styles and made by the best of workmen. Call and examine our stock. Also, a variety of

NOTIONS, SEGARS, &c.

Jan. 13, 1871.—tf

ANY AMOUNT

OF DRESS and BUSINESS SACK COATS for sale cheap at PICKING & CO.

Fall and Winter Clothing

in great variety at

FRANK CUNNINGHAM'S

Chambersburg Street.

Bargains! Bargains!

D. H. KLINGEL,

Near the Court-House, Baltimore Street,

Is selling out his entire stock of city made

Boots and Shoes,

in order to make room for his own manufactured goods.

VERY CHEAP FOR CASH.

The stock is the very best of city made work, and I will guarantee it as represented. It embraces the best MENS' CALF and KIP BOOTS in town, and a full line of SHOES, GAITERS, &c., for Ladies' and Childrens' wear.

THE MANUFACTURING

of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters will also be carried on, in all its branches, as before. Repairing done on short notice. By employing none but first-class workmen, and using none but the choicest leather, he feels confident of maintaining his former reputation. Certainly nothing will be left undone to deserve it.

Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of public patronage. D. H. KLINGEL. Gettysburg, Dec. 23, 1870—tf

ALL STYLES OF

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, BEAVERS, &c., at

FRANK CUNNINGHAM'S

Chambersburg St.

LAP BLANKETS, HORSE BLANKETS and BUFFALO ROBES, cheap at PICKING & CO.

WOLF'S

Cheap Clothing Store,

On the Northeast Corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pa.,

Has the largest and best stock of

FALL & WINTER

CLOTHING,

ever offered in this place. Also, the very latest and best styles of

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes,

with a variety of Winter Under-Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods generally. Also, a fine assortment of Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Notions, &c.

The best manufactured Leather Trunks and Valises, Carpet Bags and Umbrellas always on hand.

Hosiery and Gloves, a large assortment. Children's Fancy Shoes of all kinds. In short, everything that is usually kept in a first-class Gent's Furnishing Store.

All will be sold as low as the lowest, our motto being, "Quick sales and small profits." Call and examine our stock of goods before purchasing elsewhere. S. WOLF.

Nov. 18, 1870.—tf

Any person who wants a

Fine Fitting Suit

GO TO CUNNINGHAM'S

On Chambersburg Street.

PICKING & CO.,

CANNOT be excelled for cheapness, style and durability in the way of PANTS.

NORRIS' HEADQUARTERS!

On South-East Corner of Centre Square,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Has the Largest and Best Stock of

FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING,

THE LATEST STYLES

HATS AND CAPS,

THE BEST MANUFACTURED

BOOTS AND SHOES,

WITH A VARIETY OF

Winter Under-clothing,

AND

Gents' Furnishing Goods of every variety; also a large assortment of

NOTIONS, TRUNKS,

And everything found in a Gentlemen's Furnishing Store.

GIVE US A CALL.

Oct. 14, 1870.—tf

GENTLEMEN'S

FURNISHING GOODS

in endless variety at

AT CUNNINGHAM'S

On Chambersburg Street.

Coal, Lumber, Lime, &c.

COOK AND PARLOR STOVES.

OF ALL KINDS.

The latest and most approved styles.

TIN, SHEET-IRON AND HOLLOW WARE,

COAL & LUMBER

OF ALL KINDS.

Call and Examine!

C. H. BUEHLER'S

WARE ROOMS,

CORNER OF CARLISLE & RAILROAD STREETS.

DANIEL CASHMAN. HENRY OVERDEER.

NEW FIRM.

COAL AND LIME!

THE undersigned have entered into partnership, and under the firm of CASHMAN & OVERDEER and will carry on the

Lime Burning Business,

at the old stand—the Gettysburg Lime Kilns, on the corner of Railroad and Stratton streets.—Farmers and others can rely on getting the best of Lime at all times, and at lowest market rates.

COAL,

at lowest prices.

Lime and Coal delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

DANIEL CASHMAN, HENRY OVERDEER.

Oct. 28, 1870.—tf

Railroad Time Tables.

Gettysburg Railroad.

TIME TABLE.

TRAINS now run on the Gettysburg Railroad as follows:

FIRST TRAIN leaves Gettysburg at 8.10 A. M., Granite 8.22, Gulden's 8.25, New Oxford 8.38, arrive at Hanover at 9, and leave at 9.10, arrive at Hanover Junction at 10 A. M., arrive at Baltimore at 12.30 P. M., York 11.45 A. M., Harrisburg 1.10 P. M.

SECOND TRAIN leaves Gettysburg at 1 P. M., Granite 1.12, Gulden's 1.15, New Oxford 1.30, Hanover 1.55, arrives at Hanover Junction at 2.40, Baltimore 6.15, York 3.10, Harrisburg 4.15.

FIRST TRAIN leaves Baltimore at 10.40 P. M., Harrisburg 5.35 A. M., York 6.50, Hanover Junction 7.20, Hanover 9, New Oxford 9.40, arrive at Gettysburg at 10.30.

SECOND TRAIN leaves Baltimore at 8.30 A. M., Harrisburg 8 A. M., York 9.30, Hanover Junction 11.15, Hanover 11.55, New Oxford 12.08, Gulden's 12.20, Granite 12.23, arrives at Gettysburg 12.40 P. M.

THIRD TRAIN leaves Baltimore at 12.40 P. M., Harrisburg 1.27 P. M. York 3, Hanover Junction 3.40 Hanover 4.25, New Oxford 4.40, Gulden's 4.53, Granite 4.56, arrives at Gettysburg at 5.10.

H. D. SCOTT, Ticket Agent.

Dec. 9, 1870.—tf

Northern Central Railway.

WINTER SCHEDULE.

ON and after Dec. 4th, 1870, Trains will leave Hanover Junction as follows:

LEAVE NORTHWARD.

12.19 a. m.—Daily for Elmira, Buffalo &c.

11.10 a. m.—Daily for Williamsport, daily (except Sundays) for Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and Erie and the West.

2.44 p. m.—Daily (except Sundays) for Williamsport and Erie.

6.05 p. m.—Daily (except Sundays) for York.

10.03 p. m.—Daily (except Sundays) for Harrisburg and the West.

LEAVE SOUTHWARD.

7.15 a. m.—Daily stopping at Parkton only.

7.52 a. m.—Daily (except Sundays) stopping at all Stations.

10.04 a. m.—Daily (except Sundays) stopping at all Stations.

12.25 p. m.—Daily stopping at Parkton only.

1.11 p. m.—Daily (except Sunday) stopping at Parkton.

3.36 p. m. Daily (except Sundays) stopping at all Stations.

EDW. S. YOUNG, *Pass. Agent,* Baltimore, Md.

ALFRED R. FISKE, *General Superintendent,* Harrisburg, Pa.

Dec. 4, 1870.—tf

READING RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,

MONDAY, NOV. 21st, 1870

Great trunk line from the North and Northwest for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Shamokin, Lebanon, Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3.10, 8.10, 10.50 a. m., and 2.50 p. m., connecting with similar Trains on Pennsylvania Railroad, and arriving at New York at 10.10 a. m., 3.50, 5.50 and 10.00 p. m., respectively.—Sleeping Cars accompany the 3.10 and a. m., Train without change.

Returning: leave New York at 9.00 a. m., 12.00 noon and 5.00 p. m., Philadelphia at 8.15 a. m., and 3.30 p. m. Sleeping Cars accompany the 5.00 p. m. train from New York without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8.10 a. m., and 2.50 and 4.05 p. m., stopping at Lebanon and principal way Stations; 4.05 p. m., train connecting for Philadelphia, Pottsville and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rail Road, leave Harrisburg at 3.40 p. m.

East Pennsylvania Railroad trains leave Reading for Allentown, Easton and New York at 5.00 10.30, 12.45 noon and 4.45 p. m. Returning, leave New York at 9.00 a. m., 12.00 noon and 5.00 p. m., and Allentown at 7.20 a. m., 12.25 noon, 2.15, 4.20 and 8.45 p. m.

Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 a. m., connecting with similar train on East Penn'a Railroad, returning from Reading at 6.20 p. m., stopping at all Stations.

Leave Pottsville at 9.00 a. m., and 3.10 p. m., Herndon at 10.15 a. m., Shamokin at 5.40 and 11.20 a. m., Ashland at 7.05 a. m., and 12.50 noon, Mahanoy City at 7.51 a. m., and 1.35 p. m., Tamaqua at 8.33 a. m., and 2.40 p. m., for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

Leave Pottsville, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 8.15 a. m., for Harrisburg, and 12.05 noon, for Pine Grove and Tremont.

Reading Accommodation Train leaves Pottsville at 5.40 a. m., passes Reading at 7.30 a. m., arriving at Philadelphia at 10.20 a. m. Returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4.45 p. m., passes Reading at 7.25 p. m., arriving at Pottsville at 9.10 p. m.

Pottstown Accommodation Train, leaves Pottstown at 7.00 a. m., returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4.00 p. m.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7.20 a. m., and 6.15 p. m. for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Perkiomen Railroad Trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 7.45, 9.05 a. m., 3.00 and 5.30 p. m.; returning, leave Schwenksville at 7.00, 8.20 a. m., 12.50 noon, and 4.30 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Colebrookdale Railroad Trains leave Pottstown at 9.40 a. m., and 6.20 p. m., returning leave Mount Pleasant at 7.00 and 11.25 a. m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Chester Valley Railroad Trains leave Bridgeport at 8.30 a. m., 2.05 and 5.02 p. m., returning, leave Downington at 6.55 a. m., 12.45 noon and 5.15 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

On Sundays: leave New York at 5.00 p. m., Philadelphia at 8.00 a. m. and 3.15 p. m., (the 8.00 a. m. Train running only to Reading,) leave Pottsville at 8.00 a. m., Harrisburg at 3.10 a. m., and 4.05 p. m.; leave Allentown at 8.45 p. m.; leave Reading at 7.15 a. m., and 10.05 p. m., for Harrisburg, at 5.00 a. m. for New York, and at 9.40 a. m. and 4.25 p. m. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets, to and from all points, at reduced Rates.

Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS, General Superintendent.

Reading, Pa., Dec. 2, 1870.

WEDDING CARDS, Business Cards, Visiting Cards, Tickets, Tags, &c., &c., printed with neatness, cheapness and dispatch.

Forwarding Houses.

NEW FIRM

BIGHAM & BROTHER.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSE,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned, having entered into partnership under the firm of BIGHAM & BROTHER, will carry on the Forwarding and Commission business, at the old stand, on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, and devote to it their entire time and attention. The HIGHEST MARKET PRICE will be paid at all times for Grain and Produce.

A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every *TUESDAY NOON,* for Baltimore and Philadelphia, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from these cities. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 165 North Howard street, Baltimore, and to Burk's Warehouse, 812 Market street, Philadelphia.

We will also keep constantly on hand the best of

Groceries of all kinds,

Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Spices, Fish, Salt, Syrups, Oils, Tobacco, Bacon, Lard, &c., which will be sold at lowest cash rates.

WM. M. BIGHAM, JAMES BIGHAM.

Aug. 12, 1870.—tf

ROBERT M'CURDY,

DEALER IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &c.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned is paying at his Warehouse, in Carlisle street adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for

Flour, Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Potatoes, &c.

and invites producers to give him a call before selling. He has constantly on hand for sale,

A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES

Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobaccos, &c. Also, the best brands of FLOUR, with Feed of all kinds. He likewise has

SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,

Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes' Phosphate and Mexican Guano.

Whilst he pays the highest market prices for all he buys, he sells at the lowest living profits. He asks a share of public patronage, resolved to give satisfaction in every case.

ROBERT McCURDY.

July 23, 1869.—tf

LOOK HERE!

THE undersigned has leased the Ware-house the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, Gettysburg, Pa. and will carry on the

Grain & Produce Business

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES

OF ALL KINDS

constantly for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soap, &c.; also, Coal Oil, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

He is always able to supply a first-rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL by the bushel, ton or car load.

He will also run a

Line of Freight Cars

to No. 165 North Howard street, BALTIMORE, and No. 811 Market street, PHILADELPHIA.—All goods sent to either place will be received and forwarded promptly. All goods should be marked "CRESS' CAR."

April 2, 1869.—tf JOHN CRESS.

JOSEPH WIBLE. J. E. WIBLE.

Joseph Wible & Son,

PRODUCE DEALERS,

South-east cor. of Railroad and Washington sts., GETTYSBURG, PA.

HIGHEST cash price paid for all kinds of Grain, Hay, Straw and Country Produce generally. Constantly on hand for sale all kinds of

GROCERIES,

The best brands of FERTILIZERS constantly on hand, or secured at short notice.

April 22, 1870.—tf

Farming Implements, &c.

DODGE'S PATENT REAPER AND MOWER

AND SELF RAKER.

THIS machine has met with the most complete success. In every section where it has been introduced, it has taken precedence over those machines which have heretofore ranked as first-class. It is a perfect Self-Raker and a superior Mower.

A careful examination will convince any one of its superior merits over all others, in simplicity, strength and durability. As a Self-raking Reaper it has no equal to *our knowledge.*

The Dodge rake is attached to no other machine in the United States, except to this machine.—Built by the DODGE & STEVENSON Manufacturing Co., Auburn, New York.

READ THE NOTICE OF THE COMPANY TO OUR AGENTS:

Having been informed that certain manufacturers in Ohio and elsewhere are building Reapers, with DODGE'S SELF-RAKE attached, we ask you to furnish us the names of all persons vending or purchasing such machines, as we have never licensed any person or persons to manufacture said SELF-RAKE, or any part thereof, and will prosecute to the full extent of the law all persons manufacturing, selling or using said Self-rake except of our own manufacture.

JOHN A. DODGE, President.

We have that confidence in this machine that we are willing to let those wanting a machine test it with any other machine they may wish, and keep the one that gives the most satisfaction.

Farmers wanting Droppers attached can be accommodated.

For the benefit of those wanting machines we should refer them to a few of those to whom we have sold, viz:

Henry Culp	Peter Mackley,
John B. Leas,	Wm. Furney,
Jesse D. Newman,	Elisha Penrose,
George F. Minter,	John Deardorff,
Abraham Waybright,	Ephraim Lady,
David Plank,	Jonathan Wisler,
John Hockersmith,	James Mickley,
Peter Kettoman,	Daniel Settle,
Henry Shriver,	John Bender,
Christian Shriver,	John Ecker,
Ross Hunter,	Henry King,
John Lower,	Andrew Weikert,
John N. Boyer,	J. J. Kerr,
George Philips.	

On Hand a few Second Hand Reapers.

Also, WIRE-TOOTH HAY RAKERS, of different make, amongst which is the Brandt Rake. A few PLOUGHS of different kinds, Thresher and Separator one of the best and cheapest ever offered in the county. HARRISBURG FANNING MILL and Farm Implements generally.

Persons wishing to examine machines will find them at the warehouse of JOSEPH WIBLE & SON, Gettysburg, Pa., or at the residence of the subscriber, 2 miles from Gettysburg, on the Harrisburg road.

EXTRAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND in case of breakage. Persons wanting Circulars will address the subscriber, Gettysburg, Pa.

May 27, 1870.—tf WM. WIBLE, Agent.

Life and Fire Insurance.

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated, March 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.

Vice-President—Samuel R. Russell.

Secretary—D. A. Buehler.

Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.

Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.

Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Frederick Diehl, Franklin; H. A. Picking, Straban; Abdiel F. Gitt, New Oxford; Wm. Ross White, Liberty; H. C. Peters, Petersburg, (Y. S.)

This Company is limited in its operations to the County of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 19 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to over $00,000. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to either of the managers.

The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

June 19, 1868—tf

Books, Drugs, Medicines.

69. JUNE 69.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Drugs & Family Medicines

PATENT MEDICINES,

Liquors and Wines for Medical Purposes, Pure Spices and Flavoring Extracts, Dyes and Dye Stuffs, Soaps, Perfumes and Toilet Goods, Inks, Writing Fluids and Stationery, Physician's Prescriptions and Family recipes accurately put up. Physicians and country Merchants supplied at REDUCED RATES.

Forney's Horse Powder

the best and cheapest for Horses, Cattle and Swine. Other Horse Powders of approved makes.

HUBER'S

Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

June 11, 1869.—tf

DR. JAMES CRESS

DRUGGIST.

Store in Brant's Building, Baltimore Street.,

LITTLESTOWN.

HAVING opened a new DRUG STORE and fitted it up in the best style, I offer my stock of pure and fresh Drugs to the citizens of Littlestown and vicinity at the lowest market rates, consisting in part of

Drugs and Family Medicines, pure Liquors for for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Horse Powders,

Pure Spices, Dyes and Dye Stuffs, Perfumery Toilet Soaps and Fancy articles. A full assortment of Brushes, Stationery of all kinds, Cigars Tobacco and Snuff.

Moore's Electro-Magnetic Soap will with hard and soft water, cold or warm. Clothes washed with this Soap are made beautifully white without boiling or blueing. This is the best Soap in use. Try it. It is warranted not to injure the hands or fabric.

Littlestown, May 13.—1y JAMES CRESS.

A. D. BUEHLER,

DRUG & BOOK STORE,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

PATENT MEDICINES,

BOOKS,

STATIONERY,

PERFUMERY,

TOILET ARTICLES,

GOLD PENS,

&c., &c., &c.

Chambersburg Street, near Diamond.

Country Merchants supplied at City wholesale rates. [Feb. 25, 1870.—tf

CUT THIS OUT

FOR REFERENCE.

At Horner's Drug Store,

you can always get the best and cheapest

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, DYE STUFFS, SPICES, PERFUMERY, ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN TOILET SOAPS, &c., &c.

Jan. 13, 1871.—tf

Marble Yards.

W. N. MILLER'S

MARBLE WORKS,

Cor. of Baltimore and East Middle sts.,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Every Description of Work executed in the finest style of the Art.

ALL KINDS OF

CAST, WROUGHT AND WIRE

RAILINGS,

FURNISHED ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

June 17, 1870.—tf

GETTYSBURG

MARBLE WORKS,

MEALS & BROTHER,

East York Street, second Square, Gettysburg, Pa.

Where they are prepared to furnish all kinds of Work in their line, such as

Monuments, Head-Stones,

TOMBS, MANTLES, &c.,

at the shortest notice—c ap as the cheapest.

Give us a call. P e taken in exchange.

May 27.—1869, tf

THE CUCUMBER WOOD

PUMP!!

One dozen reasons why this is the best Pump manufactured in America for

WELLS AND CISTERNS.

1. It is Simple. 2. It is Reliable. 3. It is Durable. 4. It Works very Easily. 5. It throws Water Rapidly. 6. It is all Wood. 7. The Wood is Tasteless. 8. It does not Crack in the Sun. 9. It is not liable to get out of order. 10. Should any repairs be necessary in time, they can easily be made by any person. 11. It will not freeze. 12. It is Cheaper than any other reliable Pump manufactured.

Balding's Double Acting Glass Cylinder

FORCE PUMP,

With glass cylinder, and hence no rust and little or no friction—cannot freeze—and admirably adapted for Sprinkling Gardens, Washing Windows, Extinguishing Fires, Elevating Water, &c.,—believed to be without an equal for durability, economy and convenience.

Having purchased the exclusive right for Adams county, persons requiring Pumps for wells or cisterns, can have them furnished all complete and ready for use by sending the depth of the well or cistern. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases or no payment required.

Orders by mail or otherwise promptly attended to.

JOSEPH KUNKLE, McKnightstown, Adams county, Pa.

Oct. 21, 1870.—1y

TO THE

WORKING CLASS.

MALE OR FEMALE.—We are prepared to furnish all classes with Constant Employment, at home, the whole or part of the time. Business new, respectable and very profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from $5 to $5 per evening, and a much larger amount by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men or women. Any one sending for our Full Instructions is certain to make money fast. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we will send free by mail our FULL INSTRUCTIONS HOW TO COMMENCE, also a Valuable Sample Package of Goods. Those already started are making $50 per week. Working 4 to 5 hours a day. NO CAPITAL NEEDED to start business. It is adapted for all localities. If you want permanent employment and large returns, send your Address to E. YOUNG & CO., 55 Fulton St., New York.

Medical.

A Great Medical Discovery

DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

VINEGAR BITTERS.

Hundreds of thousands bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

THEY ARE NOT A VILE

FANCY DRINK,

Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and a LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all the poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell, provided the bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

BILIOUS, REMITTENT and INTERMITTENT FEVER, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great Rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others with their vast tributaries, during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during the seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. There are always more or less obstructions of the liver, a weakness and irritable state of the stomach, and great torpor of the bowels, being clogged up with vitiated accumulations. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S Vinegar Bitters, as they will speedily remove the dark colored viscid matter with which the Bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs. The universal popularity of this valuable remedy in regions subject to miasmatic influences, is sufficient evidence of its power as a remedy in such cases.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effect.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French and Spanish.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce street, New York. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS. Dec. 9, 1870.—1ytc

DR. SCHENCK

ADVISES CONSUMPTIVES TO GO TO FLORIDA IN WINTER.

Having for the last thirty-five years devoted my whole time and attention to the study of lung diseases and consumption, I feel that I understand fully the course that ought to be pursued to restore a tolerably bad case of diseased lungs to healthy soundness. The first and most important step is for the patient to avoid taking cold, and the best of all places on this continent for this purpose in winter, is Florida, well down in the State, where the temperature is regular, and not subject to such variations as in more Northern latitudes. Palatka is a point I can recommend. A good hotel is kept there by Peterman. Last winter I saw several persons there whose lungs had been badly diseased, but who, under the healing influence of the climate and my medicine, were getting well.

One hundred miles further down the river is a point which I would prefer to Palatka, as the temperature is more even and the air dry and bracing. Mellonville and Enterprise are located there. I should give a decided preference to Mellonville. It is two miles from river or lake, and it seems almost impossible to take cold there.—The tables in Florida might be better, and patients complain at times but that is a good sign, as it indicates a return of appetite, and when this is the case they generally increase in flesh, and the lungs must heal.

Jacksonville, Hibernia, Green Cove, and many other places in various parts of Florida, can be safely recommended to consumptives in winter. My reasons for saying so are that patients are less liable to take cold there than here, there is a less even temperature, and it is not necessary to say that where a consumptive person exposes himself to frequent colds he is certain to die shortly. Therefore my advice is, go well down into the State out of the reach of prevailing east winds and fogs. Jacksonville, or almost any other of the localities I have named, will benefit those who are troubled with a torpid liver, a disordered stomach, deranged bowels, sore throat or cough, but for those whose lungs are diseased a more southern point is earnestly recommended.

For fifteen years prior to 1869, I was professionally in New York, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia every week, where I saw and examined on an average five hundred patients a week. A practice so extensive, embracing every possible phase of lung disease, has enabled me to understand the disease fully, and hence, my caution in regard to taking cold. A person may take vast quantities of "Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills," and yet die if he does not avoid taking cold.

In Florida, nearly every body is using Schenck's Mandrake Pills, for the climate is more likely to produce bilious habits than more northern latitudes. It is a well established fact that natives of Florida rarely die of consumption, especially those of the southern part. On the other hand, in New England, one-third, at least, of the population die of this terrible disease. In the Middle States it does not prevail so largely, still there are many thousands of cases there. What a vast percentage of life would be saved if consumptives were as easily alarmed in regard to taking fresh cold as they are about scarlet fever, small pox, &c. But they are not. They take what they term a little cold, which they are credulous enough to believe will wear off in a few days.—They pay no attention to it, and hence it lays the foundation for another and another still, until the lungs are diseased beyond all hope for cure.

My advice to persons whose lungs are affected even slightly is, to lay a stock of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Schenck's Mandrake Pills and go to Florida. I recommend these particular medicines because I am thoroughly acquainted with their action. I know that where they are used in strict accordance with my directions they will do the work that is required. This accomplished, nature will do the rest. The physician who prescribes for cold, cough or night-sweats, and then advises the patient to walk or ride out every day, will be sure to have a corpse on his hands before long.

My plan is to give my three medicines, in accordance with the printed directions, except in some cases where a freer use of the Mandrake Pills is necessary. My object is to give tone to the stomach—to get up a good appetite. It is always a good sign when a patient begins to grow hungry. I have hopes of such. With a relish for food and the gratification of that relish comes good blood, and with it more flesh, which is closely followed by a healing of the lungs. Then the cough loosens and abates, the creeping chills and clammy night-sweats no longer prostrate and annoy, and the patient gets well, provided he avoids taking cold.

Now there are many consumptives who have not the means to go to Florida. The question may be asked, is there no hope for such? Certainly there is. My advice to such is, and ever has been, to stay in a warm room during the winter, with a temperature of about seventy degrees, which should be kept regularly at that point, by means of a thermometer. Let such a patient take his exercise within the limits of the room by walking up and down as much as his strength will permit, in order to keep up a healthy circulation of the blood. I have cured thousands by this system, and can do so again. Consumption is as easily cured as any other disease if it is taken in time, and the proper kind of treatment is pursued. The fact stands undisputed on record that Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Mandrake Pills, and Seaweed Tonic have cured very many of what seemed to be hopeless cases of consumption. Go where you will, you will be almost certain to find some poor consumptive who has been rescued from the very jaws of death by their use.

So far as the Mandrake Pills are concerned, everybody should keep a supply of them on hand. They act on the liver better than calomel, and leave none of its hurtful effects behind. In fact they are excellent in all cases where a purgative medicine is required. If you have partaken too freely of fruit and diarrhœa ensues, a dose of the Mandrakes will cure you. If you are subject to sick headache, take a dose of the Mandrakes and they will relieve you in two hours. If you would obviate the effect of a change of water, or the too free indulgence in fruit, take one of the Mandrakes every night or every other night, and you may then drink water and eat watermelons, pears, apples, plums, peaches or corn, without the risk of being made sick by them. They will protect those who live in damp situations against chills and fevers. Try them. They are perfectly harmless. They can do you good only.

I have abandoned my professional visits to Boston and New York, but continue to see patients at my office, No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 9 A. M., to 3 P. M.—Those who wish a thorough examination with the Respirometer will be charged five dollars. The Respirometer declares the exact condition of the lungs, and patients can readily learn whether they are curable or not. But I desire it distinctly understood that the value of my medicine depends entirely upon their being taken strictly according to directions.

In conclusion, I will say that when persons take my medicines and their systems are brought into a healthy condition thereby, they are not so liable to take cold, yet no one with diseased lungs can bear a sudden change of atmosphere without the liability of greater or less irritation of the bronchial tubes.

Full directions in all languages accompany my medicines, so explicit and clear that any one can use them without consulting me, and can be bought from any druggist.

J. H. SCHENCK, M. D., No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia. June 10, 1870.—1y

Iron in the Blood.

NATURE'S OWN VITALIZER.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP,

An Iron Tonic, without Alcohol,

Assimilates with the blood as easily as the simplest food, vitalizing and invigorating the whole system. It stimulates without reaction, builds up the broken down, cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Female Weakness, Dropsy, Humors, &c., and expels disease from the system by increasing Nature's own vitalizing element—IRON.

Pamphlets free. J. P. DINSMORE, Proprietor, 36 Dey street, New York. Sold by druggists generally.

April 1, 1871.—1yeois

THE Star and Sentinel is the best advertising medium in Southern Pennsylvania.

Medical.

MANHOOD

IN THE YOUNG AND RISING GENERATION!

The vegetative powers of life are strong, but in a few years how often the pallid hue, the lack-lustre eye and emaciated form, and the impossibility of application to mental effort, show its baneful influence. It soon becomes evident to the observer that some depressing influence is checking the development of the body. Consumption is talked of, and perhaps the youth is removed from school and sent into the country. This is one of the worst movements. Removed from ordinary diversions of the ever-changing scene of the city, the powers of the body, too much enfeebled to give zest to healthful and rural exercise, thoughts are turned inwards upon themselves.

If the patient be a female, the approach of the menses is looked for with anxiety, as the first symptom in which Nature is to show her saving power in diffusing the circulation and visiting the cheek with the bloom of health. Alas! increase of appetite has grown by what it fed on; the energies of the system are prostrated, and the whole economy is deranged. The beautiful and wonderful period in which body and mind undergo so fascinating a change from child to woman, is looked for in vain: the parent's heart bleeds in anxiety, and fancies the grave but waiting for its victim.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, for Weakness arising from excesses or early indiscretion, attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, General Weakness, Horror of Death, Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Langour, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Often Enormous Appetite with Dyspeptic Symptoms, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Pallid Countenance and Eruptions on the Face, Pain in the Back, Heaviness of the Eyelids, Frequently Black Spots Flying before the Eyes, with Temporary Suffusion and Loss of Sight, Want of Attention, Great Mobility, Restlessness, with Horror of Society. Nothing is more desirable to such patients than Solitude, and nothing they more dread, for Fear of Themselves; no Repose of Manner, no Earnestness, no Speculation, but a hurried Transition from one question to another.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on—which this Medicine invariably removes—soon follow Loss of Power, Fatuity, and Epileptic Fits, in one of which the patient may expire.

During the Superintendence of Dr. Wilson at the Bloomingdale Asylum, this sad result occurred to two patients; reason had for a time left them, and both died of epilepsy. They were of both sexes, and about twenty years of age.

Who can say that these excesses are not frequently followed by those direful diseases Insanity and Consumption? The records of the Insane Asylums, and the melancholy deaths by Consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of these assertions. In Lunatic Asylums the most melancholy exhibition appears. The countenance is actually sodden and quite destitute—neither Mirth or Grief ever visits it. Should a sound of the voice occur, it is rarely articulate.

"With woeful measures wan Despair
Low sullen sounds their grief beguiled."

Whilst we regret the existence of the above diseases and symptoms, we are prepared to offer an invaluable gift of Chemistry for the removal of the consequences. HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED FLUID EXTRACT OF BUCHU. There is no tonic like it. It is an anchor of hope to the surgeon and patient, and this is a testimony of all who have used or prescribed it.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere.—Price $1.25 per bottle, or six bottles for $6.50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

Address

H. T. HELMBOLD,

Drug and Chemical Warehouse,

594 Broadway, New York.

NONE ARE GENUINE UNLESS done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

July 29 1870.—1y

Medical.

YOUNT'S COMPOUND

FOR THE CURE OF

PUTRID SORE THROAT, INFLUENZA,

or any other Inflammatory or inward disease of the Throat if not of too long standing. Also, *SCARLET FEVER.* This medicine has been tried in

THOUSANDS OF CASES,

in different parts of the country, and has never been known to fail if taken in time and according to directions. It is warranted to cure. Give it a trial and it will speak for itself. Every household should provide themselves with a box of this medicine and keep it on hands. The cures that it has effected are truly marvelous.

Prepared and sold by ISRAEL YOUNT & Co. Gettysburg, Pa., or by their authorized agents.—For sale at nearly all the Stores in Adams county.

ISRAEL YOUNT & CO.

May 29, 1867.—tf

PIMPLES.

THE undersigned will cheerfully mail (free) to all who wish it, the Recipe and full directions for preparing and using a simple and beautiful Vegetable Balm, that will immediately remove Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, and all eruptions and impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth, and beautiful.

He will also send (free) instructions for producing, by very simple means, a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face.

The above can be obtained by return mail, by addressing THOS. F CHAPMAN, Chemist, P.O. Box 5228. 197 Broadway, New York. Nov. 4—3m

THE GREAT MAGICAL

HAIR-FORCER.

THIS preparation is warranted to produce a beautiful set of whiskers or mustache, in from two to three months from the first application on any face that has fine hair. It is perfectly harmless and will not in any way stain or injure the skin.

Price 25 cents a bottle. Sent by mail, postage free, on receipt of price. Address

W. C. WAGNER, Mummasburg, Adams county, Pa.

Jan. 6, 1871.—6m

Financial.

GETTYSBURG

NATIONAL BANK!

Government Bonds of all kinds,

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

The Highest Premium paid on Gold and Silver.

Coupons Cashed or Collected!

Persons desiring to invest in STOCKS or BONDS of any kind, are invited to call, as we have the facilities of New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore markets. Consequently all orders are promptly executed

Persons possessing COUPON BONDS, and desiring for safety to convert into Registered, are requested to call, as we have the advantage to transfer at a trifling expense.

INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS of all denominations for sale.

INTEREST ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS advanced

1 *per cent. viz:*

5 PER CENT. for 1 year.

4 PER CENT. for 6 months.

3 PER CENT. for 6 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds and Stocks of all kinds, are requested to give us a call, and we will cheerfully give any information.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 5, 1869—tf

We offer for Sale, at Par,

THE NEW

Masonic Temple Loan,

BEARING 7 3-10 INTEREST,

Redeemable after five (5) and within twenty-one (21) years.

INTEREST PAYABLE

MARCH & SEPTEMBER.

The Bonds are registered, and will be issued in sums to suit.

DE HAVEN & BRO.,

No. 40 South 3rd Street.

PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

Stocks bought and sold on commission. Gold and Governments bought and sold. Accounts received and interest allowed, subject to Sight Drafts.

March 24, 1870.—1y

Sewing Machines.

THE ORIGINAL

Howe Sewing Machine

IMPROVED.

Its Simplicity, Durability, Ease of Operation,

Perfection in mechanical construction, lightness and Beauty in Style and finish, and adapted to a large range of work, renders it THE BEST

Sewing Machine in the Market.

An earnest invitation is extended to those about to purchase a Sewing Machine to call and examine this Machine and be convinced of its merits.

All orders promptly attended to. Machines delivered to all parts of the County.

H. H. ROWE, *Agent,* Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

Nov. 4, 1870.—tf

HOWE MACHINES!

THE LATEST IMPROVED AND GENUINE

ELIAS HOWE, JR.,

SEWING MACHINES.

JACOB F. THOMAS, *Agent,*

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

At his residence on York Street.

ORDERS will be promptly attended to. Machines delivered in all parts of the county and instructions given gratis.

The public are cautioned against parties who use the name of HOWE in connection with their machines on account of the popularity of the Howe Machines. There are none GENUINE unless they have imbedded in each machine a medallion having the likeness of ELIAS HOWE, Jr. on it, &c. [Feb. 24, 1871.—tf

PUBLISHED FRIDAY MORN[ING]

BY

BUEHLER & CO[...]

Baltimore st. between Court-house and D[iamond]

Gettysburg, Pa.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published ev[ery Fri]day morning, at $2.00 a year in advance; [...] not paid within the year. No subscripti[on dis]continued until all arrearages are paid, u[nless at] the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at rea[sonable] rates. A liberal reduction will be made to [those] advertising by the quarter, half year, or [year.] Special notices will be inserted at special r[ates to] be agreed upon.

The circulation of the STAR AND SE[NTINEL] is one half larger than that ever attained [by any n]ewspaper in Adams county; and, as an [adver]tising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly [execu]ted and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, [Cards,] Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style, [will be] printed at short notice. TERMS CASH.

Professional Cards, &c.

WM. M'CLEAN. H. B. [WOODS.]

McCLEAN & WOODS, ATTORNEYS AT [LAW,] GETTYSBURG, PA.

OFFICE—On Baltimore Street, same [as] occupied by the late firm of M. & W. McC[lean.] Nov. 19, 1870.—tf

J. M. KRAUTH, ATTORNEY AT [LAW.] Collections and all legal business prom[ptly at]tended to. Office on Baltimore street, south of the [Court-]house. June 18, 1869—tf

D. McCONAUGHY, ATTORNEY AT [LAW.] Office one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug [Store,] Chambersburg street. Special attention given to Suits, Collectio[ns and] Settlement of Estates. All legal busine[ss and] claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, an[d Dam]ages against U. States, at all times promp[tly and] efficiently attended to. Land warrants located, and choice Fa[rms for] sale in Iowa and other western States. June 18, 1869—tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT [LAW.] Will promptly attend to collections and a[ll other] Business trusted to his care. Office between Fahnestocks' and Da[nner &] Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysbu[rg, Pa.] May 29, 1867—tf

JOHN C ZOUCK, JUSTICE OF THE P[EACE,] Collector of Book Accounts, Promissory [Notes,] Judgment Notes, Mortgages, &c., and pro[mpt re]turns made. Also attends to writing [Deeds,] Mortgages, Judgments, Notes, Agreement[s, &c.] New Oxford, Adams county, Pa. Dec. 9, 1870.—3m*

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT L[AW.] Will promptly attend to collections and al[l other] Business entrusted to his care. Office at his residence in the three-story [building] opposite the Court-house. May 29, 1867—tf

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT [LAW.] Office at his residence in the South east co[rner of] Centre Square. May 29, 1867—tf

DR. H. S. HUBER. South-east corner of Chambersburg and Wa[shing]ton streets, opposite COL. TATE'S EAGLE H[OTEL.] June 11, 1869—tf

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL Has his office at his residence in Baltimore s[treet,] two doors above the *Compiler* Office. May 29, 1867—tf

JOHN L. HILL, M. D., DENTI[ST.] Office on Chambersburg street, nearly op[posite] the EAGLE HOTEL, Gettysburg, Pa. Having been in constant practice ov[er ...] years patients can be assured of good work. July 9, 1867—tf

DR. J. E. BERKSTRESSER, DENT[IST,] Having located in Gettysburg, offers his se[rvices] to the public. Office in the old "*Sentinel*" [building,] S. E. corner, Centre Square, where he will b[e pre]pared to attend to any case within the pro[vince] of the Dentist. Persons in want of full or [partial] sets of teeth are invited to call. Terms rea[sona]ble. July 30, 1869

Hotels and Restaurants.

EAGLE HOTE[L]

The largest and most commodious [...]

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Corner of Chambersburg and Washingt[on sts.]

JOHN L. TATE, Propriet[or.]

An Omnibus for Passengers and Ba[ggage] run to the Depot, on arrival and departu[re of] Railroad Trains. Careful servants, and re[ason]able charges. [May 29, 18..]

KEYSTONE HOT[EL]

GETTYSBURG, PA.

WM. E. MYERS, Propriet[or.]

NOW OPEN.

THIS is a new House, and has bee[n fit]ted up in the most approved style. Its [loca]tion is pleasant and convenient, being in th[e] business portion of the town. Every arr[ange]ment has been made for the accommodatio[n and] comfort of guests, with ample stabling atta[ched.] With experienced servants, and accommod[ating] Clerks, we shall use every endeavor to ple[ase.] This Hotel now open for the entertainment o[f the] public, and we kindly solicit a share of p[ublic] patronage. [May 23, 18..]

UNION HOTE[L]

[FORMERLY THE WHITE HALL,]

YORK SPRINGS, PENN'A.

THE undersigned has leased this long esta[blish]ed and popular Hotel, in Petersburg, (Y[ork] Springs Borough.) The Hotel is pleasantly [loca]ted in the most business part of the town[. The] table will be supplied with the best that the [mar]ket can afford and the Bar with the ch[oicest] Liquors. There is also excellent Stabling, [with] attentive hostlers. This Hotel is the office o[f the] Gettysburg and Mechanicsburg Stage Line[, and] the York Springs and New Oxford line[. The] former arrives here at 1 P. M., on Mo[ndays,] Wednesdays and Fridays, from Mechanic[sburg,] for Gettysburg; returning at 10 A. M., on T[ues]days, Thursdays and Saturdays. The [York] Springs line leaves the Hotel daily at 6 A. M[. for] New Oxford, returning at 4 P. M. He feels [satis]fied that his long experience in business will [ena]ble him to let none go away dissatisfied, who [may] patronize him. Charges moderate. Boar[ding] taken by the week on reasonable terms.

E. P. KITTINGER, *Propriet[or.]*

York Springs, Nov. 4, 1870.—tf

Carpenters and Contractors.

Wm. C. Stallsmith & So[n,]

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Carpenters and Contractors[,]

DOORS, SHUTTER[S,]

BLINDS, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAME[S,]

CORNICE, DOOR AND WINDOW [...]

BRACKETS, &C.,

Constantly on hand, and manufactured to o[rder] out of the

BEST MATERIALS,

by experienced workmen, and at [...]

REASONABLE PRICES.

Orders promptly attended to.

January 15, 1869—tf

GEO. C. CASHMAN

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Carpenter and Contracto[r.]

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, tha[t he] has removed to his New Shop, on Stratton [street,] between York and Railroad streets, and is [pre]pared to take contracts for putting up and re[pair]ing buildings, at as reasonable rates as any [buil]der in Gettysburg—all work guaranteed to b[e of the] best quality. He hopes by strict attention to b[usi]ness to merit public patronage. Give him a c[all.]

April 9, 1869—tf